

Style Definition: Comment Text

ZONING & SUBDIVISION REGULATIONS

for the Town of

MORETOWN
V E R M O N T



March 2, 2021

ZONING & SUBDIVISION
REGULATIONS

for the Town of

MORETOWN
VERMONT



Draft amendments 10/5/2022

Town of Moretown, Vermont
ZONING & SUBDIVISION REGULATIONS

Adoption History

Moretown's Zoning Regulations were first adopted on September 14, 1976. Subsequent amendments to the 1976 regulations include:

September 12, 1978	(Flood Hazard Regulations)
March 6, 1984	(Signs)
November 8, 1988	(Flood Hazard Revisions)
March 6, 1990	(Light Industry)
March 7, 2000	(Zoning Regulations Revisions)
September 11, 2000	(Traffic Ordinance)*
September 17, 2001	(Animal Control Ordinance)*
March 3, 2003	(Sewage Ordinance)*6/7
July 21, 2003	(Wireless Telecommunications Facilities Interim Bylaw)**
July 21, 2003	(Access and Frontage Requirements Interim Bylaw)**
August 2, 2004	(Quarry Interim Bylaw)**
February 6, 2006	(Revisions including - Telecommunications Facilities)
September 12, 2006	(Revisions to Extraction of Earth Resources)
March 4, 2008	(Revisions to address NFIP requirements)
March 3, 2009	(Minor revisions to Conditional Use Review and Definitions)
March 2, 2010	(Wind Turbine Regulations)
August 9, 2016	(Special Events, Setback Waivers, Erosion Control, Riparian Buffers)
March 3, 2020	(Subdivision Review Standards)
March 2, 2021	(Minor updates to comply with state law and other technical corrections)
<u>TBD</u>	<u>(Revisions to dimensional standards, uses, subdivision, inclusion of site plan review and various minor changes) PENDING VOTER APPROVAL</u>

2023 Revisions made possible with a Municipal Planning Grant provided by the Department of Housing and Community Development with assistance from the Central Vermont Regional Planning Commission

- * Ordinance does not appear in these regulations
** These Interim Bylaws have expired

Moretown Select Board

Thomas Martin, Chair
John Hoogenboom
Callie Streeeter
Rae Washburn

Moretown Planning Commission

~~Jonathan Siegal~~David Stapleton, Chair
~~Deb~~Deborah Carroll
Karen Horn
John Schmeltzer

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Don Wexler

~~David Stapleton~~ Clark Amadon

DRAFT

DRAFT

Table of Contents

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

ARTICLE I AUTHORITY & PURPOSE	1
Section 1.1 Enactment	1
Section 1.2 Purpose	1
Section 1.3 Application & Interpretation	2
Section 1.4 Adoption, Effective Date and Amendments	2
Section 1.5 Severability	2
Table 1.1 At a Glance: Permit Approval Process.....	3
ARTICLE II ESTABLISHMENT OF ZONING DISTRICTS & DISTRICT STANDARDS	4
Section 2.1 Establishment of Zoning Districts and Zoning Map	4
Section 2.2 Interpretation of Boundaries	4
Section 2.3 Application of District Standards	6
Section 2.4 Zoning District Objectives	7
Section 2.5 Zoning District Uses & Specific Standards	Error! Bookmark not defined.
Table 2.1 General Table of Uses.....	8
Table 2.2 District Dimensional Standards.....	8
ARTICLE III SPECIFIC USE PROVISIONS	20
Section 3.0 Applicability	20
Section 3.1 Accessory Dwelling Units	20
Section 3.2 Adaptive Re-Use of Historic Barns	21
Section 3.3 Campers, Travel Trailers, Recreation Vehicles	21
Section 3.4 Child Care Facilities	22
Section 3.5 Electric Vehicle Charging Stations	Error! Bookmark not defined.
Section 3.6 Extraction of Earth Resources	23
3.6.1 Definitions.....	23
3.6.2 Exemptions.....	24
3.6.3 Minor Earth Extraction.....	24
3.6.4 Major Earth Extraction.....	27
3.6.5 Minor Quarrying.....	36
Section 3.7 Gasoline Stations	43
Section 3.8 Group Homes	Error! Bookmark not defined.
Section 3.9 Helipads, Personal Landing Areas, other Aviation Operations	Error! Bookmark not defined.
Section 3.10 Home Based Businesses	44
Section 3.11 Light Industry	47
Section 3.12 Special Events	47
Section 3.13 Mixed Uses	48
Section 3.14 Mobile Home Parks	48
Section 3.15 Ponds	49
Section 3.16 Public Utility Substations	50

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Section 3.17 Telecommunications Facilities 58
Section 3.18 Temporary Uses & Structures 61
Section 3.19 Wind Turbines 61

ARTICLE IV GENERAL REGULATIONS 64
Section 4.0 Applicability 64
Section 4.1 Access and Frontage Requirements 64
Section 4.2 Conversions and Changes of Use 65
Section 4.3 Equal Treatment of Housing 65
Section 4.4 Existing Small Lots 65
Section 4.5 Height and Setback Requirements 66
Section 4.6 Landfill 67
Section 4.7 Lot and Yard Requirements 67
Section 4.8 Nonconformities 68
Section 4.9 Parking and Loading Requirements 70
Section 4.10 Performance Standards 71
Section 4.11 Protection of Streams, Streambanks and Wetlands 72
Section 4.12 Residential Density Error! Bookmark not defined.
Section 4.13 Signs 73
Section 4.14 Storage of Flammable Commodities 75
Section 4.15 Storage of Motor Vehicles 76
Section 4.16 Erosion and Sediment Control and Stormwater Management 76

ARTICLE V DEVELOPMENT REVIEW 84
Section 5.0 Applicability 84
Section 5.1 Application Requirements 86
Section 5.2 Site Plan Review Error! Bookmark not defined.
Section 5.3 Conditional Use Review 88
Section 5.4 Flood Hazard Area Development Standards 92
Section 5.4 Planned Unit Development 96
Section 5.5 Subdivision of Land Error! Bookmark not defined.
 Section 5.5.1 — Applicability Error! Bookmark not defined.
 Section 5.5.2 — Subdivision Development Standards Error! Bookmark not defined.
 Section 5.5.3 — Subdivision Review & Approval Error! Bookmark not defined.
 Section 5.5.4 — Application & Recording Requirements 106
 Table 5.1 — Subdivision Application Requirements 106
 Table 5.2 — At a Glance: Subdivision Approval Process 107
 107

ARTICLE VI ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT 113
Section 6.1 Appointments and Duties 113
 6.1.1 Zoning Administrator 113
 6.1.2 Development Review Board 113
Section 6.2 Permits and Applications 114
Section 6.3 State Limitations and Municipal Exemptions 118

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Section 6.4 Referral to State Agencies 120
Section 6.5 Notice Requirements 120
Section 6.6 Appeals 122
Section 6.7 Variances 124
Section 6.8 Violations and Enforcement 125
Section 6.9 Recording Requirements 127

ARTICLE VII DEFINITIONS..... 128
Section 7.1 Terms and Usage 128
Section 7.2 Definitions 128

APPENDICES..... 144
Appendix A. Moretown Zoning Map 147

ARTICLE I AUTHORITY & PURPOSE..... 1
Section 1.1 Enactment 1
Section 1.2 Purpose 1
Section 1.3 Application & Interpretation 2
Section 1.4 Adoption, Effective Date and Amendments 2
Section 1.5 Severability 2
 Table 1.1 At a Glance: Permit Approval Process 3

ARTICLE II ESTABLISHMENT OF ZONING DISTRICTS & DISTRICT STANDARDS..... 4
Section 2.1 Establishment of Zoning Districts and Zoning Map 4
Section 2.2 Interpretation of Boundaries 4
Section 2.3 Application of District Standards 6
Section 2.4 Zoning District Objectives, Uses and Specific Standards 7
Section 2.5 Zoning District Uses & Specific Standards 7
 Table 2.1 General Table of Uses 9

ARTICLE III SPECIFIC USE PROVISIONS..... 20
Section 3.0 Applicability 20
Section 3.1 Accessory Dwelling Units 20
Section 3.2 Adaptive Re-Use of Historic Barns 21
Section 3.3 Campers, Travel Trailers, Recreation Vehicles 21
Section 3.4 Child Care Facilities 22
Section 3.5 Electric Vehicle Charging Stations 23
Section 3.6 Extraction of Earth Resources 23
 3.6.1 Definitions 23
 3.6.2 Exemptions 24
 3.6.3 Minor Earth Extraction 24
 3.6.4 Major Earth Extraction 27
 3.6.5 Minor Quarrying 36
Section 3.7 Gasoline Stations 41

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Section 3.8 Group Homes	44
Section 3.9 Helipads, Personal Landing Areas, other Aviation Operations	44
Section 3.10 Home Based Businesses	45
Section 3.11 Light Industry	47
Section 3.12 Special Events	47
Section 3.13 Mixed Uses	48
Section 3.14 Mobile Home Parks	48
Section 3.15 Ponds	49
Section 3.16 Public Utility Substations	50
Section 3.17 Telecommunications Facilities	50
Section 3.18 Temporary Uses & Structures	61
Section 3.19 Wind Turbines	61
ARTICLE IV GENERAL REGULATIONS	64
Section 4.0 Applicability	64
Section 4.1 Access and Frontage Requirements	64
Section 4.2 Conversions and Changes of Use	65
Section 4.3 Equal Treatment of Housing	65
Section 4.4 Existing Small Lots	65
Section 4.5 Height and Setback Requirements	66
Section 4.6 Landfill	67
Section 4.7 Lot and Yard Requirements	67
Section 4.8 Nonconformities	68
Section 4.9 Parking and Loading Requirements	70
Table 4.1 Minimum Off-Street Parking Requirements	71
Section 4.10 Performance Standards	71
Section 4.11 Protection of Streams, Streambanks and Wetlands	72
Section 4.12 Residential Density	73
Section 4.13 Signs	73
Section 4.14 Storage of Flammable Commodities	75
Section 4.15 Storage of Motor Vehicles	76
Section 4.16 Erosion and Sediment Control and Stormwater Management	76
ARTICLE V DEVELOPMENT REVIEW	84
Section 5.0 Applicability	84
Section 5.0.1 Permitted Uses and Administrative Review	84
Section 5.0.2 Other Uses and Development Review Board Review	86
Section 5.1 Application Requirements	86
Section 5.2 Site Plan Review	88
Section 5.3 Conditional Use Review	90
Section 5.4 Flood Hazard Area Development Standards	91
Section 5.4 Planned Unit Development	96
Section 5.5 Subdivision of Land	100
Section 5.5.1 Applicability	100
Section 5.5.2 Subdivision Development Standards	101

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Section 5.5.3 Subdivision Review & Approval104
Section 5.5.4 Application & Recording Requirements106
Table 5.1 Subdivision Application Requirements`109
Table 5.2 At a Glance: Subdivision Approval Process.....112

ARTICLE VI ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT.....112
Section 6.1 Appointments and Duties113
6.1.1 Zoning Administrator113
6.1.2 Development Review Board113
Section 6.2 Permits and Applications114
Section 6.3 State Limitations and Municipal Exemptions118
Section 6.4 Referral to State Agencies120
Section 6.5 Notice Requirements120
Section 6.6 Appeals122
Section 6.7 Variances124
Section 6.8 Violations and Enforcement125
Section 6.9 Recording Requirements127

ARTICLE VII DEFINITIONS.....128
Section 7.1 Terms and Usage128
Section 7.2 Definitions128

APPENDICES.....144
Appendix A. Moretown Zoning Map144

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

ARTICLE I AUTHORITY & PURPOSE

Section 1.1 Enactment

These regulations are established in accordance with the Vermont Municipal and Regional Planning and Development Act, 24 V.S.A., Chapter 117 (the "Act") and shall be known as the "Town of Moretown Zoning & Subdivision Regulations".

To effect the purposes of 10 V.S.A. Chapter 32, and in accordance with 24 V.S.A. § 4424, there is hereby established an ordinance for areas of special flood hazard (special flood hazard area) in the Town of Moretown, Vermont.

Section 1.2 Purpose

The purpose of these regulations is to further the purposes established in the Act [§4302] and to implement the Moretown Town Plan by providing for the preservation of the Town's rural character and significant natural areas; to promote commercial activities in appropriate locations; to increase Moretown's housing stock and encourage in-migration; to encourage the productive use of agricultural and forested lands; to preserve natural and scenic resources; and, to support flexible and creative development which protects the health, safety, welfare, and quality of life of Moretown residents.

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Section 1.3– Application & Interpretation

(A) The application of these regulations is subject to the provisions of all subchapters of the Act as most recently amended. No land development shall commence within the Town except in compliance with the provisions of these regulations. A zoning permit issued by the Zoning Administrator shall be required for all land development as defined herein. Such permit may be issued only in conformance with these regulations and other Town ordinances. Land development shall not include customary maintenance activities.

~~Land Development: the division of a parcel into two or more parcels, the construction, reconstruction, conversion, structural alteration, relocation or enlargement of any building or other structure, or of any mining, excavation, or landfill, and any change in the use of any building or other structure, or land or extension of use of land. [24 V.S.A., §4303(10)].~~

(B) The adoption of these regulations shall not repeal or limit any permit previously issued. Where these regulations impose a greater restriction upon use of a structure or land than is required by any other statute, ordinance, rule, regulation, permit, easement, or agreement, then these regulations shall control.

Section 1.4 Adoption, Effective Date and Amendments

These regulations shall take effect immediately after adoption at a regular or special town meeting, in accordance with the Act [§4442]. These regulations may be amended according to the requirements and procedures established in the Act [§4441 and §4442]; any mandatory changes enacted by the state shall automatically become part of these regulations.

Section 1.5 Severability

If any portion of this ordinance is held unconstitutional or invalid by a competent court, the remainder of this ordinance shall not be affected.

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Indent: First line: 0", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

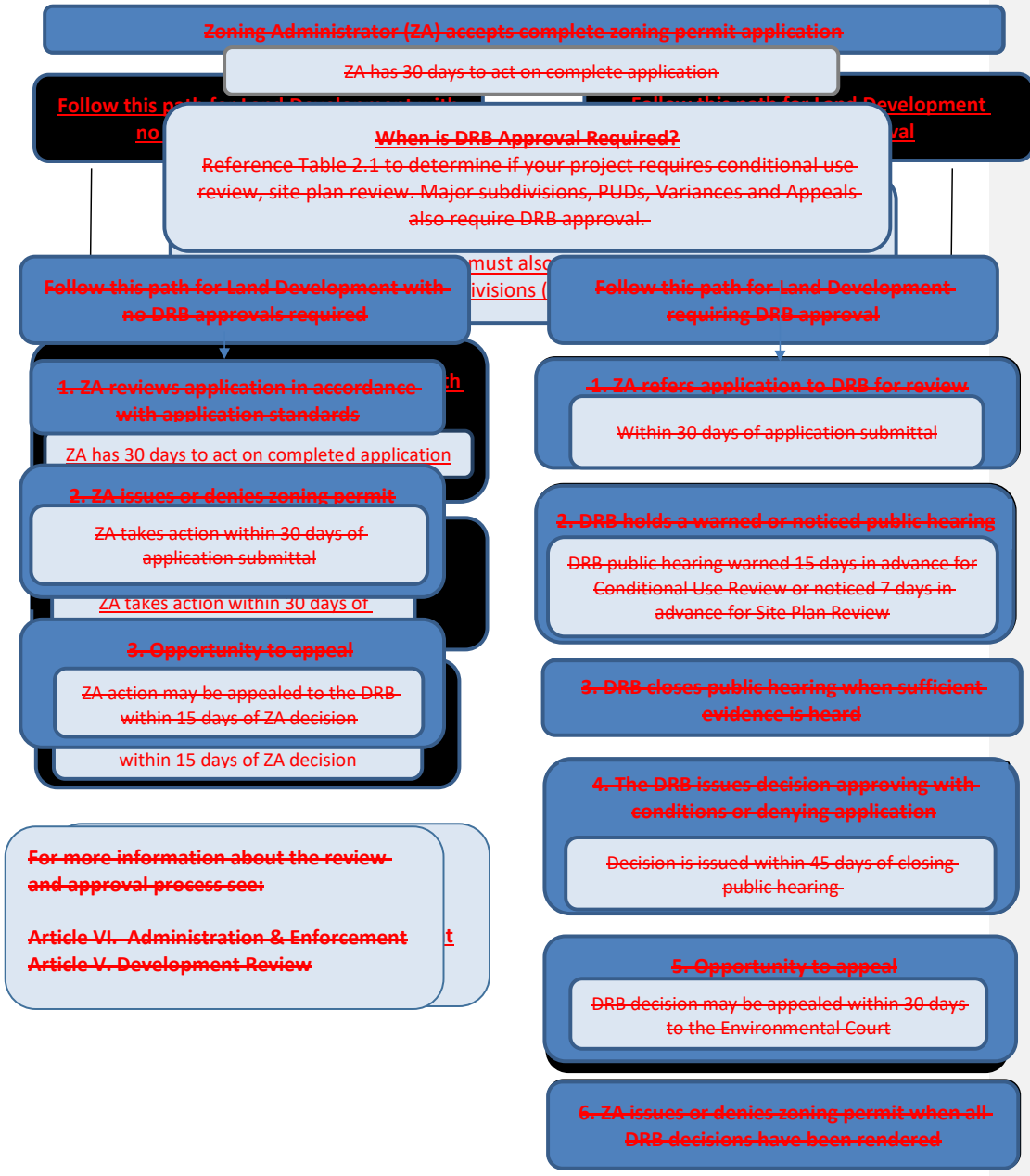
Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Indent: First line: 0", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Table 1.1 At a Glance: Permit Approval Process



ARTICLE II ESTABLISHMENT OF ZONING DISTRICTS & DISTRICT STANDARDS

on the official map or overlays except in conformance with zoning amendment procedures and requirements set forth in the Act [§4441, §4442].

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Section 2.1 Establishment of Zoning Districts and Zoning Map

(A) The Town of Moretown is hereby divided into the following zoning districts:

- (1) Village District
- (2) Commercial District
- (3) Agricultural-Residential District
- (4) Preserve District
- (5) Flood Hazard Area Overlay

(B) The location and boundaries of zoning districts are established as shown on the official "Town of Moretown Zoning Map", which is made part of these regulations. The locations and boundaries of the Flood Hazard Overlay district are shown on the FEMA FIRM (Flood Insurance Rate Map). The official zoning map and FEMA FIRM shall be located in the Town Clerk's office and shall be the final authority as to the current zoning status of land and waters in the town.

(C) The official zoning map and FEMA FIRM shall be identified by the signatures of the Select Board, as attested to by the Town Clerk. No changes of any nature shall be made

(D) The flood hazard regulations shall apply to all areas identified as areas of special flood hazard in and on the most current flood insurance studies and maps (FEMA FIRM maps) published by the Department of Homeland Security (DHS), Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP), as provided by the Secretary of the Agency of Natural Resources pursuant to 10 V.S.A. § 753, which are hereby adopted by reference and declared to be part of these regulations.

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0", Tab stops: 0", Left + 0.06", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Section 2.2 Interpretation of Boundaries

(A) Where uncertainty exists as to the location of district boundaries shown on the official zoning map and overlay, the following rules shall apply:

- (1) Boundaries indicated as following elevation contours shall be construed to follow such contours.

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Zoning District Descriptions

The following is intended to help identify district boundaries on the zoning map.

VILLAGE DISTRICT includes these areas:

(A) A strip of land running southerly from the cement bridge (#3) by the Fire Station, measured from Route 100B to the Mad River on the west and 200 feet to the east of Route 100B, to the intersection of Route 100B and the Austin/Pony Farm Road (Town Highway #3); and, a strip 250 feet wide, on both sides of Route 100B, southerly from the intersection of Town Road #3 and Route 100B to the Mad River.

(B) North of the cement bridge (#3) by the Fire Station, to the bridge #4 over the Mad River, extending 500 feet to the east of Route 100B, and to the Mad River on the west of Route 100B;

(C) A strip of land measured 250' west from the Mad River, including those parcels west of the Mad River fronting upon Town Road #39, northerly to the Trudy Murphy Road.

COMMERCIAL (MIXED USE) DISTRICT starts at the lower (northerly) end of Lovers' Lane where VELCO lines cross the Winooski River and road, extending northerly along Route 2 to the Moretown/Duxbury Town line, including all land between Route 2 and the Winooski River; and from Lovers' Lane to the Moretown/Duxbury Town line on the south side of Route 2, the line follows the VELCO transmission line to the Moretown/Duxbury Town line.

AGRICULTURAL-RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT is generally measured as a setback from Town Roads, as scaled from the Official Zoning Map, unless the boundary coincides with the Mad River or other physical feature.

PRESERVE DISTRICT includes all lands not otherwise zoned as Village, Commercial, or Agricultural-Residential.

FLOOD HAZARD AREA OVERLAY DISTRICT includes areas of special flood hazard in and on the most current flood insurance studies and maps (FEMA FIRM maps).

- (2) Boundaries indicated as approximately following the center lines of streams, roads, transportation, and utility rights-of-way shall be construed to follow such center lines.
- (3) Boundaries indicated as approximately following property boundaries or platted lot

lines shall be construed to follow such lot lines.

(4) Boundaries indicated as parallel to or extensions of features under subsections (1) and (2) shall be so construed. Boundaries indicated as lines perpendicular to lines or features described in subsections (2) and (3) shall be construed to proceed at right angles from such lines or features. Distances not specifically indicated shall be determined by the scale of the map.

(5) The abandonment or relocation of a right-of-way or roadway, or the change in a line or feature which references a district boundary line, after the effective date of these regulations, shall not affect the location of such boundary line.

(B) When the Zoning Administrator cannot definitely determine the location of a district boundary by the scale or dimensions given on the official zoning map and associated overlays or by the above rules, the Development Review Board shall determine said location. A determination by the Zoning Administrator regarding the location of a district boundary may be appealed to the Development Review Board under Section 6.6.

(C) Where a district boundary line divides a lot in single ownership on or after the effective date of these regulations or of amendments thereto, the Development Review Board may permit, as a conditional use, the extension of the regulations for either portion of the lot not to exceed 50 feet beyond the district line into the remaining portion of the lot.

(D) Areas of Special Flood Hazard (Flood Hazard Overlay): This ordinance does not imply that land outside of the areas of special flood hazard or land use permitted within such districts will be free from flooding or flood damages. This ordinance shall not create liability on the part of the Town of Moretown or any town official or employee thereof for any flood damages that result from reliance on this ordinance or any administrative decision lawfully made there under.

Section 2.3 Application of District Standards

(A) The standards for each district apply uniformly to each class of use and/or structure, unless otherwise specified in these regulations. All uses and structures must comply with all prescribed standards for the district in which they are located as set forth in ~~Tables~~Section 2.1—2.54, unless otherwise permitted under Planned Residential Development (PRD) or Planned Unit Development (PUD) pursuant to Section 5.34. Nonconforming uses and noncomplying structures shall be regulated in accordance with Section 4.8.

~~(B) Flood Hazard Overlay District standards shall be applied concurrently with the standards for underlying districts. Where an overlay district imposes more restrictive standards on the use of a structure or land, the standards of the overlay district~~

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

shall apply.

~~(C)~~(B) Additional Overlay Districts, which may be adopted through amendment to these regulations, shall be applied concurrently with the standards for underlying districts. Where overlay districts impose more restrictive standards on the use of a structure or land, the standards of the overlay district shall apply.

~~(D) Prescribed uses for each district are classified as "permitted," to be reviewed in accordance with Section 6.2, or "conditional" to be reviewed in accordance with Section 5.2. Any use not permitted by these regulations, unless specifically exempted under Section 6.3, shall be deemed to be prohibited.~~

Section 2.4 Zoning District Objectives, Uses and Specific Standards

Tables 2.1-2.5 set forth the stated purpose, allowable uses and specific standards for each zoning district.

(A) Village District (VLG) The purpose of the Village District is to encourage a concentration of residential, commercial and civic activities within and immediately adjacent to Moretown Village in a manner that respects the Village's small scale, historic character and residential uses.

(B) Commercial (Mixed Use) District (COM) The purpose of the Commercial District is to allow for the location and expansion of commercial

uses in appropriate locations in a manner that is compatible with residential uses and the Town's rural character.

(C) Agricultural – Residential District (AG RES) The purpose of the Agricultural-Residential District is to provide for medium density residential development, to permit the continuance of agricultural operations, to encourage clustered housing units, to preserve open space, and to preserve the significant resources of this District.

(D) Preserve District (PRES) The purpose of the Preserve District is to protect significant forest resources and water supply watersheds at higher elevations and to limit development in areas with steep slopes, shallow soils, unique or fragile resources, and limited access to Town roads and community facilities and services.

(E) Flood Hazard Area Overlay District (FHAO) The purpose of the Flood Hazard Area Overlay District is to promote public health, safety and welfare by preventing or minimizing hazards to life or property due to flooding. It is also the intent to the Town of Moretown to regulate development within identified flood hazard areas in accordance with state and federal law in order to ensure that private property owners are eligible for flood insurance through the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP.)

Section 2.5 Zoning District Uses & Specific Standards

(A) Table of Uses Use categories are intended to be broadly defined. The Zoning Administrator shall determine the applicability of a specific definition to a proposed use. Said determination may be

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Normal, Indent: Left: 0", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

appealed to the Development Review Board. Proposed uses shall be subject the following types of reviews:

1. **Permitted:** Permitted uses for each District are denoted with a "P" in the Table of Uses. All permitted uses require a Zoning Permit (sometimes called a "Building Permit" or "Construction Permit") approved by the Zoning Administrator according to the requirements of Section 6.1.1.

3. **Conditional Use Review:** Conditional uses for each District are denoted with a "C" in the Table of Uses. Before the Zoning Administrator may issue a Zoning Permit, a proposal is subject to conditional use review and approval of the Development Review Board and are subject to the requirements of Site Plan Approval (above) plus those of Sections 5.2.

4. **Prohibited Uses:** If a specifically defined use is neither denoted as Permitted, Site Plan, or Conditional Use within a District, it shall be considered prohibited. Prohibited uses for each District are denoted with an "x" in the Table of Uses.

(B) **Uses not listed in the Table of Uses** If a proposed use is not specifically listed in the Table of Uses, the Zoning Administrator shall first determine if the use is substantially similar to a listed use found within the Table of Uses, using the definitions of uses in this Bylaw. If deemed substantially similar to a listed use, the Zoning Administrator shall treat the use accordingly, as a permitted, site plan, conditional or prohibited use. If deemed to be not substantially similar to a listed use in the Table of Uses, the use shall be deemed not listed and it shall be prohibited. The Zoning Administrator's determination may be appealed to the Development Review Board.

(C) **One Principal Structure per Lot:** Except in the Village District, there shall be only one principal structure or use per lot, unless otherwise specifically approved as part of a PUD or as a Mixed Use. See below and see Section 4.7.

(D) **Mixed Uses or Multiple Uses in a Single Structure:** Multiple uses in one principal structure, including residential and non-residential uses, may be on a single lot, provided that District lot coverage requirements are not exceeded, and all other provisions of this Bylaw are met. Also

Section 6.2.

(A)2. **Site Plan Approval:** Uses requiring Site Plan approval are denoted with a "SP" in the Table of Uses. Before the Zoning Administrator may issue a Zoning Permit, a proposal requires site plan approval by the Development Review Board and are subject to the requirements of Section 6.1.2, Section 6.2, and Section 5.2.

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Bullets and Numbering

see Section 3.13.

(E) **Development in the Flood Hazard Overlay District:** For any development in the FHOD, the FHOD standards (see Section 5.4) shall be applied concurrently with the standards for underlying districts. Where the overlay district imposes more restrictive standards on the use of a structure or land, the standards of the overlay district shall apply. Further, most uses require conditional use review.

Table 2.1 General Table of Uses*

<u>USE</u>	<u>(VLG)</u>	<u>(COM)</u>	<u>(AG-RES)</u>	<u>(PRES)</u>
<u>Dwelling, Accessory Unit</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
Table 2.1 VILLAGE DISTRICT (VLG)				
(1) Purpose: The purpose of the Village District is to encourage a concentration of residential, commercial and civic activities within and immediately adjacent to Moretown Village in a manner that respects the Village's small scale, historic character and residential uses.				
<u>Accessory Use / Structure (to a conditional use)</u>	<u>SP</u>	<u>SP</u>	<u>SP</u>	<u>SP</u>
<u>Accessory Use / Structure (to a permitted use)</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
<u>Adaptive Re-Use of Historic Barns</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>X</u>
<u>Agriculture</u>	<u>See state limitations in Section 6.3(A)(3)</u>			
<u>Automobile Sales & Service</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>X</u>
<u>Bank</u>	<u>SP</u>	<u>SP</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>X</u>
<u>Bed & Breakfast</u>	<u>SP</u>	<u>SP</u>	<u>SP</u>	<u>SP</u>
<u>Camp</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
<u>Cemetery</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>
<u>Child Care Facility (6 Children or fewer)</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
<u>Child Care Facility (7 + children)</u>	<u>SP</u>	<u>SP</u>	<u>SP</u>	<u>X</u>
<u>Community Center</u>	<u>SP</u>	<u>SP</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>X</u>
<u>Cottage Industry</u>	<u>SP</u>	<u>SP</u>	<u>SP</u>	<u>SP</u>
<u>Dwelling, Multi-Unit (3 - 4 units)</u>	<u>SP</u>	<u>SP</u>	<u>SP</u>	<u>C</u>
<u>Dwelling, Multi-Unit (5 + units)</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>
<u>Dwelling, Single-Unit</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
<u>Dwelling, Two-Unit</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
<u>Electric Vehicle Charging Station (more than 5 stations/spaces)</u>	<u>SP</u>	<u>SP</u>	<u>SP</u>	<u>SP</u>
<u>Extraction of Earth Resources</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>
<u>Forestry</u>	<u>See state limitations in Section 6.3(A)(2)</u>			
<u>Gasoline Station</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>X</u>
<u>Group Home</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
<u>Helipads, Personal Landing Area</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>SP</u>	<u>SP</u>	<u>SP</u>
<u>Health Clinic</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>X</u>
<u>Home Occupation</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>

Formatted Table

Inserted Cells

Inserted Cells

Inserted Cells

Formatted: Font: Calibri, 11 pt, Font color: Black

Formatted: Left, Indent: Left: 0", Right: 0", Line spacing: single, Widow/Orphan control, Adjust space between Latin and Asian text, Adjust space between Asian text and numbers, Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

USE	(VLG)	(COM)	(AG-RES)	(PRES)
<u>Hotel / Motel</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>X</u>
<u>Light Industry</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>X</u>
<u>Mixed Use Building</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>X</u>
<u>Mobile Home Park</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>SP</u>	<u>SP</u>	<u>X</u>
<u>Nursing Home</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>X</u>
<u>Place of Worship</u>	<u>See state limitations in Section 6.3(B)</u>			
<u>Private Club</u>	<u>SP</u>	<u>SP</u>	<u>SP</u>	<u>X</u>
<u>Professional / Business Office</u>	<u>S</u>	<u>S</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>X</u>
<u>Public Assembly Facility</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>X</u>

Conditional Uses (see Section 5.2):

1. ~~Accessory Use/Structure (to a conditional use)~~
2. ~~Bank~~
3. ~~Bed & Breakfast~~
4. ~~Child Care Facility (greater than 6 children — see Section 3.4)~~
5. ~~Outdoor or Indoor Recreation Facility~~
6. ~~Community Center~~
7. ~~Cottage Industry (see Section 3.7)~~
8. ~~Gasoline Station (see Section 3.6)~~
9. ~~Health Clinic~~
10. ~~Light Industry (see Section 3.8)~~
11. ~~Mixed Use Building (see Section 3.10)~~
12. ~~Multi-Family Dwelling~~
13. ~~Nursing Home~~
14. ~~Professional/Business Office~~
15. ~~Public Facilities/ Services~~
16. ~~Public Assembly Facility~~
17. ~~Restaurant~~
18. ~~Retail Store~~

~~(1) Telecommunication Facility (on existing structure — see Section 3.15 C)~~ **Permitted Uses:**

1. ~~Accessory Use/Structure (to a permitted use)~~
2. ~~Agriculture~~
3. ~~Cemetery~~
4. ~~Child Care Facility (6 children or fewer — see Section 3.4)~~

Formatted Table

19: See state limitations in Section 6.3(B)

Formatted: Font: Calibri, 11 pt, Font color: Black

Formatted: Font: Calibri, 11 pt, Font color: Black

Formatted: Font: Calibri, 11 pt, Font color: Black

USE	(VLG)	(COM)	(AG-RES)	(PRES)
5. Home Occupation (see Section 3.7)				
6. Place of Worship				
7. School				
8. Single Family Dwelling				
9. Accessory Dwelling Unit (see Section 3.1)				
10. Camp				
11. Telecommunication Facility (enclosed inside existing structure, substantially not visible — see Section 3.15-D)				
12. Subdivisions (see Section 3.14)				
Recreation Facility (Indoor)	SP	SP	SP	X
Recreation Facility (Outdoor)	SP	SP	SP	SP
Restaurant	SP	SP	X	X
Retail Store	SP	SP	X	X
Sanitary Landfill	See state limitations in Section 6.3(B)			
Sawmill	SP	C	C	C
School	See state limitations in Section 6.3(B)			
Senior Citizen Housing	SP	SP	SP	X
Telecommunication Facility (enclosed, and existing structure)	SP	SP	SP	SP
Telecommunication Facility (new structure)	X	C	C	C
Wildlife Refuge	X	X	P	P

Formatted: Font: Calibri, 11 pt, Font color: Black

Formatted: Right: 0", Line spacing: single, Widow/Orphan control, Adjust space between Latin and Asian text, Adjust space between Asian text and numbers, Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

*If the lot is also in the Flood Hazard Overlay District, the use may not be allowed. With few exceptions, uses allowed in the FHOD require conditional use review. See Section 5.4.

Formatted: Font: Garamond, 11 pt

Formatted: Right: 0", Line spacing: single, Tab stops: Not at 0.38"

Table 2.2 District Dimensional Standards (unless otherwise specified by use type):

Formatted: Font: Calibri

Formatted: Font: Calibri

Formatted: Heading 3, Indent: Left: 0", First line: 0.31", Right: 0", Line spacing: single, Tab stops: Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Font: Garamond, 11 pt

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.31", Tab stops: Not at 0.38"

<u>Maximum Lot Coverage</u>	<u>50%</u>	<u>50%</u>	<u>50%</u>	<u>6%</u>
<u>Minimum Setback from Streams and Rivers</u>	<u>50 ft</u>			
<u>Minimum Setback from Wetlands (Class I / Class II)</u>	<u>100 ft / 75 ft</u>			

Formatted: Font: Garamond, 11 pt

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.31", Tab stops: Not at 0.38"

Table 2.2 COMMERCIAL (Mixed Use) DISTRICT (COM)

(1) Purpose: The purpose of the Moretown Commercial District is to allow for the location and expansion of commercial uses in appropriate locations in a manner that is compatible with residential uses and the Town's rural character.

<p>1. —</p> <p>Permitted Uses:</p> <p>2. — Accessory Use/Structure (to a permitted use)</p> <p>3. — Agriculture</p> <p>4. — Child Care Facility (6 children or fewer— see Section 3.4)</p> <p>5. — Forestry</p> <p>6. — Home Occupation (see Section 3.7)</p> <p>7. — Private Club</p> <p>8. — Place of Worship</p> <p>9. — School</p> <p>10. — Single Family Dwelling</p> <p>11. — Accessory Dwelling Unit (see Section 3.1)</p> <p>12. — Camp</p> <p>13. — Telecommunication Facility (enclosed inside existing structure, substantially not visible— see Section 3.15-D)</p> <p>14. — Subdivisions (see Section 3.14)</p>	<p>(2) Conditional Uses (see Section 5.2):</p> <p>1. — Accessory Use/Structure (to a conditional use)</p> <p>2. — Automobile Sales & Service</p> <p>3. — Bank</p> <p>4. — Bed & Breakfast</p> <p>5. — Child Care Facility (greater than 6 children— see Section 3.4)</p> <p>6. — Community Center</p> <p>7. — Cottage Industry (see Section 3.7)</p> <p>8. — Enclosed Storage & Warehousing</p> <p>9. — Extraction of Earth Resources (Section 3.5)</p> <p>10. — Gasoline Station (see Section 3.6)</p> <p>11. — Health Center</p> <p>12. — Hotel/Motel</p> <p>13. — Indoor Recreation Facility</p> <p>14. — Light Industry (see Section 3.8)</p> <p>15. — Mixed Use Building</p> <p>16. — Mobile Home Park (see Section 3.11)</p> <p>17. — Multi-Family Dwelling</p> <p>18. — Nursing Home</p> <p>19. — Outdoor Recreation Facility</p> <p>20. — Professional/Business Office</p> <p>21. — Public Facilities/Services</p> <p>22. — Public Assembly Facility</p> <p>23. — Restaurant</p> <p>24. — Retail Store</p> <p>25. — Sanitary Landfill (see Section 4.6)</p> <p>26. — Telecommunication Facility (new tower or on existing structure— see Section 3.15-A, B, & C)</p>
---	---

(3) Dimensional Standards (unless otherwise specified by use type):

Lot Area Minimum:	1 acre		
Minimum Front Yard Setback:	45 feet	Minimum Lot Frontage:	80 feet
Minimum Rear Yard Setback:	25 feet	Lot Dimension: Each lot must have a point from which a circle can be inscribed with a diameter of at least 150 feet.	
Minimum Side Yard Setback:	25 feet	Maximum Building Coverage:	25%
Maximum Building Height:	35 feet	Maximum Lot Coverage:	50%

Table 2.3 AGRICULTURAL RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT (AG-RES)

(1) Purpose: The purpose of the Agricultural Residential District is to provide for medium density residential development, to permit the continuance of agricultural operations, to encourage clustered housing units, to preserve open space, and to preserve the significant resources of this District.

<p>2. Permitted Uses:</p> <p>3. Accessory Use/Structure (to a permitted use)</p> <p>4. Agriculture</p> <p>5. Cemetery</p> <p>6. Child Care Facility (6 children or fewer—see Section 3.4)</p> <p>7. Forestry</p> <p>8. Home Occupation (see Section 3.7(A) — (C))</p> <p>9. Private Club</p> <p>10. Single Family Dwelling</p> <p>11. Wildlife Refuge</p> <p>12. Accessory Dwelling Unit (see Section 3.1)</p> <p>13. Camp</p> <p>14. Telecommunication Facility (enclosed inside existing structure, substantially not visible—see Section 3.15 D)</p> <p>15. Subdivisions (see Section 3.14)</p>	<p>(2) Conditional Uses (see Section 5.2):</p> <p>1. Accessory Use/Structure (to a conditional use)</p> <p>2. Adaptive Re-use of Historic Barns (see Section 3.2)</p> <p>3. Bed & Breakfast</p> <p>4. Child Care Facility (greater than 6 children—see Section 3.4)</p> <p>5. Outdoor Recreation Facility</p> <p>6. Cottage Industry (see Section 3.7 (E))</p> <p>7. Extraction of Earth Resources (see Section 3.5)</p> <p>8. Light Industry (see Section 3.8)</p> <p>9. Mobile Home Park (see Section 3.11)</p> <p>10. Multi-Family Dwelling</p> <p>11. Place of Worship</p> <p>12. Public Facilities/Service</p> <p>13. Sawmill</p> <p>14. School</p> <p>15. Telecommunication Facility (on existing structure—see Section 3.15 C)</p>
---	--

(3) Dimensional Standards (unless otherwise specified by use type):

Lot Area Minimum: —	1 acre		
Minimum Front Yard Setback:	65 feet	Minimum Lot Frontage:	80 feet
Minimum Rear Yard Setback:	25 feet	Lot Dimension: Each lot must have a point from which a circle can be inscribed with a diameter of at least 150 feet	
Minimum Side Yard Setback:	25 feet	Maximum Building Coverage:	25%
Maximum Building Height:	35 feet	Maximum Lot Coverage:	50%

Table 2.4 PRESERVE DISTRICT (PRES)

Purpose: The purpose of the Preserve District is to protect significant forest resources and water supply watersheds at higher elevations and to limit development in areas with steep slopes, shallow soils, unique or fragile resources, and poor access to Town roads and community facilities and services.

1. Permitted Uses:	(2) Conditional Uses (see Section 5.2):
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 2. Accessory Use/Structure (to a permitted use) 3. Agriculture 4. Child Care Facility (6 children or fewer—see Section 3.4) 5. Forestry 6. Home Occupation (see Section 3.7(A)-(C)) 7. Single Family Dwelling 8. Wildlife Refuge 9. Accessory Dwelling Unit (see Section 3.1) 10. Camp 11. Telecommunication Facility (enclosed inside existing structure, substantially not visible—see Section 3.15 D) 12. Subdivisions (see Section 3.14) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Accessory Use/Structure (to a conditional use) 2. Cemetery 3. Child Care Facility (greater than 6 children—see Section 3.4) 4. Extraction of Earth Resources (see Section 3.5) 5. Outdoor Recreation Facility 6. Cottage Industry (see Section 3.7 (E)) 7. Sawmill 8. Telecommunications Facility (on-existing structure or new tower—see Section 3.15 A, B, & C)

(3) Dimensional Standards (unless otherwise specified by use type):

Lot Area Minimum:	5 acres		
Minimum Front Yard Setback:	65 feet	Minimum Lot Frontage:	80 feet
Minimum Rear Yard Setback:	25 feet	Lot Dimension: Each lot must have a point from which a circle can be inscribed with a diameter of at least 200 feet.	
Minimum Side Yard Setback:	100 feet	Maximum Building Coverage:	3%
Maximum Building Height:	35 feet	Maximum Lot Coverage:	6%

<p>(2) Permitted Uses (see Section 5.03):</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Accessory Uses (see Section 5.2 (E)) 2. Agriculture (see Section 4.10) 3. Forestry (see Section 4.10) 4. Outdoor Recreation (no structures) 	<p>(3) Conditional Uses (see Section 5.2):</p> <p>All other permitted or conditional uses listed for the underlying district, unless otherwise specifically excluded under Section 5.2 (E).</p>
--	--

(4) Dimensional Standards

Standards as set forth for the underlying district unless otherwise specified under Article III and/or Article V.

(1) →

*The density requirement for the PRES district means that only a 1- or 2-unit dwelling is permitted on a 5-acre lot (the minimum lot size in the PRES district). Additional dwelling units in the principal structure require conditional use review. Further, each additional dwelling unit requires the lot to be larger than 5 acres, at a rate of 2.5 acres per dwelling unit. To determine the number of dwelling units allowed for a lot of given size, divide the size by 2.5 and round the result down to the next integer. Thus, the maximum number of dwelling units allowed in the principal structure is 3 for a 7.5-acre lot, 4 for a 10-acre lot, etc.

**See definition of Setback in Section 7.2. Front Yard setback is measured from nearest edge of right-of-way to closest point on the structure.

ARTICLE III SPECIFIC USE PROVISIONS

Section 3.0 Applicability

The following standards shall apply to the designated use in all zoning districts in which the respective uses are allowed. ~~Such uses may be subject to conditional use review in accordance with Section 5.2.~~ Variances from these standards shall not be granted by the Development Review Board. If there is a conflict between a standard in this section and a standard in another section of these regulations, the more restrictive standard shall apply.

Section 3.1 Accessory Dwelling Units

~~(A) There shall be only one principal structure per residential lot. However, in~~ accordance with 24

~~(A) V.S.A. § 4412(1)(E), every lot with a principal residential structure is permitted to have~~ one accessory dwelling unit ~~shall be permitted (ADU)~~ that is located within, detached, or attached to ~~a single family the principal structure, regardless of how many dwelling units are in the principal structure.. An accessory dwelling unit shall be defined as a dwelling, located within, detached, or attached to a single family dwelling, that is clearly subordinate to a single family dwelling, and has~~ADU shall ~~have~~ facilities and provisions for independent living, including sleeping, food preparation, and sanitation, provided there is compliance with all the following:

(1) The property has sufficient wastewater capacity to accommodate the accessory unit;

~~(2) The unit ADU does not exceed 10502,000 square feet; and,~~

~~(3) Applicable setback, coverage, and parking requirements specified in or 100% of the bylaws are met.~~

~~(B) Notwithstanding the provisions above, the creation of an accessory dwelling unit will require conditional use approval under Section 5.2 when one or more of the following is involved:~~
~~habitable square footage~~

~~(1)(2) An increase in the height or floor area of the existing single family dwelling; or, unit dwelling (prior to the creation of the accessory unit) whichever is less;~~

~~(2) An increase in the dimensions of the parking areas;~~

~~(3) Only one ADU shall be permitted per each principal residential structure; and~~

~~(4) ADUs are not counted as "dwelling units" in determining whether the application for a permit satisfies the density requirement in Table 2.2.~~

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Font: Garamond

Formatted: List Paragraph, Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: A, B, C, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.37" + Indent at: 0.63", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Font: Garamond

Formatted: Font: Garamond

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Condensed by 0.1 pt

Formatted: Normal, Indent: Left: 0.13", Hanging: 0.25", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Outline numbered + Level: 3 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.63" + Indent at: 0.88", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Section 3.2 Adaptive Re-Use of Historic Barns

(A) To encourage the economic viability of maintaining and restoring historic barns which are no longer associated with a viable agricultural enterprise, the following ~~standards~~ ~~uses~~ shall apply to all barns listed on the Vermont Historic Sites and Structures Survey as being eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places.

(B) Notwithstanding the permitted and conditional uses allowed in each district, historic barns may, with the approval of the Development Review Board in accordance with Section 5.23, be converted to the following uses:

1. Cultural facilities, including religious institutions, performance space, community centers or museums;
2. Warehouse and storage facilities;
3. Multi-~~family~~ ~~unit~~ housing (not to exceed four units);
4. Light industry (excluding outdoor storage or display).

(C) In approving applications for the adaptive re-use of historic barns, the Development Review Board shall ensure that the proposed use complies with all general and/or specific use regulations set forth in these regulations.

Section 3.3 Campers, Travel Trailers, Recreation Vehicles

(A) Campers (travel trailer, recreation vehicle, etc.) may be parked on any public or private property in conformance with the following regulations:

- (1) No permit shall be required to park campers ~~in approved campgrounds and, for temporary periods, on construction sites (subject to Section 3.15).~~
- ~~(2)~~ No permit shall be required to park a camper(s) on the premises of a principal dwelling or an undeveloped lot provided that it is not occupied for dwelling purposes for more than sixty
- ~~(3)~~ (2) (60) days per calendar year; and is not hooked up to residential water or wastewater systems.
- ~~(4)~~ (3) Any camper used for living quarters for more than 30 days per calendar year, or is sited so as not to be readily moveable, is deemed a dwelling or accessory dwelling and shall be subject to all zoning regulations.

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Section 3.4 Child Care Facilities

(A) In accordance with 24 V.S.A. § 4412(5), a “family ~~child-care~~childcare home or facility” means a home or facility where the owner or operator is to be licensed or registered by the state for ~~child-care~~childcare. A family ~~child-care~~childcare home serving six or fewer children shall be considered to constitute a permitted single ~~family-unit~~ residential use of property. A family ~~child-care~~childcare home serving no more than six full-time children and four part-time children, as defined in 33 V.S.A. § 4902(3)(A), shall be considered to constitute a permitted use of property but requires a zoning permit issued by the Zoning Administrator. Such a permit shall be issued only after the applicant for the family ~~child-care~~childcare facility:

- (1) submits proof that the facility is properly registered or licensed by the state;
- (2) meets all zoning district requirements pertaining to single family dwellings; and,
- (3) fulfills the application requirements of Section 6.2 of these regulations.

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

(B) A family ~~child-care~~childcare facility serving more than six full-time and four part-time children shall ~~be reviewed as a conditional use~~require site plan review in accordance with Section 5.2.

(C) ~~Child-care~~Childcare facilities that are exempt from state licensure and registration through 33 V.S.A. § 3502(b) are not regulated under these provisions but may be regulated in other sections of this bylaw. Such exemptions include:

- *i. Persons providing care for children of not more than two families;
- *ii. Hospitals or establishments holding a license issued by the Department of Health, or a person operating a program primarily for recreation or therapeutic purposes;
- *iii. Day care facilities operated by religious organizations for the care and supervision of children during or in connection with religious services or church sponsored activities;
- *iv. Nursery schools or other preschool establishments, attended by children of less than compulsory school age, which are subject to regulation by the Department of Education (33 V.S.A. § 3502(b)(1-4)).

Formatted: Indent Left: 0.81", Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: i, ii, iii, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Right + Aligned at: 0.25" + Indent at: 0.5", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

(D) Such uses that meet the above requirements shall not require a permit issued by the Zoning Administrator but the applicant shall notify the Zoning Administrator in writing of intent to establish use.

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Condensed by 0.1 pt

(E) A state registered or licensed family ~~child-care~~childcare home operating in a dwelling other than a single ~~family~~unit dwelling (e.g. duplex, multi-family housing) shall be treated as a permitted use and therefore must receive a zoning permit.

ARTICLE III: SPECIFIC USE PROVISIONS

Section 3.5 Electric Vehicle Charging Stations

The development of five (5) or less Electric Vehicle Charging Stations intended for use by residents, employees, or guests of the principal use of the lot shall not require a permit under these regulations. The development of more than five (5) Electric Vehicle Charging Stations shall require Site Plan review in accordance with Section 5.2.

Formatted: Font: Not Bold, Italic
Formatted: List Paragraph, Indent: Left: 0.38", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Section 3.6 Extraction of Earth Resources

3.56.1 Definitions

“Character of the area” refers to the distinctive traits, qualities or attributes, appearance and essential nature, pattern of uses, sense of community, and the factors which give it identity within the same area or nearby, including but not limited to the area within sight and/or sound.

“Commercial” means a use or activity whose byproducts are available for sale to the public and is carried on for profit by the owner, lessee.

“Earth extraction, Major” means the commercial or non-commercial extraction and processing of earth resources such as topsoil, sand, and gravel, which may include some on-site preparation activities such as screening and crushing.

“Earth extraction, Minor” means the infrequent, low-impact removal of topsoil, sand, or gravel from a site that requires no on-site preparation or processing. For the purposes of this ordinance, minor earth extraction shall be limited to no more than 45 cubic yards per day and no more than 3 truck trips per day.

“Extension” means continuation of a preexisting operation onto an adjacent parcel of land, or any substantial increase in the rate of extraction, or substantial change in the type of operation, or of traffic or equipment associated with a preexisting operation. A substantial change is one that could have an adverse effect on the character of the area, natural resource values, or infrastructure.

“Heavy Industry” is a use engaged in the basic processing and manufacturing of materials or products predominately from extracted or raw materials, or a use engaged in storage of, or manufacturing processes using flammable, explosive, and radioactive materials, pesticides and herbicides, or storage or manufacturing processes that potentially involve hazardous or commonly recognized offensive conditions. Examples of heavy industry include quarrying or mining

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0", Tab stops: 0", Left + 0.19", Left + Not at 0.38"
Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"
Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left
Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

ARTICLE III: SPECIFIC USE PROVISIONS

operations.

“Nuisance” is a legal term referring to any land use whose associated activities are incompatible with surrounding land uses and the character of the area, or an activity that annoys or seriously disturbs other property owners making it discomforting and unpleasant to use their own property, or may devalue that property monetarily.

“Quarrying, Major” means the systematic, long-term excavation from an open pit or mine for commercial purposes from which rock or minerals are extracted by digging, cutting or blasting. Facilities such as offices, heavy equipment, machinery and stockpiles of materials are kept on site. Major Quarrying is not permitted within the Town of Moretown.

“Quarrying, Minor” means the excavation of rock or minerals by digging, cutting or blasting. For the purposes of this ordinance, minor ~~quarry~~quarrying shall imply a limited time frame of 12 consecutive months in a 10-year time period for the quarrying activity. Minor quarrying shall also be limited to no more than cubic 45 yards per day and no more than 3 truck trips per day.

“Undue adverse impact” is an unfavorable, opposed, or hostile consequence for the physical, natural, social, or economic environment, which is more than necessary – exceeding what is appropriate or normal.

3.56.2 Exemptions

- (A) Blasting which is customarily incidental to a permitted or conditional construction activity and does not exceed 4 weeks in duration.
- (B) Earth extraction which is customarily incidental to permitted or conditional construction activity.
- (C) Municipal road maintenance activities.
- (D) Earth Extraction that is incidental to the waste management business of the Moretown Landfill, Inc. is exempt under this bylaw.

3.56.3 Minor Earth Extraction

Any new or extended minor earth extraction operation shall be permitted in all zoning districts except the Village District, subject to ~~conditional use~~Site Plan review in accordance with Section 5.2 and findings that the proposed activity meets the following definitions, standards and conditions.

1. Application Requirements

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

ARTICLE III: SPECIFIC USE PROVISIONS

1. Application Requirements

In addition to application requirements under Section 6.2 and 5.1, the applicant shall submit two (2) copies of an acceptable erosion control and site restoration plan to ensure that upon completion of the excavation operations the abandoned site will be left in a safe, attractive, and useful condition. Plans shall include the following information:

- a. Existing grades, drainage and depth to water table;
- b. The extent and magnitude of the proposed operation, including hours of operation, routes of transportation, amount of material to be removed, and a timetable for completion of the operation;
- c. Finished grades and proposed vegetation and trees at the conclusion of the operation; ~~and~~.
- d. Plans shall be in accordance with other applicable local or state provisions or requirements (i.e. wetlands).

2. Standards

In granting approval, the Development Review Board shall consider and impose conditions with respect to the following standards:

- a. In any new operation, the area excavated at any one time shall not exceed 1 acre (43,560 square feet). Smaller areas may be designated if necessary to protect the character of the area where the operation is located.
- b. The days and hours of operation shall be limited to 8am – 5pm Monday through Friday so as to ensure reasonable quiet and compatibility with other uses in the area.
- c. The removal of all material shall be conducted so as to result in the improvement of the land, having due regard to the contours in the vicinity, such as leveling slopes and removing hills. The digging or creating of pits or steep slopes shall not be permitted, unless provision is made to regrade such pit and reduce such slopes.
- d. No stockpile shall exceed 20 feet in height. No excavation, alteration or removal of vegetation shall be made within 50 feet of the property line of the subject parcel, 200 feet from an existing dwelling and 100 feet from an existing public right-of-way, except at the conclusion of operations if required in order to improve the overall grading or restoration. In all cases an undisturbed buffer shall be maintained around all property lines. With regard to property line setbacks only, the DRB has the discretion to reduce setback distances if it determines that such a reduction in distance will not have an undue adverse ~~affeteffect~~ on abutting landowners and on the character of the area.

Formatted: Not Expanded by / Condensed by

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.38", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

ARTICLE III: SPECIFIC USE PROVISIONS

e. Removal shall not result in a cover of less than three feet of native, undisturbed material over any water table, such water table elevation to be established at a seasonally high level.

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

f. All surface drainage affected by removal operation shall be controlled by the owner to prevent erosion debris and other loose material from filling any drainage course, street, or private property, and shall not result in any changes or increased impacts to off-site conditions.

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

g. The restoration plan shall assure the following:

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

i. As much as practical during the active earth extraction operation, and within one year of the stoppage of active earth extraction, the site shall be reclaimed.

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

ii. The removal operation site shall be graded smooth and restored to a "natural" or prior landform configuration. Cut slopes and soil banks shall not be allowed to remain.

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

iii. The entire area shall be covered with not less than four (4) inches of good, arable topsoil, and shall have a minimum of ten (10) percent organic material except that no greater depth of topsoil or percentage of organic material shall be required than that originally existed on the property prior to commencement of operations.

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

iv. The operation shall establish on the regraded areas, and all other lands affected, a diverse, effective, and permanent vegetative cover of the same seasonal variety native to the area of the land to be affected and capable of self-regeneration and plant succession at least equal in extent of cover to the natural vegetation of the area; except, that introduced species may be used in the revegetation process where desirable and necessary to achieve the post-mining land use and to prevent erosion. Numbers and sizes of plantings should be included in the overall submission.

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

v. Upon failure of the permit holder, or the permit holder's successors or assigns, to complete the reclamation of the site as required above, the Town may take such actions as may be necessary to complete the work, and may enter onto the property for such purposes. The Town's reasonable cost of completing these requirements shall be a lien on the property and may be foreclosed by the Town in the same manner as provided for the foreclosure of mortgages.

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

h. All operations shall be conducted in a safe manner, especially with respect to hazards to

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

ARTICLE III: SPECIFIC USE PROVISIONS

persons, damage to adjacent lands or improvements and wells, and damage to any street by slides, sinking or collapse of supporting soil adjacent to an excavation.

- i. Access ways and on-site roads shall be maintained in a dust-free condition. The owner or operator shall take adequate measures within the site to ensure that trucks, exiting the site on roadways, shall not discharge earth materials or debris on public roadways.
- j. The proposed activity shall not have an undue adverse impact on neighboring properties or the character of the area by reason of noise, dust, vibration, traffic hazards, scenic values or natural beauty of the area, historic sites or irreplaceable resources, or creation of a nuisance.
- k. The premises shall be neat and orderly, free from junk, trash or unnecessary debris.
- l. Additional conditions shall be imposed by the Development Review Board as appropriate for the specific site.

3. Surety Requirement

A performance bond, escrow account, or other surety acceptable to the Select Board, may be required to ensure site reclamation upon completion of minor excavation projects.

3.56.4 Major Earth Extraction

Any new or extended major earth extraction operation shall be permitted in all zoning districts, except the Village District, subject to conditional use review in accordance with Section 5.23 and findings that the proposed activity meets the following definitions, standards and conditions.

1. Application Requirements

~~1. Application Requirements~~

In addition to application requirements under Section 6.2 and 5.1, the applicant shall submit two (2) copies of an acceptable erosion control and site restoration plan to ensure that upon completion of the extraction operations the abandoned site will be left in a safe, attractive, and useful condition. Plans shall also include the following information:

- a. Existing grades and drainage, stockpiles and berms (including typical cross-sections);
- b. Structures, roadways, equipment, materials, fuel storage, water supply, sewage disposal, trees, landscaping, and screening;
- c. Area maps showing the general project location in the Town and the following features

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Not Expanded by / Condensed by

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.77", Numbered + Level: 2 + Numbering Style: a, b, c, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 1.15" + Indent at: 1.4", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

ARTICLE III: SPECIFIC USE PROVISIONS

within 2,500 feet of the proposed operation: roads (including class 4 roads and legal trails), land uses and principal structures including public resources, designated scenic areas, and historic sites, surface waters, soils, and the location and depth of all water supplies.

- ~~b. Structures, roadways, equipment, materials, fuel storage, water supply, sewage disposal, trees, landscaping, and screening;~~
- ~~c. Area maps showing the general project location in the Town and the following features within 2,500 feet of the proposed operation: roads (including class 4 roads and legal trails), land uses and principal structures including public resources, designated scenic areas, and historic sites, surface waters, soils, and the location and depth of all water supplies.~~
- d. Project description, including details of:
 - i. each phase of excavation, stockpiling and the volumes involved, as applicable;
 - ii. operations, including the nature, location and times of extraction, screening, crushing, and trucking: operation of other major equipment on the site, safety measures, dust, sedimentation and erosion controls, water table monitoring and site dewatering, truck routes to be used, as applicable;
 - iii. the anticipated cost of site rehabilitation in accordance with these regulations.

The Development Review Board may reasonably require such additional information as it deems necessary to determine whether the new or extended excavation operation will be located and performed in accordance with these regulations.

2. Standards

In granting approval, the Development Review Board shall consider and impose conditions with respect to the following standards:

- a. The days and hours of operation shall be limited to 8am – 5pm Monday through Friday so as to ensure reasonable quiet and compatibility with other uses in the area.
- b. Isolation Distances and Setbacks
 - ~~i. No part of any extraction area shall be within 300 feet of any of the following uses existing or approved: Any dwelling, private or public water supply or water line, public building, park, or other community or institutional facility.~~

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

ARTICLE III: SPECIFIC USE PROVISIONS

i. No part of any extraction area shall be within 300 feet of any of the following uses existing or approved: Any dwelling, private or public water supply or water line, public building, park, or other community or institutional facility.

Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.37", Hanging: 0.25", Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: i, ii, iii, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 1.76" + Indent at: 1.88", Tab stops: 0", Left + 1.38", Left + 1.38", Left + Not at 0.38" + 2.03"

ii. No part of any extraction area shall be within 150 feet of the property lines, or within 150 feet of any natural stream or pond.

Formatted: Condensed by 0.05 pt

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

iii. Stockpiling of excavated material shall not exceed 35 feet and shall not be within 150 feet of the property lines, or within 150 feet of any natural stream or pond.

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

iv. No truck access road to the property shall be within 50 feet of the property lines, except at the connection to the public road.

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

v. No stationary processing machinery shall be located within 300 feet of any property line.

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

~~vi. With regard to property line setbacks only, the DRB has the discretion to reduce setback distances if it determines that such a reduction in distance will not have an undue adverse effect on abutting landowners and on the character of the area.~~

vi. With regard to property line setbacks only, the DRB has the discretion to reduce setback distances if it determines that such a reduction in distance will not have an undue adverse effect on abutting landowners and on the character of the area.

Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.37", Hanging: 0.25", Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: i, ii, iii, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 1.76" + Indent at: 1.88", Tab stops: 0", Left + 1.38", Left + 1.38", Left + Not at 0.38" + 2.07"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

b. Maintenance Buffer

i. The land within 100 feet of the property line shall be maintained as a buffer or conservation area by the permit holder.

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

ii. There shall be no land development on this buffer except for truck access roads.

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

c. Dust Control

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

~~i. The owner/operator shall implement positive and effective dust control measures, which will meet the requirements in the State of Vermont Air Quality Regulations. This shall apply to all on-site operations as well as to all vehicular traffic leaving the site.~~

i. The owner/operator shall implement positive and effective dust control measures, which will meet the requirements in the State of Vermont Air Quality Regulations. This shall apply to all on-site operations as well as to all vehicular traffic leaving the site.

Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.38", Numbered + Level: 2 + Numbering Style: i, ii, iii, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 1.76" + Indent at: 1.88", Tab stops: 0", Left + 1.38", Left + 1.38", Left + Not at 0.38" + 1.99"

Formatted: Condensed by 0.1 pt

ARTICLE III: SPECIFIC USE PROVISIONS

d. Traffic and Noise

- i. The days and hours of operation shall be 8am – 5pm Monday through Friday so as to ensure reasonable quiet and compatibility with other uses in the area.
- ~~ii. No noise shall be permitted which is excessive at the property line or is incompatible with the reasonable use of the surrounding area. Excessive noise shall be considered a sound pressure level that exceeds 65 decibels at the property line on a regular or reoccurring basis.~~
- ii. No noise shall be permitted which is excessive at the property line or is incompatible with the reasonable use of the surrounding area. Excessive noise shall be considered a sound pressure level that exceeds 65 decibels at the property line on a regular or reoccurring basis.
- iii The property shall be limited to one truck access to any public right-of- way and shall have a grade of 5% or less. An emergency or second limited use access may be provided.
- iv. Access ways and on-site roads shall be maintained in a dust-free condition. The owner or operator shall take adequate measures within the site to ensure that trucks, exiting the site on roadways, shall not discharge earth materials or debris on public roadways.
- v. The proposed transport for the operation shall not exceed the carrying capacity of the roadways and any damage to such roadways shall be repaired at the expense of the owner/operator.
- vi. The proposed schedule and gross vehicle weight of transport vehicles shall be appropriate for the season of the year, the character of the area where the operation is located, and the neighborhood through which vehicles must pass.

e. Landscaping, Screening and Signs

- ~~i. Natural screening shall be provided and maintained so that no stockpiles of excavated material shall be visible from any existing or approved dwelling or public right-of-way within 300 feet as of the filing of the earth extraction application. No stockpile shall exceed 35 feet in height.~~
- ~~ii. The property's access road shall be hidden from view from existing or approved~~

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.37", Hanging: 0.19", Numbered + Level: 2 + Numbering Style: i, ii, iii, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 1.76" + Indent at: 1.88", Tab stops: 0", Left + 1.38", Left + 1.38", Left + Not at 0.38" + 2.03"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

ARTICLE III: SPECIFIC USE PROVISIONS

~~dwelling and public roads by natural topography, vegetated berm or evergreen trees, either existing or to be planted, at least every 10 feet on both sides of the road.~~

- i. Natural screening shall be provided and maintained so that no stockpiles of excavated material shall be visible from any existing or approved dwelling or public right-of-way within 300 feet as of the filing of the earth extraction application. No stockpile shall exceed 35 feet in height.
- ii. The property's access road shall be hidden from view from existing or approved dwelling and public roads by natural topography, vegetated berm or evergreen trees, either existing or to be planted, at least every 10 feet on both sides of the road.
- iii. An earthen berm of not less than six (6) feet in height and/or farm fence of not less than fifty-four (54) inches in height shall be maintained around potentially hazardous areas, including but not limited to the excavation site, storage and waste piles and fuel storage areas. Berms that will remain in place for one (1) year or longer shall be planted with grass, shrubs and trees and maintained as a visual and acoustical screen. They shall be designed so that they do not erode into the road or highway right-of-way or onto adjoining property. This provision can be waived if the applicant demonstrates adequate safety and buffering can be accomplished by other means or with conditions present on site.
- iv. Signs shall be posted and maintained at frequent intervals around the site indicating danger and presence of the excavation site.

f. Terracing and Contouring

Terracing or contouring shall be used, as appropriate, so as to minimize hazards. In no case shall the slope exceed 20% (meaning 20 feet of vertical rise for every 100 feet of horizontal distance). No vertical face shall exceed in height that permitted by the U.S. Bureau of Mines.

g. Closing-Out the Operation

- i. As much as practical during the active earth extraction operation, and within one year of the stoppage of active earth extraction, the site shall be reclaimed.
- ii. The removal operation site shall be graded smooth and restored to a "natural" or prior landform configuration. Cut slopes and soil banks shall not be allowed to remain. Provisions for restoring the "approximate original contour" of the land

Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.37", Hanging: 0.19", Numbered + Level: 2 + Numbering Style: i, ii, iii, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 1.76" + Indent at: 1.88", Tab stops: 0", Left + 1.38", Left + 1.38", Left + Not at 0.38" + 1.99"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

ARTICLE III: SPECIFIC USE PROVISIONS

shall be made. Approximate original contour means that surface configuration achieved by backfilling and grading of the excavated area so that the reclaimed area, including any terracing or access roads, closely resembles the general surface configuration of the land prior to excavation and blends into and complements the drainage pattern of the surrounding terrain, with all high walls and spoil piles eliminated.

- iii. The entire area shall be covered with not less than four (4) inches of good, arable topsoil, and shall have a minimum of ten (10) percent organic material except that no greater depth of topsoil or percentage of organic material shall be required than that originally existed on the property prior to commencement of operations. The operation shall establish on the regraded areas, and all other lands affected, a diverse, effective, and permanent vegetative cover of the same seasonal variety native to the area of the land to be affected and capable of self-regeneration and plant succession at least equal in extent of cover to the natural vegetation of the area; except, that introduced species may be used in the revegetation process where desirable and necessary to achieve the post-mining land use and to prevent erosion. Numbers and sizes of plantings shall be included in the overall submission.

~~iv. The reclamation of the site shall be completed so that the land will be left in a safe, attractive and readily usable condition for the types of land uses allowable in the district.~~

~~v. When earth extraction operations have been completed, then all buildings (other than those shown on the restoration plan), structures (except fences) and equipment shall be entirely removed from the property within one (1) year from the expiration date of the conditional use.~~

~~vi. Upon failure of the permit holder, or the permit holder's successors or assigns, to complete the reclamation of the site as required above, the Town may take such actions as may be necessary to complete the work, and may enter onto the property for such purposes. The Town's reasonable cost of completing these requirements shall be a lien on the property, including the buffer, and may be foreclosed by the Town in the same manner as provided for the foreclosure of mortgages.~~

iv. The reclamation of the site shall be completed so that the land will be left in a safe, attractive and readily usable condition for the types of land uses allowable

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Body Text, Indent: Left: 1.37", Hanging: 0.25", Numbered + Level: 2 + Numbering Style: i, ii, iii, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 1.76" + Indent at: 1.88", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38" + 2.07"

ARTICLE III: SPECIFIC USE PROVISIONS

in the district.

v. When earth extraction operations have been completed, then all buildings (other than those shown on the restoration plan), structures (except fences) and equipment shall be entirely removed from the property within one (1) year from the expiration date of the conditional use.

vi. Upon failure of the permit holder, or the permit holder's successors or assigns, to complete the reclamation of the site as required above, the Town may take such actions as may be necessary to complete the work, and may enter onto the property for such purposes. The Town's reasonable cost of completing these requirements shall be a lien on the property, including the buffer, and may be foreclosed by the Town in the same manner as provided for the foreclosure of mortgages.

h. Surface and ground water

- i. The proposed operation shall not have an undue adverse impact on surface and ground water.
- ii. At all times, the owner or operator shall take adequate measures to ensure that contaminated surface water run-off shall not enter ponds or other areas of open standing water.
- iii. As necessary, ground water quality shall be monitored and maintained on a regular basis in accordance with acceptable monitoring practices.
- iv. If the extraction is wholly or partly from a streambed, it shall be carried out in such a manner that there shall be no obstruction or substantial change in normal flow, and at the conclusion of work in any section, there shall be no increase in erosion or flood hazards.

~~v. Removal shall not result in a cover of less than three feet of native, undisturbed material over any water table, such water table elevation to be established at a seasonally high level.~~

v. Removal shall not result in a cover of less than three feet of native, undisturbed material over any water table, such water table elevation to be established at a seasonally high level.

i. Premise and on-site facilities

At all times the premises shall be neat and orderly, free from junk, trash or unnecessary debris.

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.37", Hanging: 0.25", Numbered + Level: 2 + Numbering Style: i, ii, iii, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 1.76" + Indent at: 1.88", Tab stops: 0", Left + 1.38", Left + 1.38", Left + Not at 0.38" + 2.03"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

ARTICLE III: SPECIFIC USE PROVISIONS

Buildings shall be maintained in a sound condition, in good repair and appearance. Salvageable equipment stored in a non-operating condition shall be suitably screened or garaged.

~~j. General~~

j. General

- i. In any new operation, the area excavated at any one time shall not exceed five (5) acres (or 217,800 square feet). Smaller areas may be designated if necessary to protect the character of the area where the operation is located.
- ii. All operations shall be conducted in a safe manner, especially with respect to hazards to persons, damage to adjacent lands or improvements and wells, and damage to any street by slides, sinking or collapse of supporting soil adjacent to an excavation.
- iii. The proposed activity shall not have an undue adverse impact on neighboring properties or the character of the area with regard to the following standards:
 1. noise, dust, vibration, as defined in Section 3.56.4.2.c. and 3.56.4.2.d. above
 2. traffic, traffic safety impacts, as defined in Section 3.56.4.2.d. above.
 3. scenic values, visual impact, ~~visually~~visually sensitive areas ~~include,~~ including but ~~are~~ not limited to ridgelines, mountain tops, vistas, steep slopes, shorelines or riverbanks, large open areas, public resources, or scenic road corridors. In addition, unique areas such as wetlands, waterfalls, and historic areas may be sensitive to aesthetic change. In such cases, visibility studies may be required by the Development Review Board to determine impact on visibility and aesthetic resources.
 4. ecological function, natural resources, or
 5. creation of a nuisance.
- iv. Additional conditions may be imposed by the Development Review Board as appropriate for the specific site.

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.74", Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: a, b, c, ... + Start at: 2 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 1.13" + Indent at: 1.29", Tab stops: 0", Left + 1.38", Left + 1.38", Left + Not at 0.38" + 1.24"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Font: Garamond, Condensed by 0.1 pt

3. Escrow Agreement

a. The owner/operator, prior to commencing excavation, shall designate a bank having an office in the State of Vermont, as escrow agent for the Town and the permit holder, to receive funds on account of the anticipated cost of complying with subsection E.2.h of this Section, after the volume of material approved for excavation is removed. Such amount shall be paid over at least semi-annually, commencing six months from the date of the first excavation, based upon the amount of material removed in the preceding six-month period.

b. The Escrow agreement shall provide:

Formatted: Font: +Body (Calibri), 12 pt, Bold, Condensed by 0.1 pt

Formatted: Font: +Body (Calibri), Condensed by 0.1 pt

Formatted: Normal, Right: 0.03", Line spacing: Multiple 1.15 li, Tab stops: 0", Left

Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Condensed by 0.1 pt

Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Condensed by 0.1 pt

ARTICLE III: SPECIFIC USE PROVISIONS

~~The owner/operator, prior to commencing excavation, shall designate a bank having an office in the State of Vermont, as escrow agent for the Town and the permit holder, to receive funds on account of the anticipated cost of complying with subsection 3.5.4.2.g of this Section, after the volume of material approved for excavation is removed. Such amount shall be paid over at least semi-annually, commencing six months from the date of the first excavation, based upon the amount of material removed in the preceding six-month period.~~

The Escrow agreement shall provide:

- i. That the fund shall be invested in a savings account or certificate of deposit, at the owner/operator's option.
- ii. That all interest shall be payable to the owner/operator.
- iii. That the escrow agent shall account quarterly to the Town, and at such other more frequent intervals as the Town may require.
- iv. That the fund shall be available to the owner/operator to reimburse it for the cost of complying with subsection 3.6.5.4.2.gh of this Section, or upon failure of the permit holder to so comply the fund shall be available to the Town to reimburse it for any costs it incurs in closing out the operation.
- v. That any remaining amount shall be paid over to the owner/operator

c. If the owner/operator fails to make a payment into the escrow fund, as required herein, and such failure continues for thirty days from due date, then there shall be no excavation of materials until such default is cured. The applicant shall make available to the Town such records as the Town may reasonably request in order for it to determine compliance with this paragraph.

~~If the owner/operator fails to make a payment into the escrow fund, as required herein, and such failure continues for thirty days from due date, then there shall be no excavation of materials until such default is cured. The applicant shall make available to the Town such records as the Town may reasonably request in order for it to determine compliance with this paragraph.~~

d. The Development Review Board shall re-evaluate, at their discretion if applicable, the anticipated cost of compliance with subsection 3.6.5.4.2.gh of this Section shall be re-evaluated by the Development Review Board, after public hearing, and the payment to the escrow funds shall be adjusted accordingly.

Formatted: Font: Not Bold, Italic

Formatted: List Paragraph, Indent: Left: 0.38", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Condensed by 0.1 pt

Formatted: Normal, Indent: Left: 1.38", Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: i, ii, iii, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 1.75" + Indent at: 1.9", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38" + 1.44"

Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Condensed by 0.1 pt

Formatted: Normal, Indent: Left: 1.38", Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: i, ii, iii, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 1.75" + Indent at: 1.9", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38" + 1.44"

Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Condensed by 0.1 pt

Formatted: Normal, Indent: Left: 1.38", Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: i, ii, iii, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 1.75" + Indent at: 1.9", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38" + 1.44"

Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Condensed by 0.1 pt

Formatted: Normal, Indent: Left: 1.38", Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: i, ii, iii, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 1.75" + Indent at: 1.9", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38" + 1.44"

Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Condensed by 0.1 pt

Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Condensed by 0.1 pt

Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Condensed by 0.1 pt

Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Condensed by 0.1 pt

Formatted: Normal, Indent: Left: 1.38", Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: i, ii, iii, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 1.75" + Indent at: 1.9", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38" + 1.44"

Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Condensed by 0.1 pt

Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Condensed by 0.1 pt

Formatted: Normal, Indent: Left: 1", Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: a, b, c, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 1.38" + Indent at: 1.53", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Condensed by 0.1 pt

Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Condensed by 0.1 pt

Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Condensed by 0.1 pt

Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Condensed by 0.1 pt

ARTICLE III: SPECIFIC USE PROVISIONS

e. At any time the owner/operator may withdraw any amount which is in the escrow account, upon filing with the Town a bond, issued by a good and sufficient bonding or surety company authorized to do business in Vermont, for the benefit of the Town, in an amount sufficient to cover the cost of implementing Section 3.6.5.4.2.g~~h~~, but not for more than the amount then in the escrow account, and being withdrawn. Similarly, in lieu of any deposit in the escrow account, the owner/operator may file a similar bond in the amount required to be deposited. If a bonding company should become insolvent, go out of business, or lose its right to do business in Vermont, that shall be deemed a default under c. above and shall be remedied by a new bond or deposit before excavation is continued.

- Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Condensed by 0.1 pt
- Formatted: Normal, Indent: Left: 1", Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: a, b, c, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 1.38" + Indent at: 1.53", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"
- Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Condensed by 0.1 pt
- Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Condensed by 0.1 pt
- Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Condensed by 0.1 pt
- Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Condensed by 0.1 pt

3.56.5 Minor Quarrying

Any new or extended minor quarry operation shall be permitted in all zoning districts, except the Village District, subject to conditional use review in accordance with Section 5.23 and findings that the proposed activity meets the ~~following same~~ definitions, standards and conditions: as for Major Earth Extraction (Section 3.6.5).

- Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"
- Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left
- Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

1. Application Requirements

~~In addition to application requirements under Section 6.2 and 5.1, the applicant shall submit two (2) copies of an acceptable erosion control and site restoration plan to ensure that upon completion of the quarry operation the abandoned site will be left in a safe, attractive, and useful condition. Plans shall also include the following information:~~

- Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left
- Formatted: Font: +Body (Calibri), 12 pt
- Formatted: Right: 0.03", Line spacing: Multiple 1.15 li, Tab stops: 0", Left

~~a. Existing grades and drainage, stockpiles and berms (including typical cross-sections);~~

~~a. Structures, roadways, equipment, materials, fuel storage, water supply, sewage disposal, trees, landscaping, and screening;~~

~~b. Area maps showing the general project location in the Town and the following features within 2,500 feet of the proposed operation: roads (including class 4 roads and legal trails), land uses and principal structures including public resources, designated scenic areas, and historic sites, surface waters, soils, and the location and depth of all water supplies.~~

- Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.77", Numbered + Level: 2 + Numbering Style: a, b, c, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 1.15" + Indent at: 1.4", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

~~c. Project description, including details of:~~

~~i. each phase of mining, stockpiling and the volumes involved, as applicable;~~

ARTICLE III: SPECIFIC USE PROVISIONS

~~ii. operations, including the nature, location and times of: blasting, drilling, crushing and operation of other major equipment on the site, safety measures, dust, sedimentation and erosion controls, water table monitoring and site dewatering, truck routes to be used, as applicable;~~

~~iii. the anticipated cost of site rehabilitation in accordance with these regulations.~~

~~The Development Review Board may reasonably require such additional information as it deems necessary to determine whether the new or extended quarry operation will be located and performed in accordance with these regulations.~~

2. Standards

~~In granting approval, the Development Review Board shall consider and impose conditions with respect to the following standards:-~~

~~a. The days and hours of operation shall be limited to 8am – 5pm Monday through Friday so as to ensure reasonable quiet and compatibility with other uses in the area.~~

~~b. Isolation Distances and Setbacks~~

~~i. No part of any extraction area shall be within 300 feet of any of the following uses existing or approved: Any dwelling, private or public water supply or water line, public building, park, or other community or institutional facility.~~

~~ii. No part of any extraction area shall be within 150 feet of the property lines, or within 150 feet of any natural stream or pond.~~

~~iii. Stockpiling of excavated material shall not exceed 35 feet and shall not be within 150 feet of the property lines, or within 150 feet of any natural stream or pond.~~

~~iv. No truck access road to the property shall be within 50 feet of the property lines, except at the connection to the public road.~~

~~v. No stationary processing machinery shall be located within 300 feet of any property line.~~

~~vi. i. With regard to property line setbacks only, the DRB has the discretion to reduce setback distances if it determines that such a reduction in distance will not have an undue adverse effect on abutting landowners and on the character of the area.~~

Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.37", Hanging: 0.25", Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: i, ii, iii, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 1.76" + Indent at: 1.88", Tab stops: 0", Left + 1.38", Left + 1.38", Left + Not at 0.38" + 2.03"

Formatted: Condensed by 0.05 pt

Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.37", Hanging: 0.25", Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: i, ii, iii, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 1.76" + Indent at: 1.88", Tab stops: 0", Left + 1.38", Left + 1.38", Left + Not at 0.38" + 2.07"

ARTICLE III: SPECIFIC USE PROVISIONS

~~c. Maintenance Buffer~~

~~i. The land within 100 feet of the property line shall be maintained as a buffer or conservation area by the permit holder.~~

~~ii. There shall be no land development on this buffer except for truck access roads.~~

~~d. Vibration and Dust Control~~

~~i. The owner/operator shall implement positive and effective dust control measures, which will meet the requirements in the State of Vermont Air Quality Regulations. This shall apply to all on-site operations as well as to all vehicular traffic leaving the site.~~

Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.38", Numbered + Level: 2 + Numbering Style: i, ii, iii, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 1.76" + Indent at: 1.88", Tab stops: 0", Left + 1.38", Left + 1.38", Left + Not at 0.38" + 1.99"

~~e. Traffic and Noise~~

~~i. The days and hours of operation shall be 8am—5pm Monday through Friday so as to ensure reasonable quiet and compatibility with other uses in the area.~~

~~ii. No noise shall be permitted which is excessive at the property line or is incompatible with the reasonable use of the surrounding area. Excessive noise shall be considered a sound pressure level that exceeds 65 decibels at the property line on a regular or reoccurring basis.~~

Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.37", Hanging: 0.19", Numbered + Level: 2 + Numbering Style: i, ii, iii, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 1.76" + Indent at: 1.88", Tab stops: 0", Left + 1.38", Left + 1.38", Left + Not at 0.38" + 2.03"

~~iii. The property shall be limited to one truck access to any public right-of-way and shall have a grade of 5% or less. An emergency or second limited use access may be provided.~~

~~iv. Access ways and on-site roads shall be maintained in a dust-free condition. The owner or operator shall take adequate measures within the site to ensure that trucks, exiting the site on roadways, shall not discharge earth materials or debris on public roadways.~~

~~v. The proposed transport for the operation shall not exceed the carrying capacity of the roadways and any damage to such roadways shall be repaired at the expense of the owner/operator.~~

~~vi. The proposed schedule and gross vehicle weight of transport vehicles shall be appropriate for the season of the year, the character of the area where the operation is located, and the neighborhood through which vehicles must pass.~~

ARTICLE III: SPECIFIC USE PROVISIONS

~~f. Landscaping, Screening and Signs~~

~~i. Natural screening shall be provided and maintained so that no stockpiles of excavated material shall be visible from any existing or approved dwelling or public right-of-way within 300 feet as of the filing of the earth extraction application. No stockpile shall exceed 35 feet in height.~~

Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.37", Hanging: 0.19", Numbered + Level: 2 + Numbering Style: i, ii, iii, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 1.76" + Indent at: 1.88", Tab stops: 0", Left + 1.38", Left + 1.38", Left + Not at 0.38" + 1.99"

~~ii. The property's access road shall be hidden from view from existing or approved dwellings and public roads by natural topography, vegetated berm or evergreen trees, either existing or to be planted, at least every 10 feet on both sides of the road.~~

Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.37", Hanging: 0.19", Numbered + Level: 2 + Numbering Style: i, ii, iii, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 1.76" + Indent at: 1.88", Tab stops: 0", Left + 1.38", Left + 1.38", Left + Not at 0.38" + 2.03"

~~iii. An earthen berm of not less than six (6) feet in height and/or farm fence of not less than fifty-four (54) inches in height shall be maintained around potentially hazardous areas, including but not limited to the excavation site, storage and waste piles and fuel storage areas. Berms that will remain in place for one (1) year or longer shall be planted with grass, shrubs and trees and maintained as a visual and acoustical screen. They shall be designed so that they do not erode into the road or highway right-of-way or onto adjoining property. This provision can be waived if the applicant demonstrates adequate safety and buffering can be accomplished by other means or with conditions present on site.~~

~~iv. Signs shall be posted and maintained at frequent intervals around the site indicating danger and presence of the excavation site.~~

~~g. Terracing and Contouring~~

~~Terracing or contouring shall be used, as appropriate, so as to minimize hazards. In no case shall the slope exceed 20% (meaning 20 feet of vertical rise for every 100 feet of horizontal distance). No vertical face shall exceed in height that permitted by the U.S. Bureau of Mines.~~

~~h. Closing Out the Operation~~

~~i. As much as practical during the active earth extraction operation, and within one year of the stoppage of active earth extraction, the site shall be reclaimed.~~

Formatted: Normal, Indent: Left: 0.13", Hanging: 0.25", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

~~ii. The removal operation site shall be graded smooth and restored to a "natural" or prior landform configuration. Cut slopes and soil banks shall not be allowed to remain.~~

ARTICLE III: SPECIFIC USE PROVISIONS

~~Provisions for restoring the "approximate original contour" of the land shall be made. Approximate original contour means that surface configuration achieved by backfilling and grading of the excavated area so that the reclaimed area, including any terracing or access roads, closely resembles the general surface configuration of the land prior to excavation and blends into and complements the drainage pattern of the surrounding terrain, with all highwalls and spoil piles eliminated.~~

- ~~iii. The entire area shall be covered with not less than four (4) inches of good, arable topsoil, and shall have a minimum of ten (10) percent organic material except that no greater depth of topsoil or percentage of organic material shall be required than that originally existed on the property prior to commencement of operations.~~
- ~~iv. The operation shall establish on the regraded areas, and all other lands affected, a diverse, effective, and permanent vegetative cover of the same seasonal variety native to the area of the land to be affected and capable of self-regeneration and plant succession at least equal in extent of cover to the natural vegetation of the area; except, that introduced species may be used in the revegetation process where desirable and necessary to achieve the post-mining land use and to prevent erosion. Numbers and sizes of plantings shall be included in the overall submission.~~

~~v.i. The reclamation of the site shall be completed so that the land will be left in a safe, attractive and readily usable condition for the types of land uses allowable in the district.~~

~~vi.i. When earth extraction operations have been completed, then all buildings (other than those shown on the restoration plan), structures (except fences) and equipment shall be entirely removed from the property within one (1) year from the expiration date of the conditional use.~~

~~viii.i. Upon failure of the permit holder, or the permit holder's successors or assigns, to complete the reclamation of the site as required above, the Town may take such actions as may be necessary to complete the work, and may enter onto the property for such purposes. The Town's reasonable cost of completing these requirements shall be a lien on the property, including the buffer, and may be foreclosed by the Town in the same manner as provided for the foreclosure of mortgages.~~

~~i. Surface and ground water~~

Formatted: Body Text, Indent: Left: 1.37", Hanging: 0.25", Numbered + Level: 2 + Numbering Style: i, ii, iii, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 1.76" + Indent at: 1.88", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38" + 2.07"

Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.37", Hanging: 0.25", Numbered + Level: 2 + Numbering Style: i, ii, iii, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 1.76" + Indent at: 1.88", Tab stops: 0", Left + 1.38", Left + 1.38", Left + Not at 0.38" + 2.07"

Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.37", Hanging: 0.25", Numbered + Level: 2 + Numbering Style: i, ii, iii, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 1.76" + Indent at: 1.88", Tab stops: 0", Left + 1.38", Left + 1.38", Left + Not at 0.38" + 2.11"

ARTICLE III: SPECIFIC USE PROVISIONS

- ~~i.— The proposed operation shall not have an undue adverse impact on surface and ground water.~~
- ~~ii.— At all times, the owner or operator shall take adequate measures to ensure that contaminated surface water run-off shall not enter ponds or other areas of open standing water.~~
- ~~iii.— As necessary, ground water quality shall be monitored and maintained on a regular basis in accordance with acceptable monitoring practices.~~
- ~~iv.— If the extraction is wholly or partly from a streambed, it shall be carried out in such a manner that there shall be no obstruction or substantial change in normal flow, and at the conclusion of work in any section, there shall be no increase in erosion or flood hazards.~~
- ~~v.i.— Removal shall not result in a cover of less than three feet of native, undisturbed material over any water table, such water table elevation to be established at a seasonally high level.~~

~~j.— Premise and on-site facilities~~

~~At all times the premises shall be neat and orderly, free from junk, trash or unnecessary debris. Buildings shall be maintained in a sound condition, in good repair and appearance. Salvageable equipment stored in a non-operating condition shall be suitably screened or garaged.~~

~~k.b.— General~~

- ~~i.— In any new operation, the area excavated at any one time shall not exceed five (5) acres (or 217,800 square feet). Smaller areas may be designated if necessary to protect the character of the area where the operation is located.~~
- ~~ii.— All operations shall be conducted in a safe manner, especially with respect to hazards to persons, damage to adjacent lands or improvements and wells, and damage to any street by slides, sinking or collapse of supporting soil adjacent to an excavation.~~
- ~~iii.— The proposed activity shall not have an undue adverse impact on neighboring properties or the character of the area with regard to the following standards:~~
 - ~~1.— noise, dust, vibration, as defined in Section 3.5.4.2.c. and 3.5.4.2.d. above~~
 - ~~2.— traffic, traffic safety impacts, as defined in Section 3.5.4.2.d. above.~~

Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.37", Hanging: 0.25", Numbered + Level: 2 + Numbering Style: i, ii, iii, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 1.76" + Indent at: 1.88", Tab stops: 0", Left + 1.38", Left + 1.38", Left + Not at 0.38" + 2.03"

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.74", Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: a, b, c, ... + Start at: 2 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 1.13" + Indent at: 1.29", Tab stops: 0", Left + 1.38", Left + 1.38", Left + Not at 0.38" + 1.24"

Formatted: Font: Garamond

ARTICLE III: SPECIFIC USE PROVISIONS

- 3. scenic values, visual impact. Visually sensitive areas include but are not limited to ridgelines, mountain tops, vistas, steep slopes, shorelines or riverbanks, large open areas, public resources, or scenic road corridors. In addition, unique areas such as wetlands, waterfalls, and historic areas may be sensitive to aesthetic change. In such cases, visibility studies may be required by the Development Review Board to determine impact on visibility and aesthetic resources.
- 4. ecological function, natural resources, or
- 5. creation of a nuisance.

iv. Additional conditions may be imposed by the Development Review Board as appropriate for the specific site.

3. Escrow Agreement

~~a. The owner/operator, prior to commencing excavation, shall designate a bank having an office in the State of Vermont, as escrow agent for the Town and the permit holder, to receive funds on account of the anticipated cost of complying with subsection E.2.h of this Section, after the volume of material approved for excavation is removed. Such amount shall be paid over at least semi-annually, commencing six months from the date of the first excavation, based upon the amount of material removed in the preceding six-month period.~~

Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Condensed by 0.1 pt
Formatted: Normal, Indent: Left: 1", Hanging: 0.15", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

~~b.a. The Escrow agreement shall provide:~~

Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Condensed by 0.1 pt

- i. That the fund shall be invested in a savings account or certificate of deposit, at the owner/operator's option.
- ii. That all interest shall be payable to the owner/operator.
- iii. That the escrow agent shall account quarterly to the Town, and at such other more-frequent intervals as the Town may require.
- iv. That the fund shall be available to the owner/operator to reimburse it for the cost of complying with subsection 3.5.52.h of this Section, or upon failure of the permit holder to so comply the fund shall be available to the Town to reimburse it for any costs it incurs in closing out the operation.
- v. That any remaining amount shall be paid over to the owner/operator

ARTICLE III: SPECIFIC USE PROVISIONS

~~c.a. If the owner/operator fails to make a payment into the escrow fund, as required herein, and such failure continues for thirty days from due date, then there shall be no excavation of materials until such default is cured. The applicant shall make available to the Town such records as the Town may reasonably request in order for it to determine compliance with this paragraph.~~

Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Condensed by 0.1 pt

Formatted: Normal, Indent: Left: 1", Hanging: 0.15", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

~~d. If applicable, the anticipated cost of compliance with subsection E. 2.h of this Section shall be re-evaluated by the Development Review Board, after public hearing, and the payment to the escrow funds shall be adjusted accordingly.~~

~~e. At any time the owner/operator may withdraw any amount which is in the escrow account, upon filing with the Town a bond, issued by a good and sufficient bonding or surety company authorized to do business in Vermont, for the benefit of the Town, in an amount sufficient to cover the cost of implementing Section E. 2.h, but not for more than the amount then in the escrow account, and being withdrawn. Similarly, in lieu of any deposit in the escrow account, the owner/operator may file a similar bond in the amount required to be deposited. If a bonding company should become insolvent, go out of business, or lose its right to do business in Vermont, that shall be deemed a default under c. above and shall be remedied by a new bond or deposit before excavation is continued.~~

Section 3-67 Gasoline Stations

~~(A)~~ Gasoline or motor vehicle service stations may be permitted in designated zoning districts subject to conditional use review under Section 5.23 and the following additional provisions:

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0", Tab stops: 0", Left

Formatted: Font: Garamond, Not Bold

Formatted: Normal, Right: 0", Line spacing: single, Tab stops: Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Normal, Indent: Left: 0.38", No bullets or numbering, Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

- (1) Service station siting, design and layout shall be compatible with the character of the neighborhood. A landscaped area shall be maintained at least ten (10) feet in depth along all road frontage, excluding designated access areas or curb cuts. Additional curbing, landscaping and screening, and pedestrian walkways may be required as appropriate.
- (2) Pumps, lubricating, and other outdoor service equipment shall be located to meet minimum setback distances for the applicable district.
- (3) All stored fuel and oil, including underground tanks, shall meet all state fire codes and regulations, and shall be stored at least 35 feet from any property lines.
- (4) All automobile parts and dismantled vehicles shall be stored within an enclosed building or suitably screened area.
- (5) There shall be no more than 2 access driveways from the street. The maximum width of an access driveway or curb cut shall be 40 feet, with the minimum width to be 20 feet.
- (6) Pump canopies shall be limited to the area required to cover the pump island and pump apron, and shall be the minimum height necessary to satisfy applicable state and federal

ARTICLE III: SPECIFIC USE PROVISIONS

safety requirements. In no case shall canopies exceed 24' in width or 36' in length. Canopy design, including materials and roof pitch, shall be compatible with surrounding buildings; and the sides (fascias) of canopies shall not be used for advertising.

- (7) Lighting levels on station aprons, under canopies and in associated parking areas shall be the minimum required for intended activities. The lighting of such areas shall not be used for advertising or to attract attention to the business. Lights shall not be mounted on the top or sides of canopies; and the sides of canopies (fascias) shall not be illuminated. Light fixtures mounted on canopies shall either be recessed so that the lens cover is flush with the bottom surface (ceiling) of the canopy; or for indirect lighting, mounted and shielded so that direct illumination is focused exclusively on the underside of the canopy. Outdoor lighting shall also meet applicable lighting standards under Section 410.
- (8) Signs shall meet all requirements of Section 4. ~~4213~~. Gasoline service stations, in addition to the signs allowed for businesses, are allowed to have either one pricing sign which does not exceed 12 square feet in area, or pump-top pricing signs, each not to exceed 2 square feet in area. Signs must meet all setback requirements.
- (9) Automobile service stations which include retail sales unrelated to motor vehicle service, maintenance or repair (e.g., food, convenience items) shall be reviewed as a mixed use, and as such is required to meet all zoning provisions pertaining to retail uses for the district in which they are located, including but not limited to additional sign, lot size and/or parking requirements.

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.88", Numbered + Level: 2 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.63" + Indent at: 0.88", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

÷

⌘

Section 3.78 Group Homes

A residential care or group home that meets all the following standards shall be a permitted use in all districts where single-unit dwellings are a permitted use or in any single-unit dwelling in existence as of the effective date of these regulations. [See 24 VSA § 4412(1)(G):

- (1) The group home shall be operated under state licensing or registration; and
- (2) The group home shall not serve more than 8 people who have a handicap or disability as defined in 9 V.S.A. § 4501.

Formatted: List Paragraph, Indent: Left: 1.13", First line: 0", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Section 3.9 Helipads, Personal Landing Areas, other Aviation Operations

Personal Landing Areas and other Aviation Operations, as defined and regulated under 5 V.S.A. § 207, may be permitted in designated zoning districts and are subject to Site Plan review to the extent not preempted by State law. The entirety of the landing area's safety zone, as specified by the Federal Aviation Administration, and all improved and unimproved areas to be used for landing, equipment and vehicle

ARTICLE III: SPECIFIC USE PROVISIONS

storage and associated operations shall be subject to a setback requirement twice that of the relative District's front, side, and rear minimum setback standard.

Section 3.10 Home Based Businesses

(A) **Home Occupations.** In accordance with the Act [§4412(4)], no provision of these regulations shall infringe upon the right of a resident to use a minor portion of a dwelling for an occupation which is customary in residential areas, and which does not have an undue adverse effect upon the residential area in which the dwelling is located. Home occupations, as distinguished from cottage industries under this Section, are permitted as an accessory use in all districts where residential uses are permitted. The home occupation shall be carried on by residents of the dwelling unit. One additional employee who is not a resident of the dwelling unit is permitted. Home occupations are:

- (1) Accessory uses to residential properties, which are clearly incidental and secondary to the residential use.
- (2) Conducted wholly within the principal structure and occupy less than 25% of the entire floor area of such structures. Home occupations in accessory buildings may be permitted by the Development Review Board in accordance with ~~conditional use~~ site plan review under Section 5.2.
- (3) Not retail in nature.

(B) ~~In order to~~ To ensure that a home occupation will not have an undue adverse effect upon the residential area in which the dwelling is located, the owner must demonstrate that it will comply with all of the following standards:

- (1) All business activities or transactions associated with the home occupation shall be carried on entirely within the dwelling unit; no outside storage shall be permitted.
- (2) No traffic shall be generated which would be uncharacteristic of the neighborhood.
- (3) New parking required for the home occupation shall be provided off-street.
- (4) No objectionable vibration, odor, smoke, dust, electrical disturbance, heat, or glare shall be produced by the home occupation.
- (5) Exterior displays other than those normally permitted in the district shall be prohibited excepting signs, which do not conflict with applicable ordinances.
- (6) Retail sales shall be limited to the sale of goods or products produced on premises and/or the sale of goods and products that are associated with and clearly incidental to the primary operation of the home occupation.

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

ARTICLE III: SPECIFIC USE PROVISIONS

Where it is determined by the Zoning Administrator that the proposal does not meet the definitions or standards of home occupations in A and B above, the applicant may apply for a permit under the broader regulations (commercial, industrial, etc.) as determined by the district in which the parcel is located.

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.5", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

(C) A zoning permit for a home occupation does not follow the land. Therefore, the permit expires when the individual who was granted the permit no longer resides in the dwelling. If another individual wishes to continue a particular home occupation, he or she shall apply to the Zoning Administrator for a permit.

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

~~(E)~~ **Exemptions.** The ordinary use of a ~~small room (study), or part of a larger room,~~ with such equipment as ~~a file (cupboard), desk (table), and a phone which~~ one uses for personal use and/or paperwork for business activity carried on elsewhere, or in the course of remote work, is not considered a Home Occupation and shall not require a zoning permit from the Zoning Administrator.

Formatted: Font: Calibri, Condensed by 0.1 pt

Formatted: Font: Calibri, Condensed by 0.1 pt

Formatted: Font: Calibri, Condensed by 0.1 pt

Formatted: gmail-msolistparagraph, Indent: Left: 0.63", No bullets or numbering, Tab stops: Not at

Formatted: Font: Calibri, Condensed by 0.1 pt

~~(E)~~ **Cottage Industry.** Cottage industries (as distinguished from Home Occupations) may be permitted in designated zoning districts subject to conditional usesite plan review in accordance with Section 5.2 and the following additional provisions:

Formatted: Font: Calibri, Condensed by 0.1 pt

Formatted: Font: Calibri

Formatted: Font: Garamond

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

- (1) The business owner shall reside on the lot.
- (2) The business shall be carried on within the principal dwelling unit and/or accessory structure(s) and shall occupy less than 50% of the combined floor area of all structures on the lot. However, the Development Review Board may permit the use of floor space in excess of 50% of the combined floor area of all structures on the lot providing such space is limited to the storage of goods and materials associated with the operation of the Cottage Industry and that such storage occurs in an accessory structure.
- (3) The cottage industry shall be carried on by residents of the dwelling. Up to eight employees who are not residents may be permitted.
- (4) The business shall not necessitate any change in the outward appearance of the dwelling unit or accessory structures on the lot. Exterior signs other than those normally permitted in the district are prohibited. Any outdoor storage of materials, including building or construction materials, unregistered vehicles or heavy equipment, or lumber, must be completely screened year-round from the road and from neighboring properties.
- (5) The business shall not generate traffic, including but not limited to delivery truck traffic, in excess of volumes characteristic of the neighborhood.
- (6) Adequate off-street parking shall be provided for all residents, employees and customers in accordance with Section 4.9.
- (7) There shall be no storage of hazardous waste or materials; fuel storage shall be limited to

ARTICLE III: SPECIFIC USE PROVISIONS

that needed for heating, and operation of equipment and vehicles associated with the business.

- (8) Retail sales shall be limited to the sale of goods or products produced on premises and/or the sale of goods and products that are associated with and clearly incidental to the primary operation of the cottage industry.
- (9) The business shall not result in hazards to public safety and welfare or to neighboring properties, and shall be subject to applicable performance standards included under Section 4.10. Conditions may be placed on the hours of operation as appropriate.
- (10) The permit for a cottage industry shall clearly state that the industry is a home-based business which is accessory to the principal residential use, and to be retained in common ownership and management. A cottage industry may be subdivided and/or converted for sale or use apart from the residential use only if it meets all current municipal and state regulations and bylaws pertaining to such use, including all density, dimensional, and other requirements for the district in which it is located. Separate permits shall be required as appropriate prior to subdivision, sale and/or conversion.

Section 3.811 Light Industry

(A) Light industry (as distinguished from cottage industries under Section 3.7) may be permitted in designated zoning districts subject to conditional use review in accordance with Section 5.23 and the following provisions:

- (1) The industry shall not result in hazards to public safety and welfare or to neighboring properties, and shall be subject to applicable performance standards included under Section 4.10. Conditions may be placed on the hours of operation and/or intensity of use as appropriate.
- (2) Sufficient landscaping and screening shall be provided along parcel boundaries and within the project site to protect adjacent properties from objectionable visual impacts.
- (3) Total square footage of all buildings and outdoor storage areas shall not exceed 20,000 square feet.
- (4) For any light industry in the Agricultural-Residential District, no more than thirty (30) employees may be employed on site at any one time.

Section 3.912 Special Events

Special events may be allowed in any district subject to the following:

- (A) A maximum of two special events in any calendar year, lasting a maximum of 2 consecutive days,

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0", Tab stops: 0", Left

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0", Tab stops: 0", Left

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

ARTICLE III: SPECIFIC USE PROVISIONS

with no more than 150 attendees, and associated with a single parcel of land, are exempt from this provision and shall not require a zoning permit.

- (B) Special events (e.g., weddings and receptions; concerts, festivals, fairs and other cultural events; conferences, trade and antique shows) are permitted as a principal or accessory use of any parcel providing that such use occurs for no more than 10 days within any calendar year. Churches and other religious institutions, funeral homes, schools, and municipal properties are specifically exempted from this definition. Any single event involving more than 200 participants requires conditional use approval from the Moretown Development Review Board.
- (C) The use of any parcel for hosting special events for more than 10 days within any calendar year may be permitted as an accessory use to another principal use with the approval of the DRB in accordance with Article 5. Prior to any grant of approval, the applicant shall demonstrate that adequate provision has been made for temporary wastewater disposal, solid waste disposal, and noise, traffic and crowd control as appropriate. The DRB may impose conditions regarding the number of participants, hours of operation, and other limitations related to scale and intensity as deemed appropriate.
- (D) All special events must be maintained in accordance with the Performance Standards set forth in Section 4.10.

Section 3.4013 Mixed Uses

- (A) In designated districts, more than one use may be permitted within a single building or on a single property subject to conditional use review in accordance with section 5.23 and providing those uses meet the following:
 - (1) Each of the proposed uses is otherwise allowed as permitted or conditional uses in the district in which the mixed use is proposed.
 - (2) The combined uses meet all applicable standards for the district in which the mixed use is proposed, including minimum setbacks and frontage, maximum lot coverage and minimum lot size.
 - (3) The combined uses meet all applicable dimensional standards set forth in Articles II, and all applicable general provisions contained in Article IV, including parking requirements under Section 4.9 based on the cumulative parking demand for the various proposed uses.

Section 3.4114 Mobile Home Parks

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0", Tab stops: 0", Left

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0", Tab stops: 0", Left

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

ARTICLE III: SPECIFIC USE PROVISIONS

(A) In accordance with 24 V.S.A. § 4412(1)(C), mobile homes are permitted in approved mobile home parks subject to the requirements of this section and state law. Mobile home parks where permitted ~~as a conditional use~~ in the specific zoning district are subject to site plan review under section 5.2 of these bylaws ~~New, including new~~ mobile home parks and any addition or alteration to an existing mobile home park, ~~requires conditional use approval by the Development Review Board~~. Mobile home parks shall be developed in accordance with the following:

- (1) The mobile home park shall be located in a district specifically permitting mobile home parks and shall comply with all applicable provisions of these regulations.
- (2) The requirements of 10 VSA Chapter 153 shall be met.
- (3) All applicable State and local laws, ordinances and regulations relating to water supply and waste treatment shall be complied with.

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

(B) Prospective owners of mobile home parks are encouraged to employ the planned residential or clustering concept in design of mobile home parks and to create a pleasant and healthful living environment for occupants.

Section 3.4215 Ponds

(A) The creation of ponds and other impoundments may be permitted as an accessory use upon application and receipt of a zoning permit in accordance with Section 6.2. In issuing a zoning permit, the Zoning Administrator shall find that:

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0", Tab stops: 0", Left

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

- (1) Any pond that will impound, or be capable of impounding, in excess of 500,000 cubic feet of water has received a permit from the Vermont Department of Environmental Conservation in accordance with 10 VSA Chapter 43.
- (2) Any pond involving the alteration of a stream has received a stream alteration permit from the Vermont Department of Environmental Conservation in accordance with 10 VSA Chapter 41.
- (3) Any pond involving the impoundment of water through the creation of an embankment, berm or other structure that exceeds the natural grade of the site shall be subject to conditional use review in accordance with Section 5.23. In granting approval, the Development Review Board shall find that the proposed pond poses no danger to neighboring properties or Town roads and bridges. To this end, the applicant shall provide certification regarding the safety of the pond design by a Vermont licensed professional engineer.

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Section 3.4316 Public Utility Substations

- (A) Public utility substations and similar utility structures shall comply with the following:
- (1) The facility shall be surrounded by a fence which shall be set back from the property lines in conformance with the district regulations for front, side, and rear yards.
 - (2) A landscaped area at least twenty-five feet wide shall be maintained in front, side, and rear yards.

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0", Tab stops: 0", Left

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Font: Bold

Formatted: Normal, Indent: Left: 0", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Section 3.14 Subdivision of Land

Definitions

For the purposes of this section, all definitions in Article 7, Definitions shall apply.

~~Subdivision: Division of any parcel of land for the purposes of conveyance, transfer of ownership, lease, improvement, building, development or sale which results in a total of two or more lots, blocks or parcels are created. The term subdivision includes re-subdivision.~~

3.14.1 Application of Standards

~~(A) Whenever any subdivision of land is proposed, the subdivider shall apply for and secure approval of such proposed subdivision in accordance with the procedures set forth in these regulations prior to:~~

- ~~(1) Commencing any construction or land development (excluding forestry or agricultural activities);~~
- ~~(2) The issuance of any municipal permit for any land development involving land to be subdivided;~~
- ~~(3) The sale or lease of any subdivided portion of a property; or~~
- ~~(4) Filing a subdivision plat in the land records of the Town.~~

~~Such approval shall be granted by the Zoning Administrator or the Development Review Board in accordance with the procedures and standards set forth below.~~

~~(B) Exemptions. The following are specifically exempted from subdivision review under this article:~~

- ~~(1) Parcels leased for agricultural or forestry purposes where no permanent roads or structures are established;~~
- ~~(2) Rights of way or easements which do not result in the subdivision of land, and~~
- ~~(3) Boundary adjustments between existing parcels which do not create new or non-conforming lots.~~

Formatted: Font: 10 pt

Formatted: Font: 10 pt, Not Bold

ARTICLE III: SPECIFIC USE PROVISIONS

~~(C) **Classification of Minor and Major Subdivisions.** For the purposes of these regulations, the following two categories of subdivisions are established:~~

Formatted: Font: 10 pt

Formatted: Font: 10 pt, Not Bold

~~(1) **Minor Subdivisions**, to be reviewed by the Zoning Administrator under Section 3.14.2 include:~~

~~(a) the subdivision of land which results in a total of three (3) or fewer lots within any five-year period; or~~

~~(b) an amendment to an approved subdivision which does not substantially alter the subdivision, nor result in the creation of a major subdivision.~~

~~(2) **Major Subdivisions**, to be reviewed by the Development Review Board under Section 3.14.2 include:~~

~~(a) the subdivision of land which results in a total of four or more lots within any five-year period or involves the construction of a new road;~~

~~(b) an amendment to an approved subdivision which substantially alters the subdivision or conditions of approval, or which results in the creation of a major subdivision or a new road; or~~

~~(c) a planned unit development.~~

~~(D) **Coordination with Planned Unit Development Review.** Applications for Planned Unit Developments (PUDs) shall be reviewed concurrently by the Development Review Board as subdivisions in accordance with Section 3.14.2 and under Section 5.3.~~

Formatted: Font: 10 pt

3.14.2 Subdivision Review

~~(A) **Subdivision Approval Requirement.** The Zoning Administrator or Development Review Board shall review all subdivisions in accordance with the Act [§ 4418] and these regulations.~~

~~(B) **Waiver Authority.** Pursuant to the Act [24 V.S.A. § 4418], the Development Review Board may waive application requirements as specified in Table 3.1, or subdivision standards under Section 3.14.3 which, in their judgment:~~

~~(1) are not requisite in the interest of public health, safety and general welfare;~~

~~(2) are inappropriate due to the inadequacy or lack of connecting facilities adjacent to or in proximity to the subdivision.~~

~~The request for a waiver shall be submitted in writing by the applicant with the subdivision application. It shall be the responsibility of the applicant to provide sufficient information to justify the waiver, and enable the Development Review Board to reach a decision. In granting waivers, the Development Review Board may require such conditions that will, in their judgment, substantially meet the objectives of the requirements so waived. No such waiver may be granted if it would have~~

ARTICLE III: SPECIFIC USE PROVISIONS

~~the effect of nullifying the intent and purpose of these regulations or other municipal ordinances or regulations currently in effect.~~

~~**(C) Application Requirements.** An application for subdivision approval, including applicable fees, shall be made on forms provided by and filed with the Zoning Administrator.~~

~~**(D) Sketch Plan Review.** Prior to the submission of an application for a major subdivision review, the applicant may submit a sketch plan to the Zoning Administrator for consideration by the Development Review Board at a regularly scheduled Development Review Board meeting.~~

~~(1) **Purpose.** The purpose of sketch plan review is to acquaint the Development Review Board with the proposed subdivision at an early stage in the design process, prior to the applicant incurring significant expense.~~

~~(2) **Submission Requirements.** One original and two copies of the sketch plan, to include information specified in Table 3.1, should be submitted to the Development Review Board at least 15 days prior to a regularly scheduled meeting.~~

~~(3) **Effect.** The Development Review Board may offer comments and recommendations at the meeting or, within the thirty (30) days of the date of the meeting, provide comments and recommendations to the applicant in writing. Such comments are advisory and as such shall not constitute an appealable decision or action of the Development Review Board, and shall not be binding on subsequent major subdivision review.~~

~~**(E) Minor Subdivision Review.** The application for minor subdivision review shall include one original of the information for subdivision plan approval specified in Table 3.1, and any required fees. The application must also include, in writing, any requested waivers to be considered under subsection (B) and the reason for such waivers. The Zoning Administrator shall consider the application in accordance with his or her review for a Zoning permit without the need for a public hearing, but may in his or her judgment forward any application to the Development Review Board for its review following a public hearing.~~

~~**(F) Major Subdivision Review.** The application for major subdivision review shall include one original and six copies of the information for subdivision plan approval specified in Table 3.1, and any required fees. The application must also include, in writing, any requested waivers to be considered under subsection (B) and the reason for such waivers. The Development Review Board shall consider the application in accordance with the following:~~

~~(1) **Public Hearing.** As required by the Act [5 4464], upon submission of a complete application the Development Review Board shall schedule a public hearing on the application, warned in~~

Formatted: Font: 10 pt

Formatted: Font: 10 pt

ARTICLE III: SPECIFIC USE PROVISIONS

~~accordance with subsection 6.5 and the Act [§ 4464]. After the hearing is convened, the Development Review Board may continue the hearing as needed to request and allow for the submission of additional information or studies to determine conformance with these regulations.~~

~~(2) **Final Approval.** The Development Review Board shall act to approve, approve with conditions, or deny an application for subdivision approval within forty-five (45) days of adjournment of the final public hearing, and issue a written decision. The written decision shall include a statement of the factual bases on which the Development Review Board made its conclusions, a statement of those conclusions, any conditions, and shall specify the period of time within which the decision may be appealed to the Environmental Court. Failure to act within the forty-five (45) day period shall be deemed approval. The decision shall be mailed, via certified mail, to the applicant within the forty-five (45) day period. Copies of the decision shall also be mailed to every person or body appearing and having been heard at the hearing, and a copy of the decision shall be recorded in accordance with Subsection 3.14.2.G.~~

Formatted: Font: 10 pt

~~(3) **Performance Bonding.** For any subdivision that includes the construction of roads or other physical improvements, the Development Review Board may require the subdivider to post a performance bond or other comparable surety to ensure completion of the improvements in accordance with the approved specifications. In accordance with the Act [§ 4464], the term of the performance bond shall be fixed by the Development Review Board for a period not to exceed three years, unless with the consent of the owner it is extended for an additional period not to exceed three years. If any required improvements have not been installed or maintained as provided, the bond shall be forfeited to the municipality which shall then use the proceeds to install and maintain covered improvements.~~

Formatted: Font: 10 pt

~~(4) **Effect.** Approval of the Development Review Board of a subdivision shall not be construed to constitute acceptance by the town of any street, easement, utility, park, recreation area or other open space shown on the final plat. Such acceptance may be accomplished only by an act of the Moretown Selectboard, in accordance with state law for the laying out of public rights-of-way.~~

Formatted: Font: 10 pt

~~(4) **Deferral of Subdivision Standard(s).** The Zoning Administrator may, at the request of the applicant under subsection 3.14.1 (B), defer review of a proposed minor subdivision's compliance with the standards set forth in Section 3.14.1 in the event the proposed subdivision involves the creation of a lot(s) that is solely intended for forestry, agriculture or other use not involving land development. Both the Zoning Administrator's decision and the plat recorded in the Town Land records shall clearly indicate the intended use of the lot(s).~~

Formatted: Normal, Indent: Left: 0", First line: 0", Right: 0", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

ARTICLE III: SPECIFIC USE PROVISIONS

~~and shall require that any change in the use of the deferred lot be approved by the Development Review Board only upon a determination that the proposed use and associated development complies with the standards set forth in Section 3.14.4. All lots, however, shall meet the minimum lot size for the district in which the parcel is located, including any density requirement related to the creation of new lots set forth in subsection 6.4(D)~~

ARTICLE III: SPECIFIC USE PROVISIONS

TABLE 3.1 SUBDIVISION APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS

(A) Application Form (one copy)
General description of proposed development plans, including number and size of lots, intended use, general timing of development
Waiver request, in writing [if being requested]
Names, addresses of all adjoining property owners
One copy of a sketch plan, drawn on paper at an appropriate scale, to accurately depict: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Scale, Date, North Arrow, Legend; • Project boundaries and property lines; • Existing and proposed lot lines, dimensions; • Adjoining land uses, roads and drainage; • Zoning district designations and boundaries; and • A general indication of the location of natural and physical features located on the site including buildings; roads, driveways and parking areas; fences and walls; watercourses; wetlands; areas of slope in excess of 25%; and a general indication of land cover, including forested areas and land in agricultural production.
(B) Plan/Plat Mapping Requirements [required for major subdivision approval]
Application Form (one copy)
Application Fee
Name, address of applicant [landowner or agent]
General description of proposed development plans, including number and size of lots, intended use, general timing of development
Waiver request, in writing [if being requested]
A survey, drawn on mylar at scale of not less than 1"=100', and two paper copies, to include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Scale, Date, North Arrow, Legend; • Preparer Information, Certifications; • Project boundaries and property lines; • Existing and proposed lot lines, dimensions; • Adjoining land uses, roads and drainage; • Zoning district designations and boundaries; and • An indication of the location of natural and physical features located on the site including buildings; roads, driveways and parking areas; fences and walls; watercourses; wetlands; areas of slope in excess of 25%; and a general indication of land cover, including forested areas and land in agricultural production; • Existing and proposed roads, paths, common or shared parking areas, associated rights-of-way or easements; • Proposed utilities, water and wastewater systems
Monument locations
Site location map showing proposed subdivision in relation to major roads, drainage ways, and adjoining properties
Statement of compliance with town plan and applicable local regulations
Engineering reports (water and wastewater systems)
Proposed covenants and/or deed restrictions, off-site easements (e.g., for water, wastewater, access), or proposed homeowner or tenant association or agreements (if any)

(5)

~~**(C) Recording and Amendment Requirements:**~~

-

ARTICLE III: SPECIFIC USE PROVISIONS

~~(1) (1) In accordance with the Act [24 V.S.A §4463], within 180 days of the date of receipt of final subdivision approval under Subsection (F)(2), the subdivider shall file three copies of the plan and final plat (one Mylar, two paper), signed by an authorized representative of the DRB, for recording in the land records of the town in conformance with the requirements of 27 V.S.A. Chapter 17. The Approval of subdivision plats not filed within 180 days shall expire. The Zoning Administrator may, however, grant one 90-day extension for plat filing in the event the applicant documents that other required local and/or state permits are still pending.~~

Formatted: List Paragraph, Right: 0", Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 1" + Indent at: 1.25", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38" + 0.81"

Formatted: Font: Garamond

~~(2) The municipality shall meet all recording requirements for subdivision approvals as specified for municipal land use permits under Section 3.9.~~

~~(3) No changes, modifications, or other revisions that alter the final plat or the conditions attached to subdivision approval shall be made unless the proposed revisions are first submitted for review by the Zoning Administrator pursuant to section 3.14.1 (C)(1) (b) or the Development Review Board under Section 3.14.1 (C) (2) (b) as a subdivision amendment. In the event that revisions are recorded without complying with this requirement, the revisions shall constitute a violation of these regulations, and be considered null and void.~~

~~3.14.3 Roads and Access (Minor and Major Subdivision)~~

~~(A) Access. Access to the subdivision and to individual lots shall be provided in accordance with Section 4.1. All access onto town highways shall be subject to the approval of the Moretown Selectboard, or for state routes, the Vermont Agency of Transportation. Such approval shall be required prior to final subdivision plan approval. To better manage traffic flow and safety, to avoid congestion, and to preserve the capacity of local roads, the Development Review Board may also:~~

Formatted: Font: 10 pt

- ~~(1) limit the number of access points onto public highways;~~
- ~~(2) require shared access, driveways, and/or roads to serve multiple lots; and/or~~
- ~~(3) require access from secondary roads, if a proposed subdivision has frontage on both primary and secondary roads.~~

~~3.14.4 Application of Subdivision Standards (Major Subdivision)~~

~~(A) The Development Review Board shall evaluate subdivisions under the standards set forth in this article. Development Review Board, to assist in evaluation, may require:-~~

- ~~(1) an independent technical review of the proposed subdivision under one or more standards, prepared by a qualified professional and paid for by the subdivider; provided such technical review is commensurate with the scale and scope of the proposed subdivision, and~~

ARTICLE III: SPECIFIC USE PROVISIONS

~~(2) the phasing of development, and/or additional measures to avoid or mitigate any adverse impacts likely to result from the proposed subdivision.~~

~~3.14.5 General Regulations (Major Subdivision)~~

~~(A) **Stormwater Management and Erosion Control.** Subdivisions shall incorporate temporary and permanent stormwater management and erosion control practices appropriate for the type and density of proposed development (See Section 4.15).~~

~~(B) **Landscaping and Screening.** Subdivisions shall incorporate landscaping and screening measures appropriate to the type and density of the proposed development. These measures should include measures to address:~~

- ~~(1) critical wildlife habitat areas (as defined by the Vermont Agency of Natural Resources — Natural Resources Atlas);~~
- ~~(2) water quality; and~~
- ~~(3) screening to increase privacy, reduce noise or glare, or to establish a barrier between incompatible land uses.~~

~~3.14.6 Facilities and Utilities (Major Subdivision)~~

~~(A) **Public Facilities.** The proposed subdivision shall not create an undue burden on existing and planned public facilities. The Development Review Board should consult with appropriate municipal and school officials to determine whether adequate capacity exists to serve the subdivision.~~

~~3.14.7 Legal Requirements (Major Subdivision)~~

~~(A) **Land reserved for the protection of significant natural, cultural or scenic features, or other open space areas,** may be held in common, or in separate ownership from contiguous parcels. Such land may be dedicated, either in fee or through a conservation easement approved by the Development Review Board, to the municipality, an owners' association comprised of all present or future owners of subdivided lots, and/or a nonprofit conservation organization. At minimum, land designated for protection shall be indicated with appropriate notation on the final subdivision plat.~~

~~(B) The subdivider shall provide documentation and assurances that all required improvements, associated rights-of-way and easements, and other common lands or facilities will be maintained either by the subdivider, an owners' association, or through other legal means.~~

Formatted: Font: 10 pt

ARTICLE III: SPECIFIC USE PROVISIONS

~~acceptable to the Development Review Board. Such documentation, as approved by the Development Review Board, shall be filed in the Moretown land records.~~

Section 3.15 Telecommunications Facilities

(A) New or expanded telecommunication facilities, including but not limited to towers and accessory structures may be permitted in designated zoning districts subject to conditional use review under Section 5.23 and the following provisions:

- (1) A proposal for a new tower shall not be permitted unless it is determined by the Development Review Board that the equipment planned for the proposed tower cannot be accommodated on an existing approved tower not on or in an existing building or other structure. New towers will be allowed only in the Preserve and Commercial Districts.
- (2) All new towers shall be designed to accommodate both the applicant's antennas and comparable antennas for at least one additional user if the tower is less than or equal to 75 feet in height, and two additional users if it exceeds 75 feet in height. Towers must be designed to allow future rearrangement of antennas, and to accept antennas mounted at varying heights.
- (3) All towers, including antennae, shall not be more than 25 feet higher than surrounding forest canopy as measured from the lowest grade at ground level to the top of the highest structure or component. Forest canopy shall be defined as the average height of the five (5) tallest trees within 50 feet of the tower.
- (4) No telecommunication facility shall be located within 500 feet of an existing residence.
- (5) Towers shall be set back from all property lines and public rights of way for a distance equaling their total height, including attached antennas, unless otherwise permitted by the Development Review Board:
 - a. If tower design and construction guarantees that it will collapse inwardly upon itself, and no liability or risk to adjoining or public property shall be assumed by the municipality; or
 - b. To allow for the integration of a telecommunication facility into an existing or proposed structure such as a church steeple, light standard, utility pole, or similar structure, to the extent that no hazard to public health, safety, or welfare results.
- (6) Telecommunication Facilities shall meet all state and federal requirements, including but not limited to Federal Communication Commission requirements for transmissions, emissions, and interference. No telecommunication facility shall be located or operated in such a manner that it poses a potential threat to public health or safety.
- (7) New telecommunications facilities shall be located to minimize their visibility. No

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0", Tab stops: 0", Left

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.63", Hanging: 0.25", Tab stops: 0", Left

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left

ARTICLE III: SPECIFIC USE PROVISIONS

telecommunications facility shall be located on a ridge line or hill top, hilltop and shall be sited so that the highest point of the facility does not exceed the highest point of land in the immediate vicinity of the tower. New or modified telecommunication facilities shall be designed to blend into the surrounding environment to the greatest extent feasible, through the use of vegetation, landscaping and screening, the use of compatible materials and colors, or other camouflaging techniques. Towers shall be of a monopole design unless it is determined by the Board that an alternative design would better blend into the surrounding environment.

(8) Telecommunication Facilities shall be designed to avoid having an undue adverse aesthetic impact on prominent ridgelines and hilltops. In determining whether a telecommunication facilities' aesthetic impact would be undue and adverse, the Development Review Board will consider:

- a. The period of time during which the proposed tower would be viewed by the traveling public on a public highway;
- b. The frequency of the view experienced by the traveling public;
- c. Background features in the line of sight to the proposed telecommunication facility that obscure the facility or make it more conspicuous;
- d. The sensitivity or unique value of a particular view affected by the proposed telecommunication facility;
- e. Significant disruption of a view shed that provides context to a historic or scenic resource.

(9) Towers shall be enclosed by security fencing at least 6 feet in height, and shall be equipped with appropriate anti-climbing devices.

(10) Telecommunications facilities shall not be illuminated by artificial means and shall not display strobe lights unless the Federal Aviation Administration or other federal or state authority for a particular tower specifically requires such lighting.

(11) The use of any portion of a telecommunications facility for signs other than warning or equipment information signs is prohibited.

(12) Access roads, and all utility buildings and structures accessory to a telecommunications facility shall be designed to aesthetically blend in with the surrounding environment and meet all other minimum requirements for the district in which they are located. Ground-mounted equipment shall be screened from view. Setback, landscaping, and screening requirements may be increased as appropriate to site conditions, and to protect neighboring properties and uses. All utilities proposed to serve a telecommunications site shall be installed underground.

(13) All abandoned or unused towers and associated facilities shall be removed within 12 months of the cessation of operations at the site, and the site shall be restored to its original appearance. A copy of the relevant portions of any signed lease that requires the applicant to remove the tower and associated facilities shall be submitted at the time of application. A

Formatted: Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: a, b, c, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 1.63" + Indent at: 1.88", Tab stops: 0", Left + 1.38", Left + 1.38", Left

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Indent: Hanging: 0.5", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

ARTICLE III: SPECIFIC USE PROVISIONS

bond or other acceptable form of surety may be required to ensure tower removal and site reclamation.

- (B) In addition to the site development plan required under Section 5.1, applications for new telecommunications facilities shall also include:
- (1) A report from a qualified and Vermont licensed professional engineer which describes telecommunication facility height, construction design and capacity, including cross-sections, elevations, potential mounding locations, and fall zones;
 - (2) Information regarding the availability of existing telecommunications facilities located within the site search ring for the proposed site, including written documentation from other telecommunications facility owners within the search ring that no suitable sites are available;
 - (3) A letter of intent committing the telecommunication facility owner and his/her successors to allow the shared use of the telecommunication facility if an additional user agrees in writing to meet reasonable terms and conditions for shared use;
 - (4) Written documentation that the proposed telecommunication facility shall comply with all requirements of the Federal Communication Commission, and the Federal Aviation Administration; and,
 - (5) Any additional information needed to determine compliance with the provisions of these regulations.
- (C) Telecommunications equipment mounted on existing structures may be permitted in all zoning districts subject to conditional usesite plan review under Section 5.2 and the following provisions:
- (1) No changes are made to the height or appearance of such structure except as required for mounting;
 - (2) The height of the antenna as mounted is not more than 10 feet higher than the structure and does not exceed height requirements under Section 4.5;
 - (3) No panel antenna shall exceed 72 inches in height or 24 inches in width;
 - (4) No dish antenna shall exceed 3 feet in diameter;
 - (5) Any accompanying equipment shall be screened from view;
 - (6) Antenna placement and installation shall adhere to (A) 6 criteria; and,
 - (7) -The telecommunication facility shall be located to minimize visibility and designed to blend into the surrounding environment to the greatest extent feasible through the use of vegetation, landscaping and screening, the use of compatible materials and colors or other camouflaging techniques.
- (D) Telecommunications facilities to be installed within existing structures may be permitted by the Zoning Administrator in all zoning districts, without conditional use approval provided that:

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.38", Hanging: 0.31", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.13", Hanging: 0.63", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

ARTICLE III: SPECIFIC USE PROVISIONS

- (1) Facilities are enclosed inside existing structures (e.g. silos, steeples, cupolas) and are substantially not visible.
- (E) The following are specifically exempted from the provisions of these regulations:
 - (1) A single ground or building mounted radio or television antenna or satellite dish not exceeding 72 inches in diameter which is intended solely for residential use, and does not, as mounted, exceed 35 feet in height above the lowest grade at ground level;
 - (2) All citizens band radio antenna or antenna operated by a federally licensed amateur radio operator which do not exceed a height of 50 feet above the grade level, whether free standing or mounted, and which meet all setback requirements for the district in which they are located.

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.38", Hanging: 0.37", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.13", Hanging: 0.62", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.38", Hanging: 0.38", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Section 3.4618 Temporary Uses & Structures

- (A) Temporary permits may be issued by the Zoning Administrator for certain non-conforming uses, described below, for a period not to exceed two (2) years, conditioned upon written agreement by the owner to remove the structure and/or discontinue the use upon expiration of the permit. Such permits may be renewed by the Zoning Administrator upon application for an additional period not exceeding one year. Any further renewal of temporary permits is contingent upon the site plan review and approval by the Development Review Board in accordance with Section 5.2.
- (B) Permits for temporary structures and/or uses may be issued for non-conforming uses, excluding residential uses, or non-complying structures which are:
 - (1) incidental to a construction project; or,
 - (2) associated with the road-side sale of agricultural products produced on the premises; or,
 - (3) is accessory to transportation services, such as a school bus shelter.
- (C) Temporary uses and/or structures may be exempt from the area, yard, and general regulations if their placement is not found to be hazardous to pedestrian and traffic movement. Where applicable, adequate off street parking is required.
- (D) Any trailer used for storage or other accessory use for a period exceeding thirty (30) days shall be considered a structure subject to all of the terms and conditions of this bylaw.

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0", Tab stops: 0", Left

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Section 3.4719 Wind Turbines

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0", Tab stops: 0", Left

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

ARTICLE III: SPECIFIC USE PROVISIONS

A) No Conditional Use Permit Required

- (1) **Applicants with a Certificate of Public Good (CPG):** Applicants who have received a Certificate of Public Good (CPG) from the Vermont Public Service Board (allowing them to net-meter their wind turbine) ~~DO NOT~~ do not need a Moretown zoning permit, however, they must certify that they have received a CPG. The applicant must submit a "Moretown Wind Turbine CPG Certification Form" to the zoning administrator with all necessary documentation. The zoning administrator will confirm the validity of the CPG, and send confirmation to the applicant.
- (2) **Small turbines on existing structures:** Wind turbines can be installed on existing structures. The mounting structure (pole) shall not extend more than 15 feet above the highest point on the structure. The turbine blades must be less than or equal to 10 feet in diameter. The applicant must submit a "Moretown Existing-Structure Wind Turbine Permit Form" to the zoning administrator with all necessary documentation. The zoning administrator will approve or deny the permit in accordance with these regulations.

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

B) **Conditional Use Permit Required - Applicants without a Certificate of Public Good (CPG):** Wind turbines may be permitted in zoning districts subject to conditional use review under Section 5.23 and the following provisions:

- (1) All turbines shall not be more than 40 feet higher than the surrounding forest canopy as measured from the lowest grade at ground level to the top of the highest structure or component (usually top of the blade). Forest canopy shall be defined as the average height of the five (5) tallest trees within 50 feet of the tower. The maximum height of any wind turbine is 150 feet.
- (2) Wind turbines shall be set back from all property lines, buildings, and public rights of way for a distance equaling their total height, including blades, unless otherwise permitted by the Development Review Board.
- (3) No wind turbine shall be located or operated in such a manner that it poses a potential threat to public health or safety.
- (4) Wind turbines shall be designed to avoid having an undue adverse aesthetic impact on prominent ridgelines and hilltops. In determining whether a wind turbines' aesthetic impact would be undue and adverse, the Development Review Board will consider:
 - a. The period of time during which the proposed turbine would be viewed by the traveling public on a public highway;

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

ARTICLE III: SPECIFIC USE PROVISIONS

- b. The frequency of the view experienced by the traveling public;
 - c. Background features in the line of sight to the proposed wind turbine that obscure the facility or make it more conspicuous;
 - d. The sensitivity or unique value of a particular view affected by the proposed wind turbine;
 - e. Significant disruption of a view shed that provides context to a historic or scenic resource.
- (5) Wind turbines shall not be illuminated by artificial means and shall not display strobe lights unless the Federal Aviation Administration or other federal or state authority specifically requires such lighting.
- (6) The use of any portion of a wind turbine for signs other than warning or equipment information signs is prohibited.
- (7) Access roads, and all utility buildings and structures accessory to a wind turbine shall be designed to aesthetically blend in with the surrounding environment and meet all other minimum requirements for the district in which they are located.
- (8) All abandoned or unused wind turbines and associated facilities shall be removed within 5 years of the cessation of operations at the site, and the site shall be restored to its original appearance.

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

ARTICLE IV GENERAL REGULATIONS

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left

Section 4.0 Applicability

The following general standards, including provisions required under the Act [§4412, §4413], apply to all uses and structures as specified within these regulations.

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0", Tab stops: 0", Left

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Section 4.1 Access and Frontage Requirements

(A) In accordance with the Act [§4412(3)], no land development may be permitted on lots including those in existence prior to the effective date of these regulations which do not have either frontage on a Town Class I, II, III, or State highway or public waters, or with the approval of the Development Review Board, access to such a road or waters by a permanent easement or right-of-way at least twenty (20) feet in width. The Board will consider intended use, safety, traffic, lot configuration and road and site conditions in granting or denying approval, and impose conditions as appropriate.

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0", Tab stops: 0", Left

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

(1) **Exception:** If development has been previously approved on a lot (i.e. where the property owner already has a permitted residence or camp), the zoning administrator has the authority to review and approve proposed additions to an existing structure, or accessory structures, so long as the application otherwise complies with all applicable provisions of these regulations.

Formatted: Font: Not Italic

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

(B) No lot shall be served by more than one (1) access road or driveway unless otherwise permitted under ~~conditional usesite plan~~ review in accordance with Section 5.2. Accesses (curb cuts) are to be installed in accordance with municipal and/or state regulations, and shall be of a designated width and not extend along the length of road frontage.

(C) Driveways are to be located one hundred (100) feet from a street or highway intersection for all uses, except one-and two-~~familyunit~~ residential uses, which shall be at least fifty (50) feet from the same unless otherwise approved by the Development Review Board in accordance with Section 5.2.

(D) Driveways are to be located at least five (5) feet from side property lines. The Development Review Board may, pursuant to Section 5.2, approve a driveway within five (5) feet of a property line in instances involving shared access or where traffic safety would be enhanced and both adjacent property owners approve of such location.

(E) Bridges that provide vehicular access must be approved by the Development Review Board in accordance with Section 5.2. In granting approval, the Board shall find the proposed bridge is accessible for emergency response vehicles. To this end, the applicant shall provide certification of the bridge design by a Vermont licensed professional engineer.

Section 4.2 Conversions and Changes of Use

A conversion or change of use from a permitted to a conditional use, or from a conditional use to another conditional use, requires conditional use approval. Changes or conversions involving nonconforming uses and/or noncomplying structures also are subject to the provisions of Section 4.8.

Section 4.3 Equal Treatment of Housing

Pursuant to the Act [§4412(1)], a mobile home shall be considered a single ~~family-unit~~ dwelling, and shall meet the same zoning requirements applicable to single ~~familyunit~~ dwellings, except when allowed as a temporary structure under Section 3.15 of these regulations. No provision of this bylaw may have the effect of excluding from the municipality housing to meet the needs of the population as determined in accordance with 24 V.S.A. § 4382(c). No provision of these regulations shall have the effect of excluding mobile homes, modular housing, or other forms of prefabricated housing from the municipality except upon the same terms and conditions as conventional housing is excluded.

Section 4.4 Existing Small Lots

- (A) In accordance with the Act [§4412(2)], any lot that is legally subdivided, is in individual and separate and nonaffiliated ownership from surrounding properties, and is in existence on the date of enactment of any bylaw, including an interim bylaw, may be developed for the purpose permitted in the district in which it is located, if such lot is at least one-eighth (1/8) of an acre in area with a minimum width or depth of forty (40) feet, even though the small lot no longer conforms to minimum lot size requirements of the new bylaw or interim bylaw. Development of the existing lot shall be subject to all other applicable requirements.
- (B) Existing small lots in affiliated or common ownership or such lots, which subsequently come under common ownership with one or more contiguous lots, shall be deemed merged with the contiguous lots for the purpose of these regulations. However, such lots shall not be deemed merged, and may be separately conveyed, if in accordance with the Act all of the following requirements are met:

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0", Tab stops: 0", Left

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0", Tab stops: 0", Left

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0", Tab stops: 0", Left

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Font: Not Italic

- (1) the lots are conveyed in their pre-existing, nonconforming configuration; and
- (2) on the effective date of any bylaw, each lot had been developed with a water supply and wastewater disposal system; and
- (3) at the time of transfer, each water supply and wastewater system is functioning in an acceptable manner; and,
- (4) the deeds of conveyance create appropriate easements on both lots for replacement of one or more wastewater systems, potable water systems, or both, in case a wastewater system fails, pursuant to the Act [§4412(2)(B)(iv)].

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Section 4.5 Height and Setback Requirements

(A) The maximum height of structures in all districts shall be ~~three (3) stories or thirty-five feet~~ (forty-five feet ~~in the Village District~~), ~~whichever is less~~, as measured from the median grade, except as permitted under Subsection (B), or for the following which are specifically exempted from the height requirements:

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0", Tab stops: 0", Left

Formatted: List Paragraph, Indent: Left: 0.38", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

- (1) agricultural structures in accordance with the Act [§4413];
- (2) church steeples, spires and belfries;
- (3) accessory structures associated with residential use which are less than 50 feet in height above the lowest grade at ground level, including antennas, flag poles, ornamental cupolas, chimneys, wind generators with blades less than 20 feet in diameter, and rooftop solar collectors.

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

(B) The Development Review Board may permit structures in excess of ~~thirtyfour~~-five (~~3545~~) feet subject to conditional use review under Section 5.2,3 provided that:

- (1) the structure does not constitute a hazard to public safety, or to adjoining properties;
- (2) the structure is not to be used for advertising purposes;
- (3) lighting, if deemed necessary by the Board in accordance with state and federal regulations, shall be restricted to the minimum required for security and safe operation; and,
- (4) the proposed building height and scale is consistent with the character of the immediate surroundings.

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

(C) Notwithstanding the minimum setback standards for front yards (setback from ~~centerline~~nearest edge of ~~road~~right-of-way) and side and rear yards (setback from parcel boundaries) for various zoning districts set forth in Article 2, Section 2.4, Tables 2.1 through 2.5, the DRB may allow the modification of building setbacks as a site plan or conditional use ~~reviewed~~review in accordance with Article 5.2 and 5.3 and subject to the following provisions:

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Not Highlight

Formatted: Condensed by 0.1 pt

(1) The DRB may allow for a reduction ~~of the front setbacks: from sixty five (65) feet to not less than forty five (45) feet (Agricultural Residential District and Preserve District); from forty five (45) feet to not less than thirty five (35) feet (Commercial District); side/rear setback reduction in the Preserve District rear setback~~ from twenty-five (25) to not less than ten (10) feet ~~(Agricultural Residential District and Commercial District) from the side or rear property line; and in the Preserve District rear setback reduction from twenty five (25) to not less than ten (10) feet and side setback reduction from one hundred (100) feet to not less than sixty five (65) feet,~~ if the reduction:

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

- a. accomplishes the preservation of a scenic feature (s) not otherwise protected by the required setback; or
- b. is necessitated by building constraints caused by geologic, topographic, or hydrologic conditions.

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + 1.38", Left + 1.38", Left + Not at 0.38"

(2) Any reduction of setback standards beyond the allowance described in subsection (1) above may only be granted in accordance with variance standards under Section 6.7.

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Condensed by 0.1 pt

~~(3)~~ This section does not apply to setbacks from surface waters set forth in Section 4.11. This section also does not apply to setbacks within the Village District.

Formatted: Condensed by 0.1 pt

Formatted: Condensed by 0.1 pt

(3) [Statutory references. 24 VSA Chapter 117 §§4412(6), 4413 and 4414(8)]

Formatted: List Paragraph, Numbered + Level: 2 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.63" + Indent at: 0.88", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: List Paragraph, Indent: Left: 0.88", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0", Tab stops: 0", Left

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Section 4.6 Landfill

Except for solid waste landfills certified under 10 V.S.A. Chapter 159, the dumping of refuse and waste material is prohibited. Topsoil, rock, stone, gravel, sand and other earth materials may be used for site grading and related site preparation activities associated with permitted land development.

Section 4.7 Lot and Yard Requirements

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0", Tab stops: 0", Left

(A) ~~There~~ Except in the Village District, there shall be only one principal structure or use per lot, unless otherwise specifically approved as part of a PUD under Section 5.24, or as a mixed use under Article III. In each district, a lot size minimum is specified.

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

(B) An accessory use or structure must conform to all lot setback, coverage and other dimensional requirements for the district in which it is located.

- (C) Front, side and rear yard setbacks shall be measured as the horizontal distance from the nearest point of a building or structure to the related front, side or rear property line. Where a lot fronts an existing public right-of way, the front yard setback shall be measured from the street centerline edge of the right of way (ROW) to the point on building closest to the street. Setbacks shall apply only to buildings and other above ground structures and do not, unless expressly set forth in these regulations, apply to wells, sewage disposal systems, driveways, and parking areas.
- (D) Any yard adjoining a street shall be considered a front yard. A corner lot shall be considered to have only front and side yards.
- (E) For any lot lacking road frontage, all setbacks from adjacent parcel boundaries shall be considered side setbacks.

Section 4.8 Nonconformities

- (A) Any lawful structure or any lawful use of any structure or land existing at the time of the enactment of these regulations may be continued, although such structure or use does not conform with the provisions of these regulations, provided the conditions in this section are met.
 - (1) The nonconforming use of a structure may be continued provided that such structure shall not be enlarged or extended unless the use therein is changed to a conforming use.
 - (2) A nonconforming structure that is devoted to a conforming use may be reconstructed, structurally altered, restored or repaired, in whole or in part, with the provision that the degree of the nonconformance shall not be increased.
 - (3) A nonconforming structure, or part thereof, shall be maintained, repaired, or restored to a safe condition as required by the zoning administrator.
 - (4) A nonconforming structure shall not have its degree of non-compliance increased.
 - (5) A nonconforming use shall not be extended or enlarged, nor shall it be extended to displace a conforming use, nor shall it be changed to another nonconforming use, nor shall it, if changed to a conforming use, thereafter be changed back to a nonconforming use.
- (B) A conforming structure used by a nonconforming use shall not be reconstructed, structurally altered, restored or repaired to an extent exceeding 100 percent of the gross floor area of such structure unless the use of such structure is changed to a conforming use.
- (C) Any nonconforming building or structure may be altered, including additions to the building or structure, provided such alteration does not exceed in aggregate cost 35 percent for residential properties and 25 percent for industrial and commercial property of the current assessed value as

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0", Tab stops: 0", Left

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

determined by the town assessor. If an addition or an expansion to a building or structure is proposed, the addition or expansion itself must comply with the provisions of these regulations (e.g. setback requirements).

(D) Any nonconforming structure damaged by any means to an extent greater than 50 percent of its current assessed value shall be permitted to be reconstructed only if the future use of the structure and the land on which it is located is in conformity with these regulations. Any nonconforming structure damaged by any means to an extent less than 50 percent of its current assessed value, the use of which is not in conformance with these regulations, may be rebuilt provided that:

- (1) The resumption of any nonconforming use (if any) takes place within one year of the time of its interruption.
- (2) The cost of such reconstruction or structural alteration is less than 50 percent of said assessed value.
- (3) The reconstruction or structural alteration is commenced within six months of the date of interruption and completed within 2 years of the date of interruption.
- (4) Where such reconstruction or structural alteration can reasonably be accomplished so as to result in greater compliance with these regulations, then the reconstruction or structural alteration shall be so done.
- (5) No later than six months after a permanent or temporary structure has been damaged, made uninhabitable, or has been abandoned, all scrap, debris, damaged or unsafe materials shall be removed from the site and any remaining excavation, foundation or cellar hole shall be covered over or filled to the existing grade by the property owner. Upon application by the property owner, the Development Review Board may enlarge the time to undertake such remedial work as a conditional use.

(E) No nonconforming use may be resumed if such use has been abandoned for a period of 1 year or more. A nonconforming use shall be considered abandoned when any of the following conditions exist:

- (1) when it is replaced by any other use,
- (2) when the intent of the owner to discontinue the use is apparent. Any one of the following may constitute prima facie evidence of a property owner's intent to abandon a use voluntarily
 - i. failure to take necessary steps within one year to resume the nonconforming use with reasonable dispatch in any circumstances, including without limitation failing to advertise the property for sale, rent, lease, or use.
 - ii. Discontinuance of the use for one consecutive year, or for a total of 18 months during any three-year period, or
 - iii. In the case where the nonconforming use is of land only, discontinuance of the use for

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Condensed by 0.1 pt

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

more than one (1) year.

- (3) when the characteristic equipment and furnishings have been removed from the premises and have not been replaced by similar equipment and furnishings within one (1) year, except in the event that the structure is damaged.

Section 4.9 Parking and Loading Requirements

(A) **Parking.** For every structure or use requiring [site plan review or](#) conditional use approval of the Development review Board in accordance with Section 5.2 [and 5.3](#), off-street parking spaces shall be provided as set forth below:

- (1) All required parking spaces shall have a minimum width of nine (9) feet, a minimum length of twenty (20) feet, and unobstructed access.
- (2) Parking areas intended for commercial and/or public use which are adjacent to [neighboring](#) residential uses shall be set back at least ten (10) feet from the nearest property line unless otherwise permitted by the Development Review Board.
- (3) All non-residential parking areas shall be located to the side or rear of buildings unless otherwise approved by the Development Review Board, and screened or otherwise visually hidden as viewed from public highways and from adjoining residential areas.
- (4) A minimum number of parking spaces as provided in accordance with the requirements listed in Table 4.1.
- (5) In addition to the requirements listed in Table 4.1, all commercial developments must provide adequate, clearly marked handicapped parking spaces in accordance with state and federal requirements.

(B) **Loading and Service Areas.** Where a proposed development will require the frequent or regular loading or unloading of goods, sufficient on-site service areas shall be provided. Service areas may also be required for emergency vehicles, waste disposal and collection, and other purposes as may be necessitated by the use. All loading and service areas shall be clearly marked and located in such a manner that parked vehicles will not block or obstruct sight visibility at intersections or to or from any internal road or access.

(C) **Waivers.** On-site parking, loading and/or service area requirements may be reduced or waived by the Development Review Board based on the Board's determination that due to circumstances unique to the development, the strict application of these standards is unnecessary.

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Table 4.1 Minimum Off-Street Parking Requirements

Use	Parking Spaces
Accessory Apartment	1 per dwelling unit
Bed and Breakfast	2 per dwelling unit, and 1 per lodging room
Home Occupation/Home-Based Business	2 per dwelling unit, and 1 per additional employee <u>which does not reside in the home</u>
Mixed Use	total required per each individual use
Multi-Family Dwelling	1.5 per dwelling unit
Professional Office	1 space plus one for every 300 sq. ft. of office space
Religious Institution	1 per 4 seats or 200 sq. ft. of gross floor area, whichever is greater
Retail Store	1 per 250 sq. ft. of retail floor area
<u>Residential Uses (including Accessory Dwelling and Multi-Unit Dwellings)</u>	<u>No minimum requirements apply</u>
School or Day Care (6 or more children)	3 spaces per 10 children enrolled at the facility
Unspecified	As determined by the Development Review Board

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left

Formatted: Left, Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted Table

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted Table

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted Table

Formatted: Right: 0", Line spacing: single, Tab stops: Not at 0.38"

Formatted Table

Formatted: Right: 0.03", Line spacing: single, Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted Table

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0", Tab stops: 0", Left

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Section 4.10 Performance Standards

- (A) No land or structure in any zoning district shall be used or occupied in any manner so as to create dangerous, injurious or noxious conditions that adversely affect the reasonable use of adjoining or nearby properties.
- (B) The following specific standards apply to all uses, with the exception of agriculture and forestry, in all districts. The burden of proof that the following standards are met shall fall on the applicant and/or all successors and assigns.
 - (1) No noise shall be permitted which is excessive at the property line or is incompatible with the reasonable use of the surrounding area. Excessive noise shall be considered a sound pressure level that exceeds 65 decibels at the property line on a regular or reoccurring basis.
 - (2) No glare, lights, or reflection shall be permitted which could impair the vision of a driver of any motor vehicle or which are detrimental to public health, safety, and welfare. Outdoor lighting shall be cut-off fixtures; wall mounted fixtures shall be shielded and down-cast. Such fixtures shall be directed so as not to cause glare on adjacent roadways, cause excessive levels of illumination, or result in direct illumination of neighboring properties.
 - (3) No fire, explosive or safety hazard shall be permitted which significantly endangers other

property owners or which results in a significantly increased burden on municipal facilities.

- (4) No smoke, dust, dirt or noxious gases which endanger or adversely affect the health, comfort, safety, or welfare of the public or neighboring property owners, or which causes damage to property, business, or vegetation shall be permitted.
- (5) There shall be no discharge of sewage, septage, or other harmful wastes into any public water, wetland, aquifer.

(C) Agricultural operations shall at minimum observe Required Agricultural Practices (RAPs) as defined and administered by the Vermont Department of Agriculture.

(D) Forestry operations shall at minimum observe Acceptable Management Practices (AMPs) as defined and administered by the Vermont Department of Forests, Parks and Recreation.

Section 4.11 Protection of Streams, Streambanks and Wetlands

- (A) No alteration of the natural course of any stream shall be allowed unless a stream alteration permit has been issued by the Vermont Department of Environmental Conservation in accordance with 10 VSA Chapter 41.
- (B) To prevent soil erosion, protect wildlife habitat and maintain water quality, land development shall be setback a minimum of fifty (50) feet from all streams and rivers to create a buffer strip. The 50' buffer strip shall be measured from the top of the bank or, where a clear bank is not discernible, from the mean water mark. No development, excavation, landfill or grading shall occur within the buffer strip, and vegetation shall be left in an undisturbed state, with the exception of clearing and associated site development necessary to accommodate the following:
 - (1) Road, driveway and utility crossings.
 - (2) Streambank stabilization and restoration projects, in accordance with all applicable State and Federal regulations.
 - (3) Unpaved bicycle and pedestrian paths and trails.
 - (4) Landscaping associated with residential uses.
 - (5) Public recreation facilities and improved river/lake accesses.
- (C) The expansion or enlargement of any structure in existence prior to the effective date of this ordinance and not in compliance with subsection 4.11 (B), above, is permitted with the approval of the Development Review Board in accordance with Section 4.8.
- (D) For development subject to conditional use review, minimum required setback and/or undisturbed

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0", Tab stops: 0", Left

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

buffer strip distances may be increased as appropriate based on site, slope or soil conditions and the nature of the proposed use.

- (E) A naturally vegetated buffer strip shall be maintained, of at least seventy-five (75) feet in uniform width, for Class Two wetlands, and one hundred (100) feet in uniform width, for Class One wetlands. No development, dredging, ditching or manipulation of vegetation will be permitted within neither the buffer strip nor within the wetland, unless in conformance with the Vermont Wetlands Rules. (For conformance requirements, contact the Agency of Natural Resources, Department of Environmental Conservation).

Section 4.12 **Residential Density**

(A) Residential density shall not exceed the maximum number of allowable dwelling units per acre as specified within Table 2.2.

(B) To calculate residential density multiply the available lot acreage by the maximum number of allowable dwelling units per acre. If calculation does not result in a whole number, round down to closest whole number. Example: in the Agricultural-Residential Zoning District the maximum dwelling unit per acre = 2, and the minimum lot size = 1 acre, if a property is 3.15 acres, then 3.15 acres x 2 du/a = 6.3 units, rounding down there can be up to 6 dwelling units on the property.

(C) As only one principal structure can be located on one lot, except in the Village District (as per Section 4.7), all allowable dwelling units must be located within one structure and would therefore be considered a multi-unit dwelling. Multiple, standalone dwelling units in Districts outside the Village District may be allowable if proposed as a Planned Unit Development (PUD).

(D) An Accessory Dwelling Unit (ADU) does not count when calculating density.

(E) A two-unit dwelling proposing to add a third unit shall be considered a multi-unit dwelling. A two-unit or multi-unit dwelling seeking to develop additional dwelling units in an accessory structure shall be approved as part of a PUD.

Formatted: Normal, Indent: Left: 0.13", Hanging: 0.25", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Normal, Indent: Left: 0.13", Hanging: 0.25", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Section 4.13 **Signs**

- (A) The purpose of this Section is to promote and protect the public health, safety, and welfare by regulating existing and proposed signs in the Town of Moretown. It is further intended hereby to control and reduce the proliferation of signs in order to protect the economic and scenic value of the Town, and in order to prevent hazards to users of the roads in the Town.

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0", Tab stops: 0", Left

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

(B) Any signs beside or within the State right-of-way must comply with State regulations.

(C) No sign shall be permitted except as hereinafter provided.

- (1) No signs shall be erected or substantially altered without a zoning permit being issued except for those signs exempt under subsection 8, below.
- (2) All signs must be well constructed and maintained in good repair and stable condition.
- (3) Advertising billboard signs shall not be permitted in any zoning district.
- (4) In the Village, Agricultural/Residential, and Preserve Districts, the following signs are permitted:
 - a. One home-based business sign in the Village not exceeding four (4) square feet;
 - b. Residence signs not exceeding two (2) square feet;
 - c. One sign identifying an industrial structure or use, not exceeding a total of sixteen (16) square feet;
 - d. One sign identifying any non-residential structure or use permitted in the Agricultural/Residential or Preserve Districts, not exceeding a total of sixteen (16) square feet;
- (5) In the Commercial District, the following signs are permitted:
 - a. All signs which are allowed in the Village, Agricultural/Residential, and Preserve Districts;
 - b. One individual business identification sign attached to or free standing from the premises not to exceed sixteen (16) square feet.
- (6) All signs shall comply with the following restrictions:
 - a. No permanent or commercial sign shall be permitted within or over a public right-of-way.
 - b. No sign shall be permitted which appears to direct the movement of traffic or which interferes with, imitates or resembles any official traffic, directional or route sign, signal or device.
 - c. No sign shall be permitted which prevents a clear and unobstructed view of official signs or approaching or merging traffic.
 - d. No lighting of signs shall be permitted unless such lighting is mounted to the top or side of the sign structure, directed so that the lighting illuminates only the surface area of the sign and is effectively shielded to prevent hazardous beams or rays of light from being directed at any portion of the main traveled way of a public road. The internal illumination of signs may only be permitted with the approval of the Development Review Board in accordance with Section 5.2.
 - e. No sign shall contain any moving parts.
 - f. No sign shall be erected, attached or maintained upon trees, or drawn or painted on rocks or other natural features, or upon utility poles.

- g. No sign shall be allowed which is not on the premises of the activity served by the sign.
 - h. No free-standing sign may be more than sixteen (16) feet high nor less than thirty (30) feet from any street center line nor nearer than ten (10) feet to any other lot line.
 - i. No sign~~7L~~ which is attached to a structure, may extend above the eaves of that part and side of the structure to which the sign is attached.
 - j. No sign shall contain any fluorescent paint.
- (7) The following additional signs may be permitted upon the granting of a conditional use approval by the Development Review Board as hereinafter provided:
- a. One free-standing or attached sign if it identifies two or more businesses located on the same premises upon a finding by the Development Review Board that the sign does not exceed twenty-four (24) square feet in area, meets the requirements set forth in subsection 5, above.
 - b. Up to two free-standing or attached signs if they identify ten or more businesses located on the same premises upon a finding by the Development Review Board that each sign does not exceed thirty-six (36) square feet in area, meets the requirements set forth in subsection 5, above.
- (8) The following shall be exempt from the sign requirements:
- a. Signs erected or administered by the Town or the State of Vermont under Title 10, VSA 21, whether maintained at private or public expense.
 - b. Small signs without advertising displayed for the direction, instruction or convenience of the public, including signs which identify rest rooms, freight entrances, "open/closed", posted areas or the like, with an area not exceeding two (2) square feet, provided such signs are on the premises of the activity served by the sign.
 - c. Signs to be maintained for not more than forty-five (45) days in any calendar year erected by fairs or expositions or signs announcing an auction, or a campaign drive, or event of a civic, political, philanthropic service, or religious organization.
 - d. Signs not exceeding sixteen (16) square feet, which are not visible in any substantial degree from premises other than that on which the sign is located.
 - e. Temporary real estate signs not exceeding six (6) square feet, offering for sale the premises on which such sign is situated.
 - f. Signs required by the street naming and addressing ordinance of the Town of Moretown to identify the physical address of a property.

Section 4.1314 Storage of Flammable Commodities

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0", Tab stops: 0", Left
 Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

(A) The storage of any highly flammable liquid or gas in tanks above ground, excluding tanks for residential purposes, with unit capacity greater than two thousand (2,000) gallons shall be prohibited, unless such tanks up to and including ten thousand (10,000) gallon capacity are placed not less than eighty (80) feet from all property lines, and unless all such tanks of more than ten thousand (10,000) gallon capacity are placed not less than two hundred (200) feet from all property lines.

Formatted: Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: A, B, C, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.25" + Indent at: 0.5", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

(B) All tanks (containing flammable liquids) having a capacity greater than two thousand (2,000) gallons shall be properly retained with dikes having a capacity not less than one and one-half (1.5) times the capacity of the tanks surrounded.

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: A, B, C, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.25" + Indent at: 0.5", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Section 4.4415 Storage of Motor Vehicles

In all districts, any motor vehicle, which is not State inspected, must be stored in an enclosed building or placed in a rear or side yard and screened from view from any public road. Unregistered motor vehicles used for on-site property maintenance, such as snow plowing or agricultural purposes, and up to two (2) motor vehicles are exempted from this provision.

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0", Tab stops: 0", Left

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Section 4.4516 Erosion and Sediment Control and Stormwater Management

(A) **Applicability.** To promote erosion control and stormwater management practices that maintain pre-development erosion rates and hydrology, all development ~~requiring a subject to site plan review or~~ conditional use ~~permit~~ is subject to the provisions of these regulations as follows.

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0", Tab stops: 0", Left

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: A, B, C, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.08" + Indent at: 0.38", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

(A)(B) **Exemptions.** Any development that requires a state stormwater permit is exempt from the approval requirements of Article 6, Section 6.4. However, it is suggested that the Low Impact Development Standards described in this Section be incorporated in the overall project design of State permitted projects as well.

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

(B)(C) **Application Requirements.** The following information shall be presented on a plan or plans drawn to scale with supporting documents and technical details. The DRB or Zoning Administrator may require that the application materials be prepared by a qualified professional. For further explanation on how to develop this information see The Low Risk Site Handbook and the Erosion Prevention and Sediment Control Field Guide at the Vermont Department of Environmental Conservation's Stormwater Management website at <http://www.vtwaterquality.org/stormwater.htm> or check with Moretown's Zoning Administrator.

- (1) An existing condition site assessment providing baseline information on features including slope profiles showing existing gradients, soil types, tree canopy and other vegetation, natural

waterbodies, wetlands and site features that aid in stormwater management including natural drainage ways and forested and vegetated lands located on stream and wetland buffers;

- (2) An erosion and sediment control plan that incorporates accepted management practices as recommended by the state in the most recent editions of ~~the~~The Low Risk Handbook for Erosion Prevention and Sediment Control or The Vermont Standards and Specifications for Erosion Prevention and Sediment Control, or the most recent Agency of Natural Resources standards as determined by the DRB.

Formatted: Numbered + Level: 2 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.63" + Indent at: 0.88", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

~~(C)(D)~~ **Sediment and Erosion Control Standards.** All development is subject to the following pre- development and construction site standards to ensure that all sources of soil erosion and sediment on the construction site are adequately controlled, and that existing site features that naturally aid in stormwater management are protected to the maximum extent practical. Standards are statements that express the development and design intentions of this article. The guidelines suggest a variety of means by which the applicant might comply with the standards. The guidelines are intended to aid the applicant in the design process and the Administrative Officer Zoning Administrator and the DRB when reviewing applications. Options for compliance with the standards are not limited to the guidelines listed.

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

- (1) **Minimize land disturbance.** Development of a lot or site shall require the least amount of vegetation clearing, soil disturbance, and duration of exposure, soil compaction and topography changes as possible.
 - a. To the extent feasible, soils best suited for infiltration shall be retained and natural areas consisting of tree canopy and other vegetation shall be preserved, preferably in contiguous blocks or linear corridors.
 - b. The time the soil is left disturbed shall be minimized.
 - b.c. The Administrative Officer Zoning Administrator or DRB may require project phasing to minimize the extent of soil disturbance and erosion during each phase of site development.
 - d. There shall be no soil compaction except in the construction disturbance area, which shall be identified and delineated in the field with appropriate safety or landscape fencing. In areas outside the disturbance area there shall also be no storage of construction vehicles, construction materials, or fill, nor shall these areas be used for circulation.
 - e. Development on steep slopes equal to or in excess of 15%, or which results in such slopes, shall be subject to conditional use review in accordance with Article 5.

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

- (2) **Preserve natural areas.** Development shall not result in an undue adverse impact on fragile environments, including wetlands, wildlife habitats, streams, lakes, steep slopes, floodplains

and vegetated riparian buffers.

- a. Open space or natural resource protection areas shall be retained preferably in contiguous blocks or linear corridors where feasible, for the protection of the best stormwater management features identified in the site assessment as required in Section ~~3-4~~C.16(B)(1).
- b. Forested lands located on stream and wetland buffers and steep slopes are priority areas and are subject to regulations in Section 4.11.
- c. Lot coverage and building footprints shall be minimized and where feasible, development clustered to minimize site disturbance and preserve large areas of undisturbed space. Environmentally sensitive areas, such as steep slopes shall be a priority for preservation and open space.

(3) **Manage water, prevent erosion and control sediment during construction.** Applicants shall maintain compliance with the accepted erosion prevention and sediment control plan as required by Section ~~3-4~~C.16(B) (2).

- a. Runoff from above the construction site must be intercepted and directed around the disturbed area.
- b. On the site itself, water must be controlled, and kept at low velocities, to reduce erosion in drainage channels.
- c. The amount of sediment produced from areas of disturbed soils shall be minimized by utilizing control measures such as vegetated strips, diversion dikes and swales, sediment traps and basins, check dams, stabilized construction entrances, dust control, and silt fences.
- d. Immediate seeding and mulching or the application of sod shall be completed at the conclusion of each phase of construction, or at the conclusion of construction if not phased.
- e. The applicant shall follow the erosion prevention and sediment control practices for construction that occurs from October 15th to May 15th found in *Section 3.2 Winter Construction Limitations* as outlined in The Vermont Standards and Specifications for Erosion Prevention and Sediment Control, or the most recent Agency of Natural Resources standards for winter construction.

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

~~(D)~~(E) **Low Impact Development (LID) Standards and Guidelines for Stormwater**

Management. All applications for development are subject to the following post construction stormwater management standards and guidelines to ensure that stormwater management approaches that maintain natural drainage patterns and infiltrate precipitation are utilized to the maximum extent practical.

The use of LID design approaches shall be implemented to the maximum extent practical given the

site's soil characteristics, slope, and other relevant factors. To the extent that LID design approaches are not proposed in the stormwater management plan, as required in Section 3-4(C.16(B)), the applicant shall provide a full justification and demonstrate why the use of LID approaches is not possible before proposing to use conventional structural stormwater management measures which channel stormwater away from the development site.

Standards are statements that express the development and design intentions of this article. The guidelines suggest a variety of means by which the applicant might comply with the standards.

- (1) Standard: **Vegetation and Landscaping**. Vegetative and landscaping controls that intercept the path of surface runoff shall be considered as a component of the comprehensive stormwater management plan.
 - a. Guideline (a): Design parking lot landscaping to function as part of the development's stormwater management system utilizing vegetated islands with bioretention functions.
 - b. Guideline (b): Incorporate existing natural drainage ways and vegetated channels, rather than the standard concrete curb and gutter configuration to decrease flow velocity and allow for stormwater infiltration.
 - c. Guideline (c): Divert water from downspouts away from driveway surfaces and into bioretention areas or rain gardens to capture, store, and infiltrate stormwater on-site.
 - d. Guideline (d): Consider construction of vegetative LID stormwater controls (bioretention, swales, filter strips, buffers) on land held in common.

- (2) Standard: **Reduce Impervious Surfaces**. Stormwater shall be managed through land development strategies that emphasize the reduction of impervious surface areas such as streets, sidewalks, driveway and parking areas and roofs.
 - a. Guideline (a): Evaluate the minimum widths of all streets and driveways to demonstrate that the proposed width is the narrowest possible necessary to conform to safety and traffic concerns and requirements
 - b. Guideline (b): Reduce the total length of residential streets by examining alternative street layouts to determine the best option for increasing the number of homes per unit length.
 - c. Guideline (c): Reduce driveway lengths by minimizing setback distances. Encourage common driveways.
 - d. Guideline (d): Use permeable pavement for parking stalls and spillover parking, sidewalks, driveways and bike trails.

- (3) Standard: **Low Impact Integrated Management Practices (IMPs)**. Stormwater shall be managed through the use of small-scale controls to capture, store and infiltrate stormwater

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.38", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

close to its source.

- a. Guideline (a): Create vegetated depressions, commonly known as bioretention areas or rain gardens that collect runoff and allow for short-term ponding and slow infiltration. Raingardens consist of a relatively small depressed or bowl-shaped planting bed that treats runoff from storms of one inch or less.
- b. Guideline (b): Locate dry wells consisting of gravel or stone-filled pits to catch water from roof downspouts or paved areas.
- c. Guideline (c): Use filter strips or bands of dense vegetation planted immediately downstream of a runoff source to filter runoff before it enters a receiving structure or water body. Natural or man-made vegetated riparian buffers adjacent to waterbodies provide erosion control, sediment filtering and habitat.
- d. Guideline (d): Utilize shallow grass-lined channels to convey and store runoff.
- e. Guideline (e): When paving, use permeable paving and sidewalk construction materials that allow stormwater to seep through into the ground.
- f. Guideline (f): Consider other LID techniques such as rooftop gardens and/or rain barrels and cisterns of various sizes that store runoff conveyed through building downspouts. Rain barrels are generally smaller structures, located above ground. Cisterns are larger, often buried underground, and may be connected to the building's plumbing or irrigation system.
- g. Guideline (g): Add minerals and organic materials to soils to increase its capacity for absorbing moisture and sustaining vegetation.

~~(E)~~(F) **Development on Steep Slopes.** The intent of these regulations is to protect areas of steep slope within the Town of Moretown from the adverse effects of site disturbance and development as necessary to:

- a. Prevent landslides,
- b. prevent soil erosion, including the loss of topsoil,
- c. minimize stormwater runoff and prevent flooding,
- d. control sedimentation and prevent water quality degradation, and
- e. provide safe, stable building sites.

(1) Applicability

- a. **Steep slopes (15 + %).** Development involving the site disturbance, excavation, filling, or regarding of 1000 or more square feet of land with a gradient of 15% or more, and driveways on land that exceeds an average gradient of 12% or more over any 50-foot section, as determined from mapped contour intervals or site inspection, shall be subject to conditional use review and approval from by the Development Review Board under Article 5 and the requirements of the Subsections below.

Formatted: Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: a, b, c, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 1.63" + Indent at: 1.88", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

b. **Very Steep Slopes (25 + %).** No site disturbance of development shall take place on very steep slopes with natural gradients of 25% or more, with the exception of the following, which are subject to conditional use review and approval by the Development Review Board under Article 5, and the requirements of the Subsections below.

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

i. limited site improvements necessary to facilitate development on contiguous land with a slope of less than 25% gradient

c. **Exemptions.** The following are specifically exempted from the requirements of this section:

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

- i. Hiking, rock climbing and back country skiing trails.
- ii. Agricultural and forestry operations that incorporate accepted management practices established by the State of Vermont.
- iii. Sand, gravel, quarrying, and other extraction operations regulated under Section 4-133.6 of these Regulations.
- iv. Sanitary landfills regulated by the State of Vermont as public facilities (see Section 4-126.3).

(2) **Application Requirements.** In addition to application requirements under Section 5.23, conditional use approval for development on steep and very steep slopes shall be contingent upon the submission and Board approval of the following, as prepared by a qualified professional engineer licensed by the State of Vermont:

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

a. A grading plan drawn at scale which indicates existing and proposed grades with contour lines at five (5) foot intervals within any area of proposed activity, site disturbance or construction, including access routes. The grading plan shall depict slope classes of 0-14.9%, 15-24.9% and 25% or more, based on five (5) foot contours analyzed on a ten foot (10') horizontal interval.

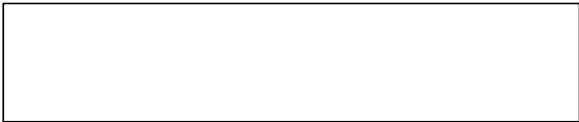
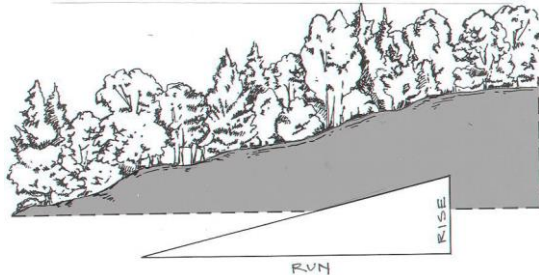
(3) **Review.** The Board may require an independent technical review of grading and erosion prevention and sedimentation control plans by a qualified engineer, in accordance with Section 5.1(A). Based upon information submitted, the Board shall find that:

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

- a. Development, including building envelopes or footprints, driveways, parking areas and septic systems, will be sited to avoid areas of steep and very steep slope in order to minimize the need for site clearing, grading, cut, and fill.
- b. House sites, subsurface sewage systems and parking areas are located on the flattest portion of the site.
- c. Existing drainage patterns and vegetation will be retained and protected to avoid altering or relocating natural drainage ways, and to avoid increases in the amount of

stormwater runoff being discharged into drainage ways as a result of site compaction, the unnecessary removal of vegetative cover, or re-contouring of land surface. Any proposed regarding will blend in with the natural contours and undulations of the land.

- d. Terracing for building sites will be minimized, and structures will be designed to fit into rather than alter the slope, by employing methods such as reduced footprints, stilt and step-down building designs, and by minimizing grading outside the building footprint.
- e. Driveways and roads will follow the natural contours of the land, and shall not exceed an average finished grade of 12% over any 50-foot section [see also Section 34.1].
- f. The topsoil removed from all disturbed areas will be stockpiled and stabilized in a manner that minimizes erosion and sedimentation and allows for replacement elsewhere on the site at the time of final regarding. Topsoil shall not be stockpiled on slopes of greater than 10 percent (10%).
- g. Cut and fill slopes will be rounded off to eliminate any sharp angles at the tops, bottoms and sides of regarded slopes, and shall not exceed a slope of one vertical to two horizontal (1:2), except where retaining walls, structural stabilization or other accepted engineering methods are proposed. Structures will be set back from the tops and bottoms of such slopes an adequate distance (generally six (6) feet plus one-half the height of the cut or fill) to ensure structural safety in the event of slope collapse.
- h. Clean fill shall be used and compacted sufficiently to support proposed structures and uses.
- i. Rock outcrops will be avoided or, where determined by the Board to be a hazard, will be removed or stabilized. Explosives shall be used only in accordance with accepted practices and applicable state regulations; the Board, as a condition of approval, may require notification of adjoining property owners prior to blasting.
- j. Permanent vegetation will be re-established and maintained on undeveloped disturbed slopes in accordance with an approved landscaping plan for the site.



~~Slope, or gradient, is measured as the increase in rise over run. In this example, the rise increases~~

~~(climbs) 15 feet over a distance (run) of 100 feet, which results in a 15% slope.~~

ARTICLE V DEVELOPMENT REVIEW

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left

Section 5.0 Applicability

Formatted: Font: Not Bold

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.35", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Section 5.0.1 Permitted Uses and Administrative Review

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0", Tab stops: 0", Left

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left

~~(A) Section 5.0.2 — Other Uses and Development Review Board Review~~ **Conditional Permitted Uses:**

Approval by the Zoning Administrator is required for the establishment of any land use designated as a Permitted Use (P) in Article II and includes the establishment of Single-unit Dwellings, Two-Unit Dwellings, Accessory Dwelling Units, Home occupations, Accessory structures to residential uses; and minor amendments to site plan permits, conditional use permits, subdivision plats and plans, and planned unit developments previously approved by the Development Review Board.

(1) The following types of amendments shall be considered eligible for administrative review and approval by the Zoning Administrator:

- a. Relocation of site improvements and/or accessory structures that have been previously approved, provided such relocations are located within or do not alter any previously approved rights-of-way, building envelopes, setbacks, or coverage requirements for the site;
- b. Minor alterations to approved landscaping or screening plans, for example to allow for the substitution of landscaping or screening materials, that do not violate or alter the conditions of previous approvals;
- c. An increase in building area and/or impervious coverage totaling no more than 3% of the overall site coverage, or 1,000 square feet, whichever is less, and the total coverage is less than or equal to the maximum allowable lot coverage in the zoning district.
- d. A change in use from an approved conditional or permitted use to another conditional or permitted use allowable within the district that does not alter or have the effect of altering the conditions of any previous approval. This could include a change in building ownership or tenancy or use, including within a mixed use building, which does not result in any increased demand for parking or wastewater, unless those parking or wastewater demands are met; and,
- e. Other types of revisions or amendments, as specified in the Board's findings and conditions, if the decision clearly specifies the thresholds and conditions under which administrative review and approval shall be allowed.

(2) No new development shall be approved that results in a substantial impact under any of

the standards of these regulations or the conditions of approval; and no amendment issued as a result of an administrative review shall have the effect of substantially altering the findings of fact, conclusions or conditions of the Board's applicable approval(s).

(3) Administratively-approved amendments are not subject to the *Stowe Club Highlands / Hildebrand* analysis. Instead, the standards set forth in Section 5.0.1(A)(1) are intended to supplant that analysis and serve the function of balancing finality and flexibility in permitting.

(4) At least fifteen (15) days prior to the issuance of an administrative amendment:

a. Notice of an application for an administrative amendment shall be posted in three (3) or more public places in the municipality, including posting within view of the public right(s)-of-way nearest to the property for which the application is being made;

b. Written notification of the application shall be mailed by the applicant to the owners of all properties adjoining the property subject to subdivision or development, without regard to public rights-of-way, to every person or body appearing and having been heard in related proceedings before the Development Review Board, and to the Development Review Board members. The applicant shall also demonstrate proof of delivery to those persons listed above, either by certified mail, return receipt requested, or by written notice hand-delivered or mailed to the last known address, supported by a signed, sworn statement of service;

c. Prior to the issuance of the administrative amendment, any interested person, including any Development Review Board member, may file a written request that the application be heard by the Development Review Board, rather than being acted upon by the Zoning Administrator. Such request shall be filed with the Secretary of the Development Review Board, or the Town Clerk if no Secretary has been elected, and by filing a copy of the request with the Zoning Administrator. A request filed with the Development Review Board under this section shall be in writing and shall include:

- i. The name and address of the requesting party;
- ii. A brief description of the property with respect to which the request is made;
- iii. A reference to applicable provisions of these regulations;
- iv. The request that the application be heard by the Development Review Board, rather than being acted upon by the Zoning Administrator; and
- v. The alleged grounds for why such application should not be acted upon by the Zoning Administrator by rather heard by the Development Review Board. The matter shall then be scheduled and heard by the Development Review Board in its ordinary course of business.

(5) Administrative approvals shall be issued by the Zoning Administrator in the same manner

as zoning permits under Section 6.2(C), and may be appealed to the Development Review Board in accordance with Section 6.6. The Zoning Administrator shall create a written decision and copies of the decision shall also be sent, within three (3) days of issuance, to the owners of all properties adjoining the property subject to subdivision or development, without regard to public rights-of-way, and to every person or body appearing and having been heard in prior related proceedings before the Development Review Board.

(6) Administrative approvals shall be recorded in the same manner as other permits and approvals, and in accordance with the requirements of Section 6.2. Administrative amendments to an approved subdivision plat shall also meet plat recording requirements under Section 5.5.4 of the Subdivision Regulations.

Section 5.0.2 Other Uses and Development Review Board Review

(A) **Site Plan Review** approval by the Development Review Board is required for the establishment of any land use designated as a Permitted Use with Site Plan approval (SP) in Article II. Applications for Site Plan review shall be reviewed in accordance with Section 5.2.

(A)(B) **Conditional Use Review** approval by the Development Review Board is required for the establishment of any land use designated as a ~~conditional use~~ **Conditional Use** in Article II, or as otherwise specified under Article IV, or any land development associated with such a use. Applications for conditional use review shall be reviewed in accordance with Section ~~5.2~~ **5.2 and 5.3.**

(B)(C) **Flood Hazard Area Review** approval by the Development Review Board is required for construction of new buildings or the substantial improvement of existing buildings within the Flood Hazard Area Overlay District. Applications for flood hazard review shall be reviewed in accordance with Section 5.24.

(C)(D) **Planned Unit Development (PUD)** standards may be applied by the Development Review Board at the request of the applicant for any parcel which meets the minimum lot size for the district within which it is located, in accordance with Section 5.34.

(E) **Subdivisions** standards may be applied by the Development Review Board at the request of the applicant for any parcel which meets the minimum lot size for the district within which it is located in accordance with Section 5.5.

Section 5.1 Application Requirements

(A) An applicant for Site Plan Review, Conditional Use or PUD review shall submit, in addition to zoning

Formatted: Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: A, B, C, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.12" + Indent at: 0.38", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Bullets and Numbering

Formatted: Condensed by 0.15 pt

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: A, B, C, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.12" + Indent at: 0.38", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Bullets and Numbering

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: A, B, C, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.12" + Indent at: 0.38", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Bullets and Numbering

Formatted: List Paragraph, Indent: Left: 0.38", No bullets or numbering, Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at

Formatted: Font: Bold

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0", Tab stops: 0", Left

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

permit application requirements under Section 6.1, eight (8) complete copies of a site development plan to include the following:

- (1) The names and addresses of the property owner(s) of record, the applicant if different from the property owners, and the person(s) or firm preparing the application and plan.
- (2) Proof that all adjoining property owners, as determined from the current Moretown Grand List, have been notified that the application is being submitted and a brief description of the nature of the application. This requirement may be satisfied by the submission of a list of property owners and addresses together with proof of mailing from the U.S. Postal Service or a certificate of service or comparable affidavit signed by the applicant.
- (3) A site development plan, drawn to scale, which shows the following:
 - a. north arrow, scale and application date;
 - b. existing and proposed property boundaries, easements and rights-of-way;
 - c. zoning district boundaries;
 - d. existing features, including prominent topographic features and areas of steep slope (15% or greater); surface waters, wetlands and associated buffers; designated floodplain and source protection areas; land cover; and critical habitat areas and historic sites;
 - e. existing and proposed structures, including building footprints, building elevations depicting general design features, walls and fence lines, utilities, roads, driveways, parking and loading areas;
 - f. existing and proposed traffic and pedestrian circulation patterns, including accesses onto or connections with adjoining properties, public roads and public waters, and associated sidewalks, pathways or trails serving the proposed development;
 - g. water supply and wastewater disposal system locations;
 - h. proposed grading, drainage, landscaping, screening, signage, and/or lighting details; and,
- (4) Any additional information required by the Development Review Board to determine project conformance with the provisions of this bylaw (e.g., site plan prepared by licensed engineer or surveyor; erosion control, stormwater management or site reclamation plans; traffic, fiscal or visual impact analyses).
- (5) For development in the flood hazard area overlay district, the elevation, in relation to mean sea level, of the lowest floor, including basement, of all new or substantially improved buildings; the elevation, in relation to mean sea level, to which buildings will be floodproofed; proposed floodproofing measures; and any comments received from the Vermont Department of Environmental Conservation following their review of the application.
- (6) In accordance with 24 V.S.A. § 4416, whenever a proposed site plan involves access to a State highway, the application for site plan approval shall include a letter of intent from the Agency

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: List Paragraph, Numbered + Level: 2 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.63" + Indent at: 0.88", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

of Transportation confirming that the Agency has reviewed the proposed site plan and is prepared to issue an access permit under 19 V.S.A. § 1111, and setting out any conditions that the Agency proposes to attach to the section 1111 permit.

(B) The application will not be considered complete until all required forms, information and fees have been submitted. The Development Review Board may waive one or more application requirements if they determine the information is unnecessary for the comprehensive review of the application. Such waiver will be made at the time the application is accepted and deemed complete.

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

~~(A)~~

~~(B)~~

Section 5.2 Site Plan Review

(A) Any use or structure requiring Site Plan approval, shall not be issued a zoning permit by the Zoning Administrator until the Development Review Board grants such approval in accordance with the Act [§ 4416], and the following standards and procedures.

(B) In accordance with the Act [§4464], the Development Review Board shall schedule a public hearing, noticed in accordance with Section 6.5 (2), not less than 7 days prior to the date of the public hearing. The Board may recess the convened hearing to require the submission of additional information from the applicant, or to allow for the submission of information from other parties.

The Board shall act to approve, approve with conditions, or disapprove an application for Site Plan review, within forty five (45) days of the date of the final public hearing; and shall issue a written decision to include findings, any conditions deemed necessary to ensure compliance with the standards set forth below, and provisions for appeal. Failure to act within the forty five (45) day period shall be deemed approval.

(C) **Specific Standards.** In addition to the General Regulations set forth in Article IV, the Development Review Board may impose specific conditions or require project modifications to ensure the following:

(1) **Location of Structures.** The design and location of structures will be compatible with their proposed setting and context, as determined in relation to zoning district objectives and requirements, existing site conditions and features, and adjoining structures and uses. Conditions may be imposed with regard to siting, density, setbacks, height, scale and/or orientation, to ensure compatibility.

(2) **Traffic and Pedestrian Circulation.** A coordinated, safe and efficient system for vehicular and

Formatted: Numbered + Level: 2 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.63" + Indent at: 0.88", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

pedestrian circulation will be provided on and off-site in accordance with all applicable municipal and state standards. Conditions may be imposed with regard to intersections, pedestrian paths and crossings, and the number and size of curb cuts, including the reduction, consolidation or elimination of noncomplying curb cuts, and/or provisions for shared access with adjoining parcels.

- (3) Parking and Service Areas.** Parking and service areas will be provided in accordance with the requirements of Section 4.9 and be designed to minimize off-site visibility and stormwater runoff. Nonresidential parking and service areas shall be located to the side or rear of buildings, unless otherwise approved by the Board in relation to existing site limitations. Conditions may be imposed with regard to siting, landscaping, screening, paving, curbing and/or sharing of parking and service areas with adjoining parcels.
- (4) Outdoor Storage & Display.** The storage or display of outside materials, goods, supplies, vehicles, machinery, or other materials shall be prohibited unless specifically approved by the Board. Secured, covered areas shall be provided for the collection and on-site storage of trash and recyclables generated by the proposed development. In approving such outdoor display or storage, the Board may place conditions on the area and location of such storage or display and may require appropriate screening.
- (5) Stormwater Management.** Stormwater runoff will be managed to ensure that such runoff will not result in adverse impacts to neighboring properties, town roads, or water quality. Applications shall be subject to the provisions of Section 4.15.
- (6) Lighting.** Lighting associated with the proposed development will be the minimum required for safety and security and will not adversely affect neighboring properties and uses or the quality of the night sky; exterior lighting shall generally be limited to cut-off fixtures. Such fixtures shall be directed so as not to cause glare on adjacent roadways, cause excessive levels of illumination, or result in direct illumination of neighboring properties. The Board may restrict the maximum level of illumination on all or a portion of the property. A lighting plan may be required and incorporated as a condition to approval.
- (7) Landscaping & Screening.** Proposed landscaping and screening (which may include but not be limited to shade and street trees, shrubs, planting beds, buffers, and ground covers) will preserve and incorporate existing vegetation; be suited to existing site conditions; enhance features unique to the site; and not obstruct scenic views or road visibility. Conditions may be imposed as appropriate with regard to the amount, type, size, and location of landscaping and screening materials. A three (3) year landscaping plan, and/or bond or other surety to ensure installation and maintenance may be required and incorporated as a condition to approval.
- (8) District and Use Standards.** All development shall comply with all applicable specific use standards set forth in Article III, and all district standards set forth in Article II.
- (9) -Performance Standards.** All development shall comply with requirements of Section 4.10.

Formatted: Numbered + Level: 2 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.63" + Indent at: 0.88", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: List Paragraph, Left, Numbered + Level: 2 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.63" + Indent at: 0.88", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Section 5.3 Conditional Use Review

(A) Any use or structure requiring conditional use approval, including all projects located within the Flood Hazard Overlay District, shall not be issued a zoning permit by the Administrative Officer Zoning Administrator until the Development Review Board grants such approval in accordance with the Act [§ 4414(3)], and the following standards and procedures.

(B) In accordance with the Act [§4464], the Development Review Board shall schedule a public hearing, warned in accordance with Section 6.5, not less than 15 days prior to the date of the public hearing. The Board may recess the convened hearing to require the submission of additional information from the applicant, or to allow for the submission of information from other parties. The Board shall act to approve, approve with conditions, or disapprove an application for conditional use review, within forty-five (45) days of the date of the final public hearing; and shall issue a written decision to include findings, any conditions deemed necessary to ensure compliance with the standards set forth below, and provisions for appeal. Failure to act within the forty-five (45) day period shall be deemed approval.

(C) Specific Standards: Conditional use approval shall be granted by the Development Review Board upon finding that the proposed conditional use meets all the Site Plan specific standards, as listed within Section 5.2 (D) and, in addition, shall not result in an undue adverse effect on any of the following:

- (1) **The capacity of existing or planned community services or facilities.** The Board shall consider the demand for community services and facilities resulting from the proposed development in relation to the available capacity of such services and facilities including, but not limited to, schools, emergency services and road maintenance.
- (2) **The character of the area affected.** The Board shall consider the location, scale, type, density and intensity of use associated with the proposed development in relation to the character of the area likely to be affected, as defined by the Board based on the Moretown Town Plan, applicable zoning district purposes and standards, submitted materials, and testimony presented at public hearing.
- (3) **Traffic on roads and highways in the vicinity.** The Board shall consider the potential impact of projected traffic resulting from the proposed development in relation to the condition, capacity, safety, and function of roads and associated infrastructure (e.g., bridges, culverts) potentially affected by the proposed development.
- (4) **Bylaws in effect.** The Board shall consider whether the proposed development complies with all bylaws in effect at the time of application, including other applicable provisions of this zoning bylaw, and other prior municipal permits and/or approvals.
- (5) **The utilization of renewable energy resources.** The Board shall consider whether the

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0", Tab stops: 0", Left

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Condensed by 1.45 pt

Formatted: Font: Garamond

Formatted: Normal, Indent: Left: 1.29", Hanging: 0.15", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

proposed development will interfere with the sustainable use of renewable energy resources, including access to, direct use or future availability of such resources.

(D) Specific Standards. In addition to the ~~General Standards~~ set forth above, the Development Review Board may impose specific conditions or require project modifications to ensure the following:

Formatted: Font: Bold

~~(1) Location of Structures. The design and location of structures will be compatible with their proposed setting and context, as determined in relation to zoning district objectives and requirements, existing site conditions and features, and adjoining structures and uses. Conditions may be imposed with regard to siting, density, setbacks, height, scale and/or orientation, to ensure compatibility.~~

Formatted: Numbered + Level: 2 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.63" + Indent at: 0.88", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

~~(2)(1) Traffic and Pedestrian Circulation. A coordinated, safe and efficient system for vehicular and pedestrian circulation will be provided on and off site in accordance with all applicable municipal and state standards. Conditions may be imposed with regard to intersections, pedestrian paths and crossings, and the number and size of curb cuts, including the reduction, consolidation or elimination of noncomplying curb cuts, and/or provisions for shared access with adjoining parcels.~~

Formatted: Numbered + Level: 2 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.63" + Indent at: 0.88", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

~~(3) Parking and Service Areas. Parking and service areas will be provided in accordance with the requirements of Section 4.9, and be designed to minimize off-site visibility and stormwater runoff. Nonresidential parking and service areas shall be located to the side or rear of buildings, unless otherwise approved by the Board in relation to existing site limitations. Conditions may be imposed with regard to the extent, siting, landscaping, screening, paving, curbing and/or sharing of parking and service areas with adjoining parcels.~~

~~(4) Outdoor Storage & Display. The storage or display of outside materials, goods, supplies, vehicles, machinery or other materials shall be prohibited unless specifically approved by the Board. Secured, covered areas shall be provided for the collection and on-site storage of trash and recyclables generated by the proposed development. In approving such outdoor display or storage, the Board may place conditions on the area and location of such storage or display, and may require appropriate screening.~~

~~(5) Stormwater Management. Stormwater runoff will be managed to ensure that such runoff will not result in adverse impacts to neighboring properties, town roads, or water quality. A stormwater management and/or erosion control plan may be required and incorporated as a condition to approval. Please refer to requirements of Section 4.15.~~

~~(6) Lighting. Lighting associated with the proposed development will be the minimum required~~

~~for safety and security, and will not adversely affect neighboring properties and uses or the quality of the night sky; exterior lighting shall generally be limited to cut-off fixtures. Such fixtures shall be directed so as not to cause glare on adjacent roadways, cause excessive levels of illumination, or result in direct illumination of neighboring properties. The Board may restrict the maximum level of illumination on all or a portion of the property. A lighting plan may be required and incorporated as a~~ **conditions to approval.**

~~(7)(1) **Landscaping & Screening.** Proposed landscaping and screening (which may include but not be limited to shade and street trees, shrubs, planting beds, buffers, and ground covers) will preserve and incorporate existing vegetation, be suited to existing site conditions, enhance features unique to the site, and not obstruct scenic views or road visibility. Conditions may be imposed as appropriate with regard to the amount, type, size, and location of landscaping and screening materials. A three (3) year landscaping plan, and/or bond or other surety to ensure installation and maintenance may be required and incorporated as a condition to approval.~~

~~(1) (6) **District and Use Standards.** All development shall comply with all applicable specific use standards set forth in Article III, and all district standards set forth in Article II.~~

4 Flood Hazard Area Development Standards

Base Section 5.4 Flood Hazard Area Development Standards

(A) Determining base Flood Elevations and Floodway Limits

A-(1) Where available, base flood elevations and floodway limits (or data from which a community can designate regulatory floodway limits) provided by the National Flood Insurance Program in the Flood Insurance Study and accompanying maps shall be used to administer and enforce these regulations.

B-(2) In areas where base flood elevations and floodway limits have not been provided by the National Flood Insurance Program in the Flood Insurance Study and accompanying maps, base flood elevations and floodway data provided by FEMA or available from State or Federal agencies or other sources, shall be obtained and utilized to administer and enforce these regulations.

Formatted: Numbered + Level: 2 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.63" + Indent at: 0.88", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: List Paragraph, Left, Numbered + Level: 2 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.63" + Indent at: 0.88", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Font: +Body (Calibri), Bold

Formatted: Body Text, Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: A, B, C, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.25" + Indent at: 0.5", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Numbered + Level: 2 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.75" + Indent at: 1", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Numbered + Level: 2 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.75" + Indent at: 1", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

C.(3) Until a regulatory floodway has been designated, no new construction, substantial improvements, or other development shall be permitted unless it is demonstrated that the cumulative effect of the proposed development, when combined with all other existing development and anticipated development will not increase the water surface elevation of the base flood more than one foot at any point within the community.

Formatted: Numbered + Level: 2 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.75" + Indent at: 1", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Normal, Indent: Left: 0.75", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

(B) Review and Approval Process

Mandatory state [§4424] and federal [44 CFR 60.3 and 60.6] requirements for continued eligibility in the National Flood Insurance Program – including but not limited to associated structural standards, definitions, administrative and variance requirements – are hereby adopted by reference and shall be applied to all development in this district. Accordingly:

- (1) Applications for development within the Flood Hazard Area Overlay District shall be submitted in accordance with the provisions of Sections 5.1 and 6.2, and are subject to state and federal agency referral requirements in accordance with Section 6.4.
- (2) Development in the Flood Hazard Area Overlay District shall be subject to conditional use review under Section 5.3, including criteria under Section 5.3 (E) specific to development within designated flood hazard areas, as well as applicable requirements of the underlying zoning district. Where this overlay imposes more restrictive standards on the construction and use of structures or land, the most restrictive standards shall apply.
- (3) Requests for variances for development within the Flood Hazard Area Overlay District shall be subject to review under Section 6.7, including but not limited to variance criteria under Section 6.7 (C) specific to variances with designated flood hazard areas.
- (4) Permits, certifications and variance actions for development within the Flood Hazard Area Overlay District shall be recorded by the Zoning Administrator in accordance with the provisions of Section 6.9(B).

(C) General Standards

- (1) Uses permitted within the Flood Hazard Area Overlay specifically include agriculture and forestry, unimproved open space, recreational and educational uses, and those uses generally permitted within existing single-unit dwellings (i.e., day care facilities and group homes as defined, and home occupations).
- (2) Junkyards and storage facilities for floatable materials, chemicals, explosives, flammable liquids, or other hazardous or toxic materials, are specifically prohibited within the floodway.
- (3) All uses and structures allowed within the underlying zoning district as listed within Table 2.1 including but not limited to expanded single-unit dwellings, shall be subject to Site Plan or Conditional Use review under Section 5.2 and 5.3, as well as all other applicable municipal and state regulations.

Formatted: Font: Bold

(D) Specific Development Standards

In addition to applicable general and specific standards set forth above, the Development Review Board may impose specific conditions or require project modifications for development within the Flood Hazard Area Overlay District in accordance with the following standards:

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.5", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

(1) Development within floodways is prohibited unless a registered professional engineer certifies that the proposed development will not result in any increase in flood levels during the occurrence of the base flood. ~~Junkyards and storage facilities for floatable materials, chemicals, explosives, flammable liquids, or other hazardous or toxic materials, are specifically prohibited within the floodway.~~

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

(2) All development shall be designed to ~~(a)~~:
a. minimize flood damage to the proposed development and to public facilities and utilities; ~~and (b) to~~
~~(2)~~b. provide adequate drainage to reduce exposure to flood hazards.

Formatted: Font: Garamond

(3) Structures shall be ~~(a)~~:
a. designed (or modified) and adequately anchored to prevent flotation, collapse, or lateral movement of the structure during the occurrence of the base flood, ~~(b) be~~;
b. constructed with materials resistant to flood damage, ~~(c) be~~;
c. constructed by methods and practices that minimize flood damage; ~~(d) be~~
~~(3)~~d. constructed with electrical, heating, ventilation, plumbing and air conditioning equipment and other service facilities that are designed and/or located so as to prevent water from entering or accumulating within the components during conditions of flooding.

Formatted: Right: 0.35", Line spacing: single, Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: a, b, c, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.88" + Indent at: 1.13", Tab stops: Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Bullets and Numbering

(4) The flood carrying capacity within any altered or relocated portion of a watercourse shall be maintained.
(5) New and replacement water supply and sanitary sewage systems shall be designed to minimize or eliminate the infiltration of flood waters into the systems and discharges from the systems into flood waters.

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Bullets and Numbering

(6) On-site waste disposal systems shall be located to avoid impairment to them or contamination from them during flooding.
(7) ~~New and replacement~~Replacement manufactured homes shall be elevated on properly compacted fill such that the top of the fill (the pad) under the entire manufactured home is above the base flood elevation.

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

(8) The lowest floor, including basement, of all new buildings shall be at or above the base flood elevation,

(9) Existing buildings to be substantially improved for residential purposes shall be modified or elevated to meet the requirements of Subsection (8).

(10) Existing buildings to be substantially improved for nonresidential purposes shall either ~~(a)~~:

a. meet the requirements of subsection (8), or (b)

b. be designed to be watertight below the base flood elevation with walls substantially impermeable and with structural components having the capability of resisting hydrostatic and hydrodynamic loads and effects of buoyancy.

(10) A permit for a building proposed to be floodproofed shall not be issued until a registered professional engineer or architect has reviewed the structural design, specifications, and plans, and has certified that the design and proposed methods of construction are in accordance with accepted standards of practice for meeting the provisions of this subsection.

(11) All new construction and substantial improvements with fully enclosed areas below the lowest floor that are subject to flooding shall be designed to automatically equalize hydrostatic flood forces on exterior walls by allowing for the entry and exit of floodwaters. Designs for meeting this requirement must either be certified by a registered professional engineer or architect or meet or exceed the following minimum criteria:-

a. a minimum of two openings having a total net area of not less than one square inch for every square foot of enclosed area subject to flooding shall be provided. The,

b. the bottom of all openings shall be no higher than one foot above grade. Openings, and

(11)c. openings may be equipped with screens, louvers, valves or other cover coverings or devices provided that they permit the automatic entry and exit of floodwaters.

(12) Recreational Vehicles placed on sites within Zones A1-A30, AH and AE shall either (1):

a. be on the site for fewer than 60 days during a year or 3 consecutive weeks, (2) and

b. be fully licensed and ready for highway use, or (3)

(12)c. meet all standards of Code of Federal Regulation Section 60.3(b)(1) of the National Flood Insurance Program Regulations and the elevation and anchoring requirements for "manufactured homes" of Code of Federal Regulation (CFR) Section 60.3(c)(6). "manufactured homes" of Section 60.3(c)(6).

(E)(13) Determining For all projects requiring conditional use review, projects shall not have an Undue Adverse Effect.

a. The following test Development Review Board shall be used by the DRB when the bylaw requires the DRB to determine whether or not an undue adverse effect is being created for all projects requiring conditional use review. The following test shall be used:

(1) First, the DRB shall determine if a project is creating an adverse effect upon the resource, issue and/or facility in question. The DRB shall determine such by responding to the following question:

a.i. Does the project have an unfavorable impact upon the resource, issue and/or

Formatted: Indent: Left: 1", No bullets or numbering, Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Bullets and Numbering

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Bullets and Numbering

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Bullets and Numbering

Formatted: Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.63" + Indent at: 0.88", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Font: +Body (Calibri)

Formatted: Font: +Body (Calibri), Condensed by 0.1 pt

Formatted: Font: +Body (Calibri)

Formatted: List Paragraph, Indent: Left: 0.81", Numbered + Level: 3 + Numbering Style: a, b, c, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 1.38" + Indent at: 1.5", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.5", Numbered + Level: 4 + Numbering Style: i, ii, iii, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Right + Aligned at: 1.75" + Indent at: 2", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

facility in question?

Formatted: Condensed by 0.1 pt

(2)b. If it has been determined by the DRB that an adverse effect is being created by a project, the DRB shall then determine if the adverse effect is undue. To determine whether or not an adverse effect is undue, the DRB shall respond to the following two questions:

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.88", Hanging: 0.19", Numbered + Level: 3 + Numbering Style: a, b, c, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 1.38" + Indent at: 1.5", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38" + 1.38" + 1.38"

a.i. Does the project conflict with a clear, written standard in these Regulations or the Municipal Plan applicable to the resource, issue or facility in question?

Formatted: Condensed by 0.1 pt

b.ii. Can the unfavorable impact be avoided through site or design modifications, on mitigation, or other conditions of approval?

Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.5", Numbered + Level: 4 + Numbering Style: i, ii, iii, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Right + Aligned at: 1.75" + Indent at: 2", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

The DRB shall conclude that adverse effect is "undue" if the answer to 2(a) is YES OR the answer to 2(b) is NO.

Formatted: Condensed by 0.1 pt

Formatted: Condensed by 0.1 pt

Formatted: List Paragraph, Indent: Left: 1.06", Tab stops: 0", Left + 0.88", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0", Tab stops: 0", Left

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Section 5.35 Planned Unit Development

(A) Purpose. In accordance with the Act [§4417], Planned Unit Developments (PUD's/PUDs) are permitted in all zoning districts to allow for innovative and flexible design and development that will promote the most appropriate use of land, and specifically achieve one or more of the following objectives:

- (1) increase density, reduce lot size and/or facilitate the adequate and economical provision of streets and utilities to provide housing in a cost effective manner;
- (2) cluster residential development to preserve and maintain open space, including but not limited to important resource or conservation lands;
- (3) protect significant natural, cultural, or scenic features as identified in the Moretown Town Plan, or through site investigation; and/or,
- (4) allow for creative design and layout of development, an efficient use of land, and to provide for the integrated mix of uses.

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

(B) Review Process. A PUD shall be reviewed in accordance with the procedures for conditional use review set forth in SectionSections 5.2 and 5.3. In addition to a Site Development Plan prepared in accordance with Section 5.1, an application for PUD approval shall include a statement describing all proposed modifications, changes, or supplements to existing bylaw requirements. Modifications of this bylaw approved by the Development Review Board shall be noted in writing and appended to a plat depicting the project to be filed in the Moretown Land Records. All other provisions of this bylaw

not specifically modified shall remain in effect and be applicable to the project.

~~(C) Coordination with Conditional Use Review~~ Approval granted for a PUD involving the development of one or more uses subject to conditional use review shall not exempt the proposed development from subsequent Development Review Board review in accordance with Section 5.2 unless the Development Review Board specifically grants conditional use review at the time of PUD approval.

~~(D)~~(C) **General Standards.** The modification of zoning regulations by the Development Review Board may be permitted in accordance with the following standards:

- (1) The PUD shall meet all applicable standards set forth in ~~Section~~Sections 5.2 and 5.3, and shall be consistent with the Moretown Town Plan and all other applicable municipal regulations and ordinances currently in effect. The PUD shall also meet all local and state regulations for sewage disposal and the protection of water quality.
- (2) The PUD shall represent an effective and unified treatment of the development site, including provisions as appropriate for the preservation or protection of surface and ground waters; wetland, stream bank, floodplain and lake shore areas; significant topographic features, including hilltops and ridgelines; areas of steep slope or shallow soil; significant resource lands, including agricultural and forest land; historic or archaeological sites and structures; natural and critical habitat areas; and open spaces, including scenic views and vistas.
- (3) The Development Review Board may allow for a greater concentration or intensity of development within some section(s) of the development than in others, on individual lots which are smaller than the minimum lot size for the district within which the PUD is located, provided that there is an offset by a lesser concentration in other sections, including the reservation of no less than 50% of the remaining land as open space.
- (4) The minimum front, side and rear yard setbacks at the periphery of the PUD shall be as dictated for the particular district unless otherwise specified by the Development Review Board. The Board may allow other setback standards, such as zero lot lines, as part of PUD approval.
- (5) Provision shall be made for the preservation of open space. Preserved open space shall be dedicated, either in fee or through a conservation easement to the Town, a community association comprising all of the present and future owners of lots or dwellings in the project, or a non-profit land conservation organization. Such easement shall be approved by the Development Review Board. Land held in common shall be subject to appropriate deed restrictions stipulating the permitted and restricted use of such lot, and establishing the

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

person or entity responsible for maintenance and long term stewardship. The location, size and shape of lands set aside to be preserved for open space shall be approved by the Board, in accordance with the following:

- a. Open space land shall provide for the protection of identified resources, including farmland, productive forest, wildlife habitat, natural areas, aquifer protection areas, surface waters, stream banks, historic and archaeological sites, and scenic views and vistas;
- b. Designated open space may include the portion of a single lot which is characterized by one or more of the above referenced features, or may encompass the contiguous boundaries of the above referenced feature located on multiple lots;
- c. The location, shape, size and character of the open space shall be suitable for its intended use. Generally, open space shall be at least 50% of the total area for projects involving a parcel(s) of twenty-five (25) acres or more. For smaller parcels, open space should be in proportion to the size and scope of the project, and its intended use;
- d. Open space shall be suitably improved and/or maintained for its intended use, except for open space containing natural or cultural resources worthy of preservation, which may be required to be left unimproved. Provisions shall be made to enable lands designated for agriculture and forestry to be used for these purposes. Management plans for forests and/or wildlife habitat may be required by the Board as appropriate. Areas preserved for agricultural use should be of a size that retains their eligibility for state and town tax abatement programs;
- e. Open space land shall be located so as to conform with and extend existing and potential open space lands on adjacent parcels; and
- f. Sewage disposal areas and utility and road rights-of-way or easements, access and parking areas shall not be counted as open space areas, except where the applicant can prove, to the satisfaction of the Board, that they will in no way disrupt or detract from the values for which the open space is to be protected.

(6) Where a district boundary line divides a parcel, the Development Review Board may allow the development of a single PUD with a total density based on the combined allowable density of each district.

(7) Two (2) or more contiguous parcels under the ownership or control of the applicant may be combined for review as a PUD. The permitted density on one parcel may be increased as long as the overall density for the combined parcels does not exceed that which could be permitted, in the Development Review Board's judgement, if the land were subdivided into lots in conformance with district regulations.

Specific Standards.

~~(6)(1) Where a district boundary line divides a parcel, the Development Review Board may~~

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

~~allow the development of a single PUD with a total density based on the combined allowable density of each district.~~

~~(7)(1) Two (2) or more contiguous parcels under the ownership or control of the applicant may be combined for review as a PUD. The permitted density on one parcel may be increased as long as the overall density for the combined parcels does not exceed that which could be permitted, in the Development Review Board's judgement, if the land were subdivided into lots in conformance with district regulations.~~

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

~~(F)(D) Specific Standards.~~ In addition to the general standards under subsection (D), ~~PUD's(C)~~, PUDs shall also meet the following specific standards:

Formatted: Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: A, B, C, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.12" + Indent at: 0.38", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

The total number of residential units and/or commercial or industrial space within the PUD shall not exceed the number, which would be permitted in the Development Review Board's judgement if the parcel were subdivided into buildable lots in conformance with the zoning regulation for the district in which the project is located. The number of units allowed in a PUD may, at the discretion of the Development Review Board, be increased by up to 25% of the number, which the Board determines could be provided on the site in conformance with zoning district requirements.

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

~~(1) The total number of residential units and/or commercial or industrial space within the PUD shall not exceed the number, which would be permitted in the Development Review Board's judgement if the parcel were subdivided into buildable lots in conformance with the zoning regulation for the district in which the project is located. The number of units allowed in a PUD may, at the discretion of the Development Review Board, be increased by up to 25% of the number, which the Board determines could be provided on the site in conformance with zoning district requirements.~~ Density bonuses shall also be granted for ~~PUD's~~PUDs in which 50% or more of the total land area is to be set aside as open space, or for the provision of affordable or elderly housing.

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

(2) A PUD may include any permitted or conditional uses allowed in the district in which it is located. Multiple ~~principle~~principal structures and/or uses on a lot, or multiple ownership of a single structure may be permitted.

(3) Principal buildings and mixed uses shall be arranged to be compatible, and buffered as appropriate to ensure visual and acoustical privacy for the residents of the development and for adjacent properties.

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

~~(3)(1) Principal buildings and mixed uses shall be arranged to be compatible, and buffered as appropriate to ensure visual and acoustical privacy for the residents of the development and for adjacent properties.~~

~~a.(D)-~~

~~b.~~

Section 5.6 Subdivision of Land

Formatted: Font: Arial, (Int'l) Garamond

Section 5.6.1 Applicability

Formatted: Font: Calibri

(A) Whenever a subdivision is proposed, the subdivider shall apply for and secure approval in accordance with these regulations prior to:

- (1) commencing any construction, land development, site preparation, or land clearing (excluding forestry or agricultural activities);
- (2) the issuance of any permit for any land development involving land to be subdivided;
- (3) the sale or lease of any subdivided portion of a property; and/or
- (4) filing a subdivision plat in the land records of the Town.

(B) Exemptions. The following are exempted from subdivision review:

Formatted: Font: Not Bold

- (1) parcels leased for agricultural or forestry purposes where no permanent roads or structures are established;
- (2) rights-of-way or easements which do not result in subdivision of land; and

(C) Waivers. Pursuant to the Act [§ 4418] the DRB may waive application requirements as specified in Table 5.1 or subdivision standards under this section which, in their judgment:

- (1) are not needed to protect public health, safety, and general welfare,
- (2) are inapplicable due to the inadequacy or lack of connecting facilities adjacent to or in proximity to the subdivision,
- (3) the applicant is seeking a deferral under subsection (D).

The request for a waiver shall be in writing and submitted with the Sketch Plan or Subdivision application. The applicant shall provide sufficient information to justify the waiver, and to enable the DRB to reach a decision. In granting waivers, the DRB may require such conditions that will substantially meet the objectives of the requirements waived, including requiring review by the Zoning Administrator. No waiver may be granted if the waiver would undermine the intent and purpose of these regulations or other municipal ordinances and regulations.

Formatted: Normal, Indent: Left: 0", First line: 0", Right: 0", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

(D) Deferral of Subdivision Standard(s). The Zoning Administrator may, at the request of the applicant defer review of a proposed subdivision's compliance with the standards set forth in Section 5.6.2 in the event the proposed subdivision involves the creation of a lot(s) that is solely intended for forestry, agriculture or other use not involving land development. Upon approval the plat recorded in the Town Land records shall clearly indicate the intended use of the lot(s), and shall require that any change in the use of the deferred lot be approved by the the DRB or, if the DRB waives the review, the Zoning Administrator only upon a determination that the proposed use and associated development complies with the standards set forth in Section 5.6.2. All lots, however, shall meet the minimum lot size for the district in which the parcel is located, including any density requirement. related to the creation of new lots set forth in Section 2.5).

(E) Classification of Minor and Major Subdivisions.

(1) Minor subdivisions are to be reviewed by the DRB or, if the DRB waives review, by the Zoning Administrator under Sections 5.6.2 (A) and include:

- a. the subdivision of land or the re-subdivision of a previously subdivided parcel which results in the creation of a total of three or fewer lots within any five-year period;
- b. an amendment to an approved subdivision which does not substantially alter the subdivision nor result in the creation of a major subdivision;
- c. does not result in the creation of a lot that fails to meet minimum frontage or access requirements.

(2) Major subdivisions, to be reviewed by the DRB under Section 5.6.2 (A) and (B) and include:

- a. the subdivision of land or the re-subdivision of a previously subdivided parcel which results in the creation of a total of four or more lots within any five-year period and/or involves the construction of a new road;
- b. an amendment to an approved subdivision which substantially alters the subdivision or conditions of approval or which results in the creation of a major subdivision or a new road; and
- c. a planned unit development (PUD).

Formatted: Font: Not Bold

(F) Coordination with Planned Unit Development Review. Applications for PUDs shall be reviewed by the DRB as subdivisions in accordance with Section 5.6.2 below and under Section (E)(2) above.

Formatted: Font: Bold

Formatted: List Paragraph, Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: A, B, C, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.25" + Indent at: 0.5", Tab stops: 0", Left

Formatted: Font: +Body (Calibri)

Section 5.6.2 Subdivision Development Standards

(A) All Subdivisions shall meet the following Standards:

(1) Moretown Town Plan & Regulations. Subdivisions shall conform to the Moretown Town Plan, these regulations, and all other Town regulations and ordinances in effect at the time of application.

(2) District Settlement Patterns. A subdivision shall be designed to achieve the purpose, objectives and desired settlement patterns of the zoning district(s) in which it is located. New subdivisions of land shall:

- a. maintain and extend desired settlement patterns and the Moretown Town Plan, including lot areas and configurations, building locations, and road networks; and
- b. maintain contiguous tracts of open land with adjoining parcels.

(3) Lot Layout. Lot layouts shall:

- a. be consistent with the suitability of land for development, as defined under Subsection (A) above;
- b. conform to desired district settlement patterns, as required under subsection (B) above;

- c. meet zoning district minimum lot size and density requirements under Article II, except as modified for planned unit developments under Section 5.4;
- d. conform to lot and yard requirements under Section 4.7;
- e. avoid irregularly shaped lots (e.g., with curves, jogs, doglegs, etc.) unless warranted due to topographic constraints or to minimize the fragmentation of natural, scenic or cultural features; and
- f. avoid elongated “spaghetti lots” by ensuring that the maximum length of a lot is not greater than (4) four times its width as measured at the lot’s narrowest point, or the minimum width of the lot is not less than (5) five times the side setback width.

(4) **Wastewater Systems.** All systems shall be designed in accordance with applicable state and municipal regulations. Sewage disposal areas may be required to be identified on the final plat.

(B) All Major Subdivisions shall also meet the following Standards:

- (1) **Natural and Scenic Resource Protection.** Subdivision boundaries, and lot lines, shall be located and configured to avoid adverse impacts to significant natural and scenic features identified in the Moretown Town Plan or through site investigation. For purposes of these regulations, these shall include minimizing the fragmentation, degradation or destruction of working land, important wildlife habitat, wetlands, floodplains, and significant natural communities; minimizing and mitigating visual and ecological impacts resulting from development in high elevation areas, on ridgelines and on steep slopes.
 - a. avoid or minimize the fragmentation of significant natural features, including designated buffer areas;
 - b. preserve tree lines, and limit fragmentation of forest blocks and impacts to important habitats;
 - c. provide vegetated buffers between developed and undeveloped portions of the site to protect water quality;
 - d. limit road and driveway lengths, and to the extent feasible design shared driveways and utility corridors. Locate infrastructure to follow existing linear features (e.g., farm roads, stone walls, tree and fence lines);
 - e. Prohibit land disturbance and building on severely steep slopes (grades of 25% or more) except for limited modifications or construction necessary for development to occur outside the steep area; and
 - f. ensure that no buildings extend above the height of land (highest point) of any prominent ridgeline or hilltop.

(2) **Erosion and Sediment Control and Stormwater Management.** Subdivisions shall promote erosion control and stormwater management practices according to Section 4.16 Erosion and Sediment Control and Stormwater Management.

(3) **Landscaping & Screening.** Subdivisions shall preserve or maintain trees, ground cover, or other vegetation in order to provide screening to increase privacy, reduce noise or glare, or establish a barrier between incompatible land uses.

(4) **Roads & Access.** Access to the subdivision and to individual lots shall be provided in accordance with Section 4.1. All access onto town highways shall be subject to the approval of the SB or for state routes, the Vermont Agency of Transportation. Such approval shall be required prior to final subdivision plan approval. To better manage traffic flow and safety, to avoid congestion, and to preserve the capacity of local roads, the DRB may also:

- a. limit the number of access points onto public highways.
- b. require shared access, driveways, and/or roads to serve multiple lots.
- c. require access from secondary roads, if a proposed subdivision has frontage on both primary and secondary roads, and
- d. require rights-of-way for future road extensions to connect to adjoining parcels.

(5) **Establishment of Building Envelopes.** All lots shall have a designated building envelope. Such building envelope shall be designed to identify and limit the location of principal and accessory structures, parking areas, and associated site development (excluding road and utility rights-of-way or easements) on one or more portions of a lot. The Board may require the identification of specific building footprints, if, in their judgment, such information as required to meet the standards set forth in these Regulations.

(6) **Public Facilities & Utilities Public Facilities** The proposed subdivision shall not create an undue burden on existing and planned public facilities. The DRB may consult with municipal and school officials to determine whether adequate capacity exists to serve the subdivision.

(7) **Phasing.** The phasing of development, and/or additional measures may be required in order to avoid or mitigate any adverse impacts likely to result from the proposed subdivision.

(8) **Legal Requirements**

- a. **Land designated for protection.** Land reserved for the protection of significant natural, cultural or scenic features, or other open space areas, may be held in common, or in separate ownership from contiguous parcels. Such land may be dedicated, either in fee or through a conservation easement approved by the DRB, to the municipality, an owners' association comprised of all present or future owners of subdivided lots, or a nonprofit conservation organization. Land designated for protection shall be indicated with appropriate notation on the final subdivision plat.
- b. **Common Lands and Facilities.** The subdivider shall provide documentation and assurances that all required improvements, associated rights-of-way and easements, and other common lands or facilities will be maintained either by the subdivider, an owners' association, or through other legal means acceptable to the DRB. Such documentation, as approved by the DRB, shall be filed in the Town land records.
- c. **Performance Bonding.** For any subdivision that includes the construction of roads or other physical improvements, the DRB may require the subdivider to post a performance bond or

Formatted: Font: Bold

other surety to ensure completion of the improvements in accordance with approved specifications. In accordance with the Act [§4464], the term of a performance bond shall be fixed by the DRB for a period not to exceed three years, unless with the consent of the owner, it is extended for an additional period not to exceed three years. If any required improvements have not been installed or maintained as provided, the bond shall be forfeited to the Town which shall then use the proceeds to install and maintain covered improvements.

Section 5.6.3 Subdivision Review & Approval

The DRB shall review all subdivisions in accordance with the Act [§4418].

(A) **Sketch Plan Review.** Prior to the submission of an application for a Minor subdivision review, the applicant may submit a sketch plan to the Zoning Administrator for consideration by the DRB at a regularly scheduled DRB meeting. Prior to an application for a Major Subdivision the applicant is encouraged to submit a sketch plan for consideration by the DRB.

(1) **Purpose.** The purpose of sketch plan review is to acquaint the DRB with the proposed subdivision at an early stage in the design process, prior to the applicant incurring significant expense on detailed engineering plans. Conceptual plans, layouts, and elevations may be discussed. No specific data is required for this review. Sketch plan review is intended to allow for an informal exchange of ideas, in which the applicant explores with the Board subdivision design options that best meet the needs of the applicant and the requirements of these regulations.

(2) **Effect.** The DRB may offer comments and recommendations at the meeting or within 30 days of the date of the meeting provide comments and recommendations to the applicant in writing. Such comments are advisory, shall not constitute an appealable decision or action of the DRB, and shall not be binding on subsequent Minor/Major subdivision review.

(B) Minor and Major Subdivision Review

(1) The applicant shall submit the subdivision application with materials as specified in Table 5.1, and the associated application fee.

(1) **Minor Subdivision Review.** If the DRB waives review, the Zoning Administrator shall review and consider the application without the need for a public hearing, and in accordance with the Section 5.6.2 (A) and Section 6.2. If the DRB does not waive review, the DRB shall review and consider the application in accordance with the same requirements, as follows:

i. **Public Hearing.** As required by the Act [§ 4464], upon submission of a complete application the DRB shall schedule a public hearing on the application, warned in accordance with Section 6.5. After the hearing is convened the DRB may continue the hearing as needed to request and allow for the submission of additional information or studies to determine

conformance with these regulations.

(2) **Approval.** The DRB shall act to approve, approve with conditions, or deny an application for subdivision approval within 30 days of adjournment of the final public hearing; and shall issue a written decision. The written decision shall include a statement of the factual bases on which the DRB made its conclusions, a statement of those conclusions, including any conditions, and shall specify the period of time within which the decision may be appealed to the Environmental Court. Failure of the DRB to act within the 30-day period shall be deemed approval. The decision shall be mailed, via certified mail, to the applicant within the 30-day period. Copies of the decision shall also be mailed to every person or group appearing and having been heard at the hearing, and a copy of the decision shall be recorded in accordance with Section 6.9.

(3) **Major Subdivision Review.** The DRB shall review and consider the application in accordance with the following:

i. **Public Hearing.** As required by the Act [§ 4464], upon submission of a complete application the DRB shall schedule a public hearing on the application, warned in accordance with Section 6.5. After the hearing is convened the DRB may continue the hearing as needed to request and allow for the submission of additional information or studies to determine conformance with these regulations.

1. The DRB, to assist in evaluation, may require:

a. An independent technical review of the proposed subdivision under one or more standards, prepared by a qualified professional and paid for by the subdivider; provided such technical review is commensurate with the scale and scope of the proposed subdivision;

b. A fiscal impact analysis, to be paid for by the subdivider that is commensurate with the scope and scale of the proposed subdivision and/or the phasing of development in accordance with a duly adopted municipal or school capital budget and program.

ii. **Approval.** The DRB shall act to approve, approve with conditions, or deny an application for subdivision approval within 45 days of adjournment of the final public hearing; and shall issue a written decision. The written decision shall include a statement of the factual bases on which the DRB made its conclusions, a statement of those conclusions, including any conditions, and shall specify the period of time within which the decision may be appealed to the Environmental Court. Failure of the DRB to act within the 45-day period shall be deemed approval. The decision shall be mailed, via certified mail, to the applicant within the 45-day period. Copies of the decision shall also be mailed to every person or group appearing and having been heard at the hearing, and a copy of the decision shall be recorded in accordance with Section 6.9.

(C) Final Plat Approval. In accordance with the Act [§4463], within 180 days of the date of receipt of a Minor or Major subdivision approval under Section 5.6.3 (B) 2 ii the subdivider shall file two copies and one digital copy (pdf) of the final plat (one Mylar copy, one paper copy), with the Town. Prior to recording the Zoning Administrator shall review the Plat for conformance with Subdivision approvals.

(1) For Minor Subdivision final plat approvals, prior to recording the plat must be signed by the ZA.

(2) For Major Subdivision final plat approvals, prior to recording the plat must be signed by the Chair of DRB.

(D) Amendments or Revisions: No changes, modifications, or other revisions that alter the final plat or the conditions attached to subdivision approval shall be made unless the proposed revisions are first submitted for review by the DRB under Section 5.6.2 above as a subdivision amendment. In the event that revisions are recorded without complying with this requirement, the revisions shall constitute a violation of these regulations, and be considered null and void.

(E) Effect. Approval of a subdivision shall not be construed to constitute acceptance by the Town of any street, easement, utility, park, recreation area or other open space shown on the final plat. Such acceptance may be accomplished only by an act of the SB, in accordance with state law for the laying out of public rights-of-way.

Section 5.6.4 Application & Recording Requirements.

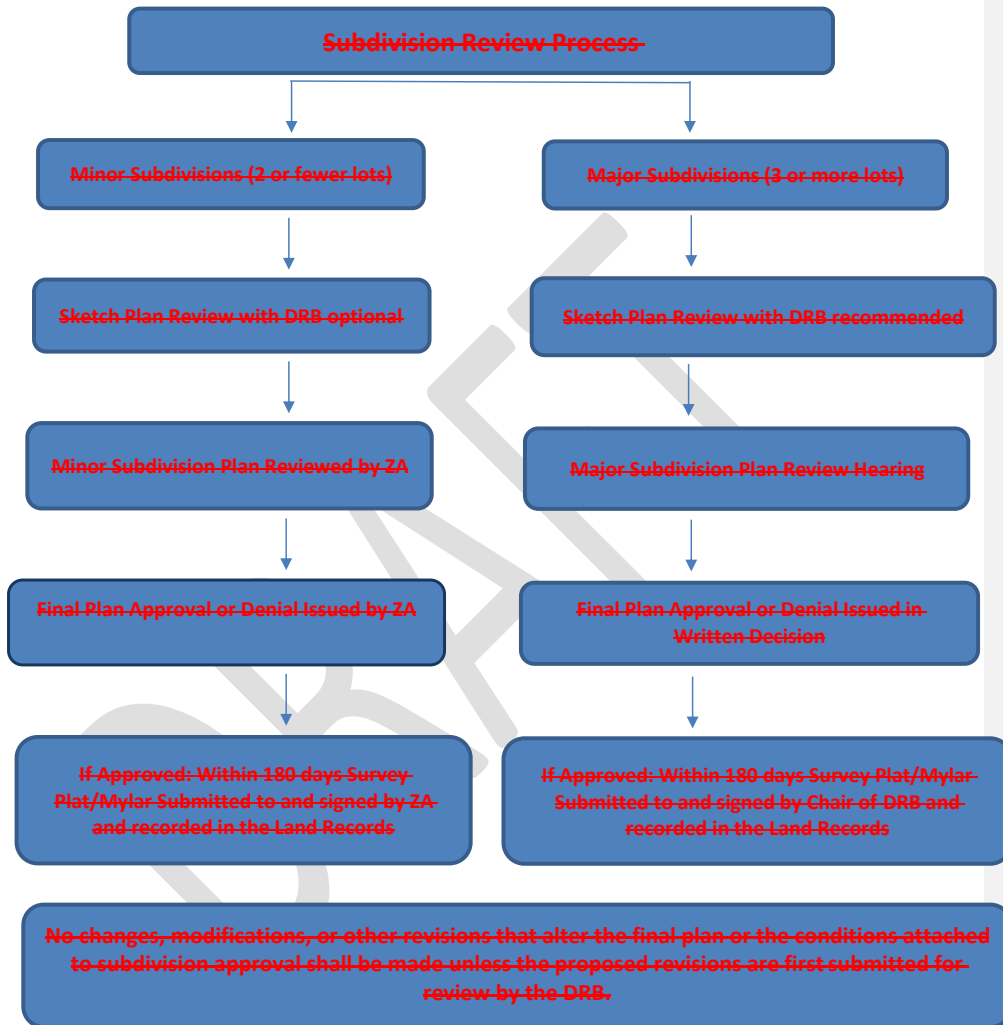
(A) Application Requirements. An application for subdivision approval including applicable fees shall be made on forms provided by, and filed, with the ZA. The application shall include the information specified in Table 5.1.

(B) Recording Requirements

(1) In accordance with the Act [§4463], within 180 days of the date of receipt of final subdivision approval under Section 5.5.3(B) the subdivider shall file (2) copies of plan and final plat (one Mylar, one paper) and one electronic pdf., signed by an authorized representative as specified in Section 5.5.3(C), for recording in the Town land records in conformance with the requirements of 27 V.S.A. Chapter 17. The approval of subdivision plats not filed within 180 days shall expire. The Zoning Administrator may, however, grant one 90-day extension for plat filing in the event the applicant documents that other required local and/or state permits are still pending.

Formatted: List Paragraph, Right: 0", Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 1" + Indent at: 1.25", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38" + 0.81"

A HB. _____



a. -The Town shall meet all recording requirements for subdivision approvals as specified for Town land use permits under Article 6.

Table 5.1 Subdivision Application Requirements

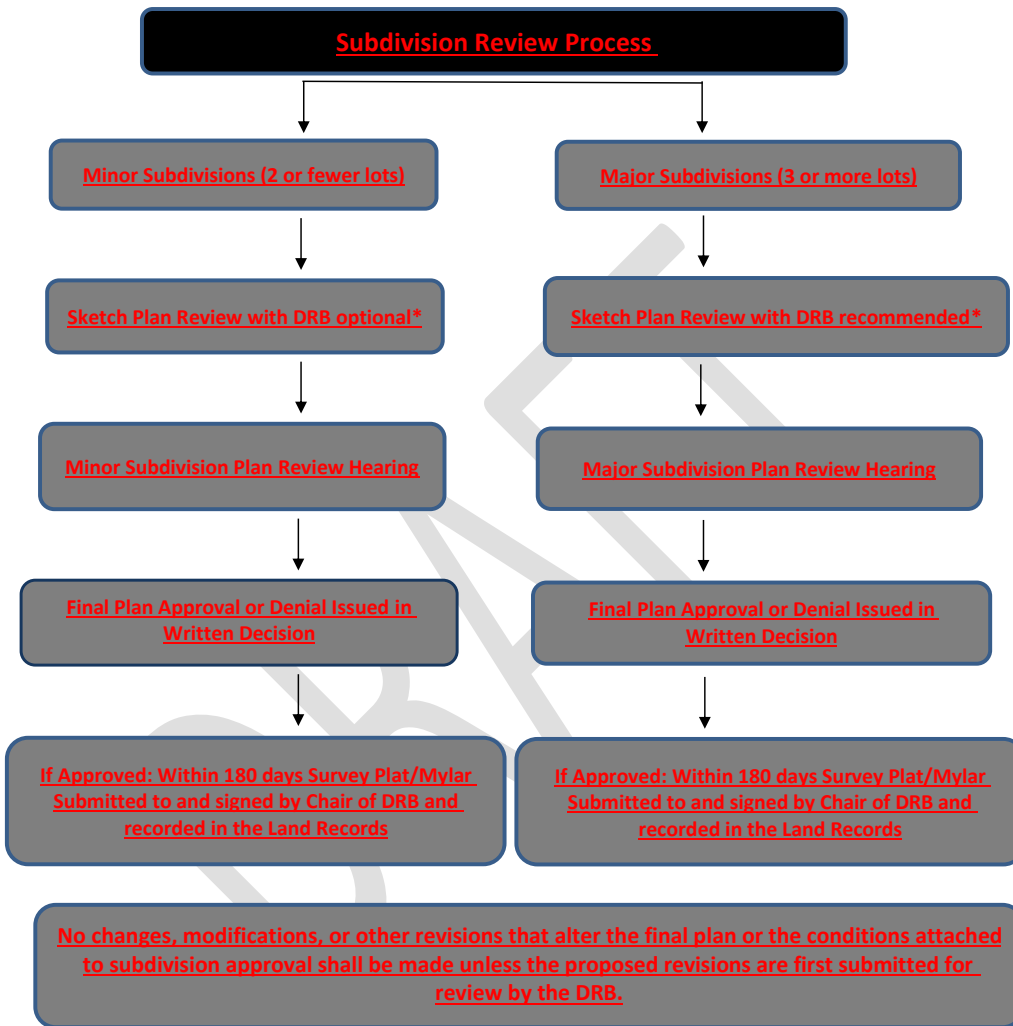
Application Information	Sketch Plan	Minor	Major	Final Plat
<u>Application Form</u>	<u>1 original and 7 copies</u>	<u>1 original</u>	<u>1 original and 7 copies</u>	<u>2 copies plus 1 pdf. (1 Mylar, 1 paper)</u>
<u>Application / Recording Fee</u>		✓	✓	✓
<u>Name of project, if any</u>	✓	✓	✓	✓
<u>Name, address, and contact information of the landowner and agent (if applicable)</u>	✓	✓	✓	
<u>General written description of the proposed development including number and size of lots, intended uses general timing of development</u>	✓	✓	✓	
<u>Specified waiver request, if any</u>	✓	✓	✓	
<u>Names and addresses of all adjoining property owners</u>	✓	✓	✓	
<u>Statement of compliance with Town Plan and applicable local regulations</u>	✓	✓	✓	
<u>Proposed Phasing schedule, if applicable</u>	✓		✓	
Plan Requirements	Sketch Plan	Minor	Major	Final Plat
<u>Scale, date, North Arrow, Legend</u>	✓	✓	✓	✓
<u>Preparer Information, Certifications</u>	✓	✓	✓	✓
<u>Site context location map showing proposed subdivision in relation to major roads, drainage ways, and adjoining properties</u>	✓	✓	✓	
<u>Project Boundaries and existing property lines and dimensions</u>	✓	✓	✓	
<u>Proposed properties lines and dimensions</u>	✓	✓	✓	
<u>Adjoining land uses, roads and drainage</u>	✓	✓	✓	
<u>Zoning District Designations and Boundaries</u>	✓	✓	✓	
<u>Location of natural and physical features location on the site, including buildings; roads, driveways and parking areas; fences and walls; watercourses; wetlands, floodplain; areas of slope in excess of 25%, indication of general land cover including forest areas and land in agricultural use</u>	✓	✓	✓	
<u>Existing and proposed roads, paths, common or shared parking areas, associated rights-of-way or easements</u>	✓	✓	✓	
<u>Existing and proposed utilities, water and sewer systems</u>	✓	✓	✓	

<u>Application Information</u>	<u>Sketch Plan</u>	<u>Minor</u>	<u>Major</u>	<u>Final Plat</u>
<u>Existing and proposed elevations, contour lines, and any proposed excavation/grading</u>	✓	✓	✓	
<u>Identification of forest blocks, agricultural soils, important habitats, surface waters and wetlands; associated buffer areas; flood hazard areas; prominent ridgelines and hilltops, rock outcroppings, and slopes in excess of 25%</u>			✓	
<u>Storm water and Erosion Control Plan</u>			✓	
<u>Grading Plan</u>			✓	
<u>Landscaping and Screening Plan</u>			✓	
<u>Road profiles; road, intersection and parking area geometry and construction schematics</u>			✓	
<u>Proposed building envelopes</u>			✓	✓
<u>Areas proposed for permanent conservation or protection</u>			✓	✓
<u>Areas proposed to be held in common ownership</u>			✓	✓
<u>Land designated for conservation or protection</u>			✓	✓
<u>Property Boundary Survey. Signed and Stamped by Licensed Land Surveyor and meets all the requirements of 27 V.S.A. Chapter 17. (Property boundary surveys are required for all new subdivided lots. Property boundary surveys are required for the entire parent parcel.)</u>				✓
<u>Survey monument locations</u>				✓
<u>Other</u>	<u>Sketch Plan</u>	<u>Minor</u>	<u>Major</u>	<u>Final Plat</u>
<u>Access approvals onto town or State highways</u>		✓	✓	
<u>Engineering reports (water and wastewater systems)</u>			✓	
<u>Additional information which maybe required</u>	<u>Sketch Plan</u>	<u>Minor</u>	<u>Major</u>	<u>Final Plat</u>
<u>Open Space or Conservation Management Plan</u>			✓	
<u>Site Reclamation Plan (for subdivision involving extraction)</u>			✓	
<u>Traffic Impact analysis (current and proposed volumes, capacities, level of service, proposed improvements)</u>			✓	

<u>Application Information</u>	<u>Sketch Plan</u>	<u>Minor</u>	<u>Major</u>	<u>Final Plat</u>
<u>Fiscal Impact Analysis (analysis of fiscal costs and benefits to the Town)</u>			✓	
<u>Historic or Archeological Assessment</u>			✓	
<u>Environmental Impact Assessment (analysis of potential environmental impacts, proposed mitigation measures)</u>			✓	
<u>Conservation Easements and/or Covenants</u>			✓	
<u>Assurance of maintenance of common lands and facilities</u>			✓	
<u>Proposed performance or surety</u>			✓	

DRAFT

Table 5.2 At a Glance: Subdivision Approval Process



*Applicant may seek waiver of review by DRB per 5.1.6(B) prior to the hearing process. If DRB waives review, Zoning Administrator will complete the review, without a public hearing. This process is most likely to be helpful in expediting the approval process for a minor subdivision

ARTICLE VI ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT

Section 6.1 Appointments and Duties

6.1.1 Zoning Administrator

(A) **Appointment.** In accordance with the Act [§ 4448], the Planning Commission, with the approval of the Select Board, shall appoint a Zoning Administrator for a term of three years. The Select Board in consultation with the Planning Commission may remove a Zoning Administrator for cause at any time. The planning commission may nominate and the legislative body may appoint an acting zoning administrator who shall have the same duties and responsibilities as the zoning administrator in the zoning administrator's absence. If an acting zoning administrator or assistant zoning administrator position is established, there shall be clear policies regarding the authority of the zoning administrator in relation to the acting or assistant administrator.

(B) **Duties.** The Zoning Administrator shall administer these regulations literally, and shall only permit land development that is in conformance with these regulations and any other Town ordinance. The Zoning Administrator may make reasonable inspections to determine compliance, and shall maintain accurate records of all applications and fees received, permits issued and denied, and notice of violations. These records shall be available to the public. The Zoning Administrator shall perform all other necessary functions to carry out the provisions contained herein.

6.1.2 Development Review Board

(A) **Appointment.** A Development Review Board shall be appointed by the Select Board in accordance with the Act [§ 4460(c)]. The Select Board shall determine the Board's members as well as their number and term of office. Any member of the Development Review Board may be removed for cause by a majority vote of the Select Board upon notification of written charges and after a public hearing.

(B) **Duties.** To the extent authorized by the Act, the Development Review Board shall consider and act upon:

~~1.~~(1) appeals of the Zoning Administrator's acts or decisions;

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0", Tab stops: 0", Left

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: List Paragraph, Indent: Left: 1", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.88", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Bullets and Numbering

ARTICLE VI: ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT

- ~~2.(2)~~ requests for variances; and
- ~~3.(3)~~ applications for ~~conditional use Site Plan Review~~ (Section 5.2) ~~Conditional Use Review (Section 5.3)~~ and PUDs (Section 5.~~3~~4), and subdivisions.

(C) **Procedures.** The Development Review Board ~~may prepare and adopt~~has adopted rules of procedure to guide the Board's official conduct. ~~Said rules shall be prepared in accordance with all applicable provisions of the Act [§ 4461] and Vermont's Open Meeting Law [1 V.S.A. § 310-314].~~

(D)–

6.1.3 Planning Commission

(A) **Appointment.** ~~A Planning Commission shall be appointed by the Select Board in accordance with the Act [§ 4321]. The Select Board shall determine the Board's members as well as their number and term of office. The Select Board may remove any member of the Development Review Board Planning Commission with a unanimous vote of the Board.~~

(B) **Duties.** ~~As authorized by the Act [§4325] the Planning Commission shall have the following duties:~~

- ~~a. Prepare and update the Town Plan every five years and prepare amendments to the Plan as necessary;~~
- ~~b. Prepare bylaws and amendments to such bylaws;~~
- ~~c. Undertake studies and make recommendations on matters related to land development, transportation, economic and social development, historic and scenic preservation, natural resource protection and related areas;~~
- ~~d. Assist Selectboard to prepare a five year capital budget and program;~~
- ~~e. Undertake comprehensive planning, including related preliminary planning and engineering studies; and~~
- ~~f. Perform other acts or functions as it may deem necessary or appropriate to fulfill the intent and purposes of the Act.~~

(C) **Procedures.** ~~The Planning Commission may prepare and adopt rules of procedure to guide the Commission's official conduct. Said rules shall be prepared in accordance with all applicable provisions of the Act [§4321-§4328] and Vermont's Open Meeting Law [1 V.S.A. §310-314].~~

Section 6.2 Permits and Applications

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"
Formatted: Indent: Left: 0", Tab stops: 0", Left
Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

ARTICLE VI: ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT

(A) **Zoning Permit.** In accordance with the Act [§4449], no development may be commenced and no structure erected, substantially improved, moved, or changed in use without a zoning permit issued by the Zoning Administrator, unless specifically exempted under Section 6.3.

(B) **Application Requirements.** All applications shall be submitted to the Zoning Administrator on forms provided by the Town with application fees as established by the Select Board. In addition, the following applicable items will be required:

(1) **Permitted Uses.** Application for a permitted use shall be accompanied by one (1) copy of a sketch plan, no smaller than 8.5" x 11", drawn to an appropriate scale to accurately depict and include:

- a. the dimensions of the lot including existing and proposed property boundaries;
- b. the location, footprint and height of the existing and proposed structure and additions;
- c. setbacks from property boundaries, rights-of-way, surface water and wetlands;
- d. the location of existing and proposed easements, rights-of-way, and utilities;
- e. the existing or intended use of all structures on the lot; and
- f. other information as may be necessary to determine conformance with these regulations.

(2) **Uses Requiring Site Plan Review, Conditional Use or PUD Approval.** Uses that require approval under site plan, conditional use, flood hazard area, or planned unit development review shall include a development review application and site development plan prepared and submitted in accordance with Section 5.1 of these regulations.

(3) **Uses Subject to State Agency Referrals.** For any permit application subject to state agency referral requirements, a brief report describing the proposed use and location, as well as an evaluation of the effects of such use on municipal and regional plans currently in effect, shall be attached for submission by the Zoning Administrator to the state.

(4) **Flood Hazard Areas.** Any application for development within the Flood Hazard Overlay District shall include copies of application information as required for referral to the Vermont Agency of Natural Resources, the Federal Insurance Administrator, and adjacent municipalities in accordance with the Act [§4424(D)] and Section 2.4.

(C) **Issuance of Permits.**

(1) **Required Approvals.** The Zoning Administrator shall not issue a zoning permit unless an

Formatted: List Paragraph, Indent: Left: 0.38", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: List Paragraph, Indent: Left: 0.88", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Font: Bold

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

ARTICLE VI: ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT

application, fee and any approvals required by these regulations have been received. If the proposed land development or land use requires approval by the Development Review Board, the application shall be deemed incomplete until such time as the DRB conducts its review and renders a decision.

(2) **Action by the Zoning Administrator.** The Zoning Administrator shall within 30 days of submission of a complete application either issue or deny a zoning permit in writing, or refer the application to the Development Review Board and/or state for consideration, in accordance with the Act [§4449, §4465]. The permit shall contain a written statement of the period of time within which an appeal may be taken. If the Zoning Administrator fails to act within 30 days of receiving a complete application, a permit shall be deemed issued on the 31st day, in accordance with the Act [§§4448, 4449].

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

(3) **Permits in the Flood Hazard Area.** Permits issued for land development in the flood hazard area shall contain a notation that such land development is located in regulated flood hazard area.

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

A-a. Prior to issuing a permit a copy of the application and supporting information shall be submitted by the ~~administrative officer~~Zoning Administrator to the State National Floodplain Insurance Program Coordinator at the Vermont Agency of Natural Resources, Department of Environmental Conservation, River Management Section in accordance with 24 V.S.A. § 4424. A permit may be issued only following receipt of comments from the Agency or the expiration of 30 days from the date the application was mailed to the Agency, whichever is sooner.

Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.06", Right: 0.03", Tab stops: 0", Left + 1.13", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Bullets and Numbering

B-b. Adjacent communities and the Stream Alteration Engineer at the Vermont Agency of Natural Resources, Department of Environmental Conservation, River Management Section shall be notified at least 30 days prior to issuing any permit for the alteration or relocation of a watercourse and copies of such notification shall be submitted to the Administrator of the National Flood Insurance Program. Any permit issued shall assure that the flood carrying capacity within the altered or relocated portion of any watercourse is maintained.

Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.06", Right: 0.03", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Bullets and Numbering

C-c. Proposed development shall be reviewed by the ~~administrative officer~~Zoning Administrator or the appropriate municipal panel to assure that all necessary permits have been received from those government agencies from which approval is required by Federal, State or Municipal law.

Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.06", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Bullets and Numbering

(4) **Amendment to the Zoning Regulations.** Pursuant to the Act [§4449(d)], if a public notice is issued with respect to the adoption or amendment of these regulations, or an amendment to an ordinance adopted under prior enabling laws, the Zoning Administrator, for a period of 150 days following that notice, shall review any new application filed after the date of the notice under the proposed regulation or amendment and applicable existing regulations and ordinances. If the new regulation or amendment has not been adopted by the conclusion of the 150-day period or if the proposed regulation or amendment is rejected, the permit shall be reviewed under existing regulations and ordinances. An application that has been denied under a proposed regulation or amendment that has been rejected or that has not been adopted within the 150-day period shall be reviewed again, at no cost, under the existing regulations and ordinances, upon request of the applicant. Any determination by the zoning administrator under this section shall be subject to appeal as provided in §4465 of the Act.

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

(D) Effective Date of Permit and Appeal Period.

Formatted: List Paragraph, Indent: Left: 0.88", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

(1) **Effective Date.** Within three days following the issuance of a Zoning Permit:

Formatted: Font: Bold

- a. The Zoning Administrator shall deliver a copy of the permit to the Moretown Board of Listers;
- b. The Zoning Administrator shall post a copy of the permit in at least one public place in the municipality for a period of 15 days from the date of issuance.
- c. The applicant, property owner, or applicant's/owner's agent must post a permit notice, on a form prescribed by the Town of Moretown within view of the public right-of-way most nearly adjacent to the subject property until the time for appeals has passed. The notice shall contain a statement of the appeal period and information as to where a full description of the project and approval can be found.

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

(2) **Appeal Period.** No zoning permit shall take effect until the time for appeal has passed (see Section 6.6), or in the event that a notice of appeal is filed properly, such permit shall not take effect until final adjudication of said appeal.

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

(E) **Expiration and Renewal of Permit.** A zoning permit shall remain valid for two (2) years from the date it is issued. If before that time expires, the applicant ~~files a renewal application and has not~~ made substantial progress of the land development described in the permit, the applicant may file a renewal application. The Zoning Administrator shall issue not more than two consecutive 12-month permit renewals without fee. If a zoning permit expires without substantial land development the permit shall become null and void.

Formatted: List Paragraph, Indent: Left: 0.88", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

~~(F)~~ **Permit Fees.** The Select Board shall establish application fees to be charged in administering

(F) these regulations, with the intent of covering the Town’s administrative costs. The application fees may be revised periodically.

Section 6.3 State Limitations and Municipal Exemptions

(A) No zoning permit shall be required for the following: (NOTE: Several of the exemptions listed here may not apply in the Special Flood Hazard Area)

~~1-(1)~~ —Any use commenced prior to the adoption of these regulations provided such use was in accordance with all applicable local regulations in effect at the time of commencement, or any building for which construction has begun prior to the adoption of these regulations, provided such construction is in accordance with all applicable local regulations in effect at the time construction was initiated and is providing the construction is completed within one year from the date of such adoption.

~~2-(2)~~ —Accepted Management Practices (AMPs) for silviculture (forestry) as defined by the Commissioner of Forests, Parks and Recreation, pursuant to the Act [§4413(d)], including practices that are in compliance with the Acceptable Management Practices for Maintaining Water Quality on Logging Jobs in Vermont, as adopted by the Commissioner of Forests, Parks and Recreation; or forestry operations. “Forestry operations” has the same meaning as in 10 V.S.A. § 2602.

~~3-(3)~~ —~~Accepted~~Required Agricultural Practices (~~AAPs~~RAPs) including farm structures, as defined by the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets in accordance with the Act [§4413(d)]; however written notification including a sketch plan of the structure showing setback distances from road, rights-of-way, property lines, special flood hazard areas and floodway boundaries, and surface waters shall be made to the Zoning Administrator prior to any construction as required by the Act [§4413(d)].

~~4-(4)~~ —Any residential fence or wall that is less than six and half (6.5) feet in height and which does not extend into or obstruct public rights-of-way, or interfere with corner visibility or site distances for vehicular traffic, provided it is not located within the Flood Hazard Area Overlay

~~5-(5)~~ —Any shed, tree house, doghouse, a child’s play house, or similar structure with a floor area of not more than one hundred fifty (150) square feet and a height of not more than twelve (12) feet, which is located at least 10 feet from all property lines, provided it is not located within the Flood Hazard Area Overlay

Formatted: List Paragraph, Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: A, B, C, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.12" + Indent at: 0.38", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0", Tab stops: 0", Left

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Right: 0.03", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.63", Hanging: 0.19", Right: 0.03", Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.25" + Indent at: 0.5", Tab stops: 0", Left + 0.56", Left + 0.81", Left + 1", Left + 0.81", Left + 1", Left + 1.13", Left + 1.31", Left + 1.31", Left + Not at 0.38" + 0.69"

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.56", Right: 0.03", Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.25" + Indent at: 0.5", Tab stops: 0", Left + 0.56", Left + 0.81", Left + 1", Left + 1.13", Left + 1.31", Left + 1.38", Left + 1.38", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.56", Right: 0.03", Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.25" + Indent at: 0.5", Tab stops: 0", Left + 0.56", Left + 0.81", Left + 1", Left + 1.13", Left + 1.31", Left + 1.38", Left + 1.38", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.56", Right: 0.03", Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.25" + Indent at: 0.5", Tab stops: 0", Left + 0.56", Left + 0.81", Left + 1", Left + 1.13", Left + 1.31", Left + 1.38", Left + 1.38", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.56", Right: 0.03", Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.25" + Indent at: 0.5", Tab stops: 0", Left + 0.56", Left + 0.81", Left + 1", Left + 1.13", Left + 1.31", Left + 1.38", Left + 1.38", Left + Not at 0.38"

ARTICLE VI: ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT

~~6-(6)~~ —Any sign erected by the Town or State for directional, informational or traffic control purposes and other signs exempt under Section 4.12 (8) of this ordinance.

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.56", Right: 0.03", Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.25" + Indent at: 0.5", Tab stops: 0", Left + 0.56", Left + 0.81", Left + 1", Left + 1.13", Left + 1.31", Left + 1.38", Left + 1.38", Left + Not at 0.38"

~~7-(7)~~ —Garage sales, yard sales, auctions or similar types of sale for a period of not exceeding three consecutive days, nor more than eight days per calendar year, which are managed so as not to cause unsafe traffic conditions, parking problems, or other nuisances to neighbors.

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.56", Right: 0.03", Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.25" + Indent at: 0.5", Tab stops: 0", Left + 0.56", Left + 0.81", Left + 1", Left + 1.13", Left + 1.31", Left + 1.38", Left + 1.38", Left + Not at 0.38"

~~8-(8)~~ —The ordinary use of a small room of a dwelling for personal office use and/or paperwork for business activity. Interior alteration of a structure that does not result in a change of use of the structure or any expansion in the total area of the structure.

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.56", Right: 0.03", Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.25" + Indent at: 0.5", Tab stops: 0", Left + 0.56", Left + 0.81", Left + 1", Left + 1.13", Left + 1.31", Left + 1.38", Left + 1.38", Left + Not at 0.38"

~~9-(9)~~ —Placement or grading of less than 200 cubic yards of gravel, sand, topsoil, rock, or similar material per calendar year if the placement or grading involves:

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.56", Right: 0.03", Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.25" + Indent at: 0.5", Tab stops: 0", Left + 0.56", Left + 0.81", Left + 1", Left + 1.13", Left + 1.31", Left + 1.38", Left + 1.38", Left + Not at 0.38"

- a. Town Road maintenance and improvement where fill is placed on private property,
- b. Driveway maintenance or construction (including culvert repair and resurfacing)
- c. Property and Yard improvements associated with customary residential or agricultural uses to principal structures (contouring yards, establishing garden and landscape areas)
- d. Placement of fill on unimproved lots, or
- e. Landfill associated with other permitted activities (see Section 4.6).

Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.06", Right: 0.03", Numbered + Level: 2 + Numbering Style: a, b, c, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.75" + Indent at: 1", Tab stops: 0", Left + 0.56", Left + 1", Left + 1.13", Left + 1.31", Left + Not at 0.38"

These exemptions do not apply to placement of fill in streams, within required stream setbacks, or within wetlands or the floodplain/floodway, which are prohibited or require special permits from state agencies. Section 4.11; table 2.5 and section 5.2 (e).

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.81", Right: 0.03", Tab stops: 0", Left + 0.56", Left + 0.81", Left + 1", Left + 1.13", Left + 1.31", Left + Not at 0.38"

~~10-(10)~~ —The placement above or below ground of any fuel storage tank designed and intended for residential use, provided said tank is located at least 10 feet from all property lines, provided it is not located within the Flood Hazard Area Overlay.

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.56", Right: 0.03", Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.25" + Indent at: 0.5", Tab stops: 0", Left + 0.5", Left + 0.56", Left + 0.81", Left + 1", Left + 1.13", Left + 1.31", Left + Not at 0.38" + 1.38" + 1.38"

~~11-(11)~~ The drilling of a well for residential use.

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.56", Right: 0.03", Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.25" + Indent at: 0.5", Tab stops: 0", Left + 0.5", Left + 0.56", Left + 0.81", Left + 1", Left + 1.13", Left + 1.31", Left + Not at 0.38" + 1.38" + 1.38"

~~(12)~~ Hunting, fishing, and trapping as specified under 24 V.S.A. §2295 on private or public land. This does not include facilities supporting such activities, such as firing ranges or rod and gun clubs, which for the purposes of these regulations are defined as outdoor recreational facilities.

Formatted: List Paragraph, Indent: Left: 0.56", Right: 0.03", Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.25" + Indent at: 0.5", Tab stops: 0", Left + 0.5", Left + 0.56", Left + 0.81", Left + 1", Left + 1.13", Left + 1.31", Left + Not at 0.38"

~~(13)~~ Boundary line adjustments which do not create new or nonconforming lots or uses, provided a survey plat is recorded in the land records depicting the change in boundaries as per 27 V.S.A. § 341.

~~(14)~~ Electric generation facilities, energy storage facilities, and transmission facilities regulated under 30 V.S.A. § 248 or subject to regulation under 30 V.S.A. § 8011;

ARTICLE VI: ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT

(15) The installation, operation, and maintenance, on a flat roof of an otherwise complying structure, of a solar energy device that heats water or space or generates electricity. For the purpose of this subdivision, "flat roof" means a roof having a slope less than or equal to five degrees.

(16) The installation no net-metered solar panels or solar arrays, provided said solar installations adhere to all applicable district setback requirements.

(B) As per 24 V.S.A. § 4413, the following uses may be regulated only with respect to location, size, height, building bulk, yards, courts, setbacks, density of buildings, off-street parking, loading facilities, traffic, noise, lighting, landscaping, and screening requirements, and only to the extent that regulations do not have the effect of interfering with the intended functional use:

- (1) State- or community-owned and operated institutions and facilities;
- (2) public and private schools and other educational institutions certified by the Agency of Education;
- (3) churches and other places of worship, convents, and parish houses;
- (4) public and private hospitals;
- (5) regional solid waste management facilities certified under 10 V.S.A. chapter 159;
- (6) hazardous waste management facilities for which a notice of intent to construct has been received under 10 V.S.A. § 6606a.

Section 6.4 Referral to State Agencies

The Zoning Administrator shall advise applicants to contact the Agency of Natural Resources regional permit specialist to determine whether any state permits are required [§4448(d)]. For permit applications that must be referred to a state agency for review, no zoning permit shall be issued until a response has been received from the state, or the expiration of 30 days following the submission of the application to the state.

Section 6.5 Notice Requirements

(A) **Notice Procedures.** All development review applications before the Development Review Board under procedures set forth in §4464 of the Act shall require notice as follows:

- (1) A warned public hearing shall be required for site plan review, conditional use review, variances, PUDs and Flood Hazard Review, zoning administrator appeals, and final plat review for subdivisions. Subdivision reviews (unless waived by DRB). Any public notice required for a warned public hearing under these regulations shall be given not less than 15 days prior to the date of the public hearing by all of the following:

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0", Tab stops: 0", Left

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0", Tab stops: 0", Left

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

ARTICLE VI: ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT

- a. Publication of the date, place, and purpose of the hearing in a newspaper of general circulation in the Town.
- b. Posting of such notice in three or more public places within the Town in conformance with location requirements of 1 V.S.A. §312(c)(2), including posting within view from the public right-of-way most nearly adjacent to the property for which an application is made.
- ~~c. The notice shall include the date, place and purpose of such a hearing, and shall be sent by mail to the applicant.~~
- ~~c. In accordance with Section 5.1, the applicant shall provide abutting property owners with a notice.~~ The notice shall include the date, place and purpose of such a hearing, and shall be sent by mail to the applicant.
- d. The applicant shall provide notice to all properties adjoining the property subject to development, including the owners of properties which would be contiguous to the property subject to development but for the interposition of a highway or other public right-of-way and, in any situation in which a variance is sought regarding setbacks from a State highway, also including written notification to the Secretary of Transportation. Notice of application for a permit which shall include a description of proposed structures or uses, the property location, the name of the landowner and applicant, and notice that a public hearing will be scheduled and that they can contact the Town for the date of said. ~~Abutting properties shall include those which are across public or private roads, providing they are within 200 feet of the subject parcel.~~
- e. The applicant may be required to bear the cost of the public warning and the cost and responsibility of notification of adjoining landowners. The applicant will be required to demonstrate proof of delivery to adjoining landowners either by certified mail, return receipt requested, or by written notice hand delivered or mailed to the last known address supported by a sworn certificate of service.

(2) Public notice for hearings of all other types of development review, including site plan review, shall be given not less than seven days prior to the date of the public hearing, and shall include at a minimum all of the following:

- ~~a.~~ Posting of the date, place and purpose of the hearing in three or more public places within the municipality and on the municipal website, in conformance with the time and location requirements of 1 V.S.A § 312(c)(2). Including posting within view from the public right-of-way most nearly adjacent to the property for which an application is made.
~~V.S.A §312(c)(2).~~

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Not Highlight

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.38", No bullets or numbering, Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

ARTICLE VI: ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT

- a. ~~The notice shall include the date, place and purpose of such a hearing, and shall be sent by mail to the applicant. In accordance with Section 5.1, Written notification to~~ the applicant ~~shall provide abutting property and to the owners with a notice of application for a permit which all properties adjoining the property subject to development, including the owners of properties which would be contiguous to the property subject to development but for the interposition of a highway or other public right-of-way. The notification shall include a description of the proposed structures or uses, the property location, the name of the landowner and applicant, project and notices shall be accompanied by information that a public hearing will be scheduled clearly informs the recipient where additional information may be obtained, and that they can contact the Town for the date of said. Abutting properties shall include those which are across public participation in the local proceeding is a prerequisite to the right to take any subsequent appeal.~~
- b. ~~The applicant will be required to bear the cost and responsibility of notification of adjoining landowners. The applicant will be required to demonstrate proof of delivery to adjoining landowners either by certified mail, return receipt requested, or private roads, providing they are within 200 feet of the subject parcel by written notice hand delivered or mailed to the last known address supported by a sworn certificate of service.~~

(B) **Invalid Posting or Notice.** In accordance with § 4464(a)(5), no defect in the form or substance of any requirements in Section 6.5 (A) shall invalidate the action of the Development Review Board where reasonable efforts are made to provide adequate posting and notice. However, the action shall be invalid when the defective posting or notice was materially misleading in content. If action is ruled to be invalid by the environmental court or by the applicable municipal panel itself, the action shall be remanded to the applicable municipal panel to provide new posting and notice, hold a new hearing, and take a new action.

Section 6.6 Appeals

(A) **Appeal of a Decision or Action by the Zoning Administrator.** In accordance with the Act [§4465] any **interested person** may appeal a decision or act taken by the Zoning Administrator by filing a notice of appeal with the Development Review Board's Secretary or the Town Clerk if no Secretary has been elected, within fifteen (15) days of the date of such decision or act.

(B) **Appeal of a Development Review Board Decision.** Any **interested person** may appeal a decision of the Development Review Board within thirty (30) days of such decision to the Vermont Environmental Court, in accordance with the Act [§§ 4471 and 4472]. Notice of appeal shall be sent

Formatted: Font color: Dark Gray

Formatted: Font color: Dark Gray

Formatted: Font color: Dark Gray

Formatted: Font color: Dark Gray

Formatted: Font color: Dark Gray

Formatted: Font color: Dark Gray

Formatted: Font color: Dark Gray

Formatted: Font color: Dark Gray

Formatted: Widow/Orphan control, Adjust space between Latin and Asian text, Adjust space between Asian text and numbers, Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Font color: Dark Gray

Formatted: Font color: Dark Gray

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0", Tab stops: 0", Left

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

ARTICLE VI: ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT

to every hearing participant.

(C) Appeal Procedures for Decisions or Actions of the Zoning Administrator.

(1) **Notice of Appeal.** A notice of appeal shall be in writing and shall include:

- a. the name and address of the appellant;
- b. a brief description of the property with respect to which the appeal is taken;
- c. a reference to the applicable regulatory provisions;
- d. the relief requested by the appellant, including any request for a variance from one or more provisions of these regulations;
- e. the alleged grounds why such relief is believed proper under the circumstances; and
- f. any applicant for a variance shall submit, in addition to zoning permit application requirements, under Section 6.2, two complete copies of a Site Development Plan, meeting the criteria set forth in Section 5.1 (A), including evidence of notice to all adjoining property owners.

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

(2) **Hearing.** Pursuant to the Act [§4468], the Development Review Board shall set a date and place for a public hearing on an appeal, which shall be within 60 days of the filing of the notice of appeal. Any hearing held under this section may be adjourned by the DRB from time to time, provided, however, that the date and place of the adjourned hearing shall be announced at the hearing. For an appeal for the variance within a floodplain area, the Board shall give notice of the date and place of the hearing to the Vermont Agency of Natural Resources. Where it is alleged that an error has been committed in any order, requirement, decision or determination made by the Zoning Administrator in the connection with the enforcement of these regulations, the Board shall consider available evidence and testimony and decide whether such error has been committed.

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

(3) **Decisions on Appeal.** A decision on appeal, to include written findings of fact, shall be rendered within forty-five (45) days after hearing completion. The Development Review Board may reject an appeal without hearing, and render a decision within ten (10) days of the filing of a notice of appeal, if the Board determines that the issues raised by the appellant have been decided in an earlier appeal, or are based on substantially or materially the same facts, by or on behalf of the appellant, in accordance with § 4470. Copies of the decision shall be mailed to the appellant and hearing participants, and filed with the Zoning Administrator in accordance with the Act. Failure of the Board to issue a decision within the 45-day period shall be deemed approval and shall be effective on the 46th day.

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Section 6.7 Variances

(A) Variance Request. The Development Review Board shall hear and decide upon requests for variance pursuant to the Act [§4469] and appeal procedures set forth in Section 6.6 of these regulations. **The Board may grant a variance, and render a decision in favor of the appellant, only if all of the following facts are found and the findings are specified in its decision:**

- (1) That there are unique physical circumstances or conditions, including irregularity, narrowness, or shallowness of lot size or shape, or exceptional topographical or other physical conditions peculiar to the particular property, and that unnecessary hardship is due to such conditions and not the circumstances or conditions generally created by the zoning regulations in the district in which the property is located;
- (2) That because of such physical circumstances and conditions, there is no possibility that the property can be developed in strict conformity with the provisions of the zoning regulation and that the authorization of a variance is necessary to enable the reasonable use of the property;
- (3) That such unnecessary hardship has not been created by the appellant;
- (4) That the variance, if authorized, will not alter the essential character of the neighborhood or district in which the property is located, substantially or permanently impair the appropriate use or development of adjacent property, reduce access to renewable energy resources, nor be detrimental to the public welfare; and
- (5) That the variance, if authorized, will represent the minimum that will afford relief and will represent the least deviation possible from the zoning regulations and the Town Plan.

(B) Renewable Energy Resource Structure Variance Request. On an appeal for a variance from the provisions of these regulations that is requested for a structure that is primarily a renewable energy resource structure, the Board may grant such variance only if it finds that all of the following facts are found in the affirmative and specified in its decision:

- (1) It is unusually difficult or unduly expensive for the appellant to build a suitable renewable energy resource structure in conformance with these regulations.
- (2) The hardship was not created by the appellant.
- (3) The variance, if authorized, will not alter the essential character of the neighborhood or

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0", Tab stops: 0", Left

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

ARTICLE VI: ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT

district in which the property is located, substantially or permanently impair the appropriate use or development of adjacent property, reduce access to renewable energy resources, or be detrimental to the public welfare.

- (4) The variance, if authorized, will represent the minimum variance that will afford relief and well represent the least deviation possible from these regulations and from the Town Plan.

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

(C) **Variance Request in the Floodplain District.** In addition to requirements under subsection (A), variances for development within the Floodplain District shall be granted by the Development Review Board only:

- (1) In accordance with the Act [§4469 and 4424] and the criteria for granting variances found in CFR, Section 60.6 of the National Flood Insurance Program;

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

- (2) Upon determination that during the base flood discharge the variance will not result in increased flood levels; and

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

For variances for development within the Floodplain District, the Zoning Administrator shall notify the applicant in writing that (i) the issuance of a variance to construct a structure below the base flood level will result in increased premium rates for flood insurance up to amounts as high as \$25 for \$100 of insurance coverage and (ii) such construction below the base flood level increases risks to life and property. Such notification shall be maintained with a record of all variance actions.

(D) In **granting a variance**, the Development Review Board may impose conditions that it deems necessary and appropriate under the circumstances to implement the purposes of this chapter and the Town Plan currently in effect. In no case shall the Development Review Board grant a variance for a use, which is not permitted or conditionally permitted within the applicable district nor shall the Board grant a variance, which results in an increase in allowable density.

Section 6.8 Violations and Enforcement

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0", Tab stops: 0", Left

(A) **General Provisions.** The commencement or continuation of any land development, subdivision or land use that is not in conformance with any provision of these regulations shall constitute a violation. All such violations shall be prosecuted in accordance with the Act [§4451 and §4452]. Each day that a violation continues shall constitute a separate offense. The Zoning Administrator shall institute, in the name of the Town of Moretown, any appropriate action, injunction or other proceeding to enforce the provisions of these regulations. All fines imposed and collected shall be paid over to the municipality.

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

ARTICLE VI: ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT

(B) **Notice of Violation.** No action may be brought under this section unless the alleged offender has had at least seven (7) days' notice by certified mail that a violation exists. The seven-day warning notice shall state:

- (1) That a violation exists;
- (2) That the alleged offender has an opportunity to cure the violation within the seven days; and,
- (3) That the alleged offender will not be entitled to an additional warning notice for a violation occurring after the seven days.

An action may be brought without the seven-day notice and opportunity to cure if the alleged offender repeats the violation of the regulations or ordinance after the seven-day notice period and within the next succeeding twelve (12) months.

(C) **Limitations on Enforcement.** An action, injunction or other enforcement proceeding relating to the failure to obtain or comply with the terms and conditions of any required or duly recorded municipal land use permit may be instituted against the alleged offender if the action, injunction or other enforcement proceeding is instituted within 15 years from the date the alleged violation first occurred, and not thereafter, in accordance with the Act [§4454]. The burden of proving the date the alleged violation first occurred shall be on the person against whom the enforcement action is instituted. No enforcement proceeding may be instituted to enforce an alleged violation of a municipal land use permit unless the permit or a notice of the permit has been recorded in the land records under Section 6.9.

(D) **Penalties.** Any person who violates any provision of this bylaw shall be fined the highest permissible fine allowed under the Act. In default of payment of the fine, such person, the members of any partnership, or the principal officers of such corporation shall each pay double amount of any such fine. Each day that a violation is continued shall constitute a separate offense. All fines collected for the violation of bylaws shall be paid over to the municipality whose bylaw has been violated.

If the structure is in the Flood Hazard Overlay District and is still noncompliant after the opportunity to cure has passed, the Zoning Administrator ~~Officer~~ shall submit a declaration to the Administrator of the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) requesting a denial of flood insurance. Section 1316 of the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968, as amended, authorizes FEMA to deny flood insurance to a property declared by a community to be in violation of their flood hazard area regulations. The declaration shall consist of: (a) the name of the property owner and address or legal description of the property sufficient to confirm its identity or location, (b) a clear and unequivocal declaration that the property is in violation of a cited State or local law, regulation, or ordinance, (c) a clear statement that the public body making the declaration has authority to do so and a citation to that authority, (d) evidence that the property owner has been provided notice

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

ARTICLE VI: ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT

of the violation and the prospective denial of insurance, and (e) a clear statement that the declaration is being submitted pursuant to Section 1316 of the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968, as amended.

- (E) **Remedies.** If any structure or land is or is proposed to be erected, constructed, reconstructed, altered, converted, maintained or used in violation of any bylaw adopted under this chapter the Zoning Administrator shall institute proceeding to prevent, restrain, correct or abate such construction or use, or to prevent, in or about such premises, any act, conduct, business or use constituting a violation.

Section 6.9 Recording Requirements

- (A) Pursuant to the Act [§4449], within thirty (30) days after a municipal land use permit including but not limited to a zoning permit and associated conditional use, PUD and/or variance approvals, and certificate of compliance, has become final, or within thirty (30) days of the issuance of a notice of violation, the Zoning Administrator shall deliver the notice of violation, or memorandum or notice of recording, to the Town Clerk for recording as provided in 24 V.S.A. subsections 1154(a) and (b). The applicant may be charged for the cost of recording fees.
- (B) For development within the Floodplain District, the Zoning Administrator shall also maintain a record of:
- (1) All permits issued for development in areas of special flood hazard;
 - (2) The elevation, in relation to mean sea level, of the lowest floor, including basement, or all new or substantially improved buildings;
 - (3) The elevation, in relation to mean sea level, to which buildings have been floodproofed;
 - (4) All floodproofing certifications required under this regulation; and,
 - (5) All variance actions, including the justification for their issuance. The Zoning Administrator shall notify the applicant in writing that (i) the issuance of a variance to construct a structure below the base flood level will result in increased premium rates for flood insurance up to amounts as high as \$25 for \$100 of insurance coverage and (ii) such construction below the base flood level increases risks to life and property. Such notification shall be maintained with a record of all variance actions.

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0", Tab stops: 0", Left

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

ARTICLE VII DEFINITIONS

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left

Section 7.1 Terms and Usage

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0", Tab stops: 0", Left

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

- (A) Unless otherwise specifically provided, or unless otherwise clearly required by the context, the words and phrases defined in Article VII shall have the meanings indicated below.
- (B) Words, phrases, and terms defined herein or elsewhere in these bylaws shall have their usual and customary meanings except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning.
- (C) The words and terms used, defined, interpreted or further described in Article VII shall be construed as follows:
- (1) The particular controls the general.
 - (2) The present tense includes the future tense.
 - (3) Words used in the singular number include the plural, and words used in the plural number include the singular, unless the context clearly indicates the contrary.
 - (4) The phrase "used for" includes "arranged for," "designed for," "intended for," "maintained for," and "occupied for."
 - (5) The word "shall" is mandatory; the word "may" is discretionary; the term "generally shall" is mandatory unless the Development Review Board or other applicable body deems otherwise in accordance with these regulations.
 - (6) The word "person" includes a firm, association, organization, partnership, trust, company or corporation, as well as an individual.
 - (7) The word "lot" includes "parcel" and "plot."

Doubt as to the precise meaning of any word used in this bylaw shall be clarified by the Development Review Board.

Section 7.2 Definitions

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0", Tab stops: 0", Left

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

ACCESSORY DWELLING UNIT: (ADU): A- dwelling unit located within, ~~detached, or~~ attached, ~~or detached to a single-family~~ the principal residential structure, regardless of how many dwelling units are in the principal structure, that is clearly subordinate to ~~a single-family dwelling~~ the principal structure, and has facilities and provisions for independent living, including sleeping, food

ARTICLE VII: DEFINITIONS

preparation, and sanitation, provided there is compliance with all the following: requirements in Section 3.1.

- ~~The owner occupies either the primary dwelling or accessory dwelling~~
- ~~The property has sufficient wastewater capacity~~
- ~~The unit does not exceed 1050 square feet~~
- ~~Applicable setback, coverage, and parking requirements specified in the bylaws are met. 24 V.S.A. §4412(1)E [Refer to Section 3.1]~~

Formatted: Font: Bold

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

ACCESSORY STRUCTURE: A structure, the use of which is incidental and subordinate to the principal use or structure and is located on the same lot. Examples of accessory structures include patios, permanent swimming pools, porches, garages, tool sheds, workshops, decks and gazebos, bathhouses, and docks. See also Accessory Dwelling Unit, Accessory Use.

ACCESSORY USE: A use that is incidental and subordinate to a principal use located on the same lot. Accessory uses may include home occupations, day care centers or group homes within single-family unit residences. See also Accessory Use, Accessory Dwelling Unit.

ADAPTIVE REUSE: The development of a new use for an older building or for the conversion to another use of a building originally designed for a special or specific purpose. [Refer to Section 3.2]

AGRICULTURE: Land (containing at least two acres) which is used for raising livestock, or agricultural or forest products, including farm structures and the storage of agricultural products raised on the property. The disposal, processing or application of human sludge is not an agricultural use.

ALLOWABLE DENSITY: The maximum number of units (e.g., dwelling units, principal uses) allowed on a particular lot, based upon the minimum lot size for the zoning district within which the lot is located.

AUTOMOBILE SALES AND SERVICE: Land or structures used for either or both the sale of new or used vehicles, and the maintenance, servicing, and repairing of vehicles.

BANK: An institution where money is deposited, kept, lent or exchanged.

BASE FLOOD: The flood having a one percent chance of being equaled or exceeded in any given year.

BASE FLOOD ELEVATION: Base Flood Elevation (BFE) the height of the base flood, usually in feet, in relation to the National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929, the North American Vertical Datum of 1988, or other datum referenced in the Flood Insurance Study report, or average depth of the base

ARTICLE VII: DEFINITIONS

flood, usually in feet, above the ground surface.

BED AND BREAKFAST A single-family unit dwelling in which not more than ten (10) rooms are offered for rent to transient guests on a nightly basis, in addition to the principal occupants who shall reside on premise. Central dining and food preparation facilities may be provided sufficient to serve registered guests; cooking facilities shall not be provided in individual guest rooms.

BRIDGE: A structure, designed to convey vehicles and/or pedestrians, spanning a watercourse, public or private right-of-way or depression.

BUILDING: A structure having a roof, supported by columns or walls, and intended for shelter or enclosure of persons, chattel, animals, equipment, goods, or materials of any kind or nature.

Building height: the vertical distance between the average finished grade at the base of the structure and the highest peak of the roof or highest point on the structure.

BUSINESS OFFICE: [See Professional/Business Office]

CAMP: A private hunting, fishing or other recreational camp, consisting of a building or a tent not suitable for use as a full-time dwelling, but used no more than 60 days during the course of year and no more than 3 weeks consecutively, for temporary shelter in connection with a recreational activity, provided that such camp is located on a separate parcel not less than the lot size of the district and that only chemical incinerator or privy type toilet facilities are used.

CHILD DAY CARE FACILITY A place operated as a business or a service on a regular basis, whose primary function is protection, care and supervision of children outside their homes for periods less than twenty-four (24) hours a day by a person other than a child's own parent or guardian. [Refer to Section 3.4]

COMMUNITY CENTER: A place, structure, area or other facility used for recreational, social, education and cultural activities usually owned and operated by a public or nonprofit group or agency.

CONDITIONAL USE: A use of land which is not permitted as a right under these regulations, but which can be allowed by the Development Review Board, after public notice and a determination of whether the use complies with standards contained in these regulations and upon which the Development Review Board may attach reasonable conditions.

COTTAGE INDUSTRY: A home-based business that meets the specific standards set out in Section

Formatted: Font: Not Bold
Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

ARTICLE VII: DEFINITIONS

3.7 of this bylaw.

DEVELOPMENT: Any man-made change to improved or unimproved real estate, including but not limited to buildings or other structures, mining, dredging, filling, grading, paving, excavation or drilling operations or storage of equipment or materials. Also includes all activities as defined under "LAND DEVELOPMENT". Development shall not include customary property maintenance activities.

DEVELOPMENT ENVELOPE: A specific area of a lot, delineated on a subdivision plat or site development plan, within which structures, parking and loading areas shall be located, and outside of which no structures, parking or loading areas shall be located. A building envelope shall be defined by required minimum setback and height distances, unless otherwise specified in these regulations. This also may be referred to as the "buildable area" of a lot.

DRIVEWAY: A vehicular access, easement or right-of way serving a maximum of two (2) parcels.

DWELLING, MULTIPLE-FAMILY UNIT: A building containing ~~two~~three or more dwelling units, excluding ACCESSORY DWELLINGS UNITS.

DWELLING, TWO-UNIT: A single building containing two dwelling units.

DWELLING UNIT: One or more rooms designed, occupied or intended for occupancy as separate living quarters with cooking, sleeping and sanitary facilities provided within the dwelling unit for the exclusive use of a single household. The term "dwelling unit" shall not include a hotel, motel, boarding house or similar structure. A Single Family home is equal to one single unit dwelling-unit.

WELLING UNIT per ACRE DWELLING UNIT per ACRE: The maximum number of residential dwelling units allowable per acre of land. Accessory dwelling units under 24 V.S.A. 4412(1)(E) shall not be factored in determining the maximum of units allowable. When calculating round down to the closest whole number. Example: in the Rural Residential Zoning District the maximum dwelling unit per acre = 2, and the minimum lot size = 1 acre, if a property is 3.15 acres, then 3.15 acres x 2 du/a = 6.3 units, rounding down there can be up to 6 dwelling units on the property. However as only one principal structure can be located on one lot, except in the Village District (as per Section 4.7), all allowable dwelling units must be located within one structure and would therefore be considered a two-unit dwelling or a multi-unit dwelling. Multiple, standalone dwelling units may be allowable if proposed as a PUD.

Electric Vehicle Charging Station: The public or private parking space(s) served by EVSE (Electric Vehicle Supply Equipment), including all signs, information, pavement surfaces, surface markings, fee collection systems, and protective equipment, in which a vehicle is recharged.

Formatted: Underline

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0", First line: 0.38", Widow/Orphan control, Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

ARTICLE VII: DEFINITIONS

ENCLOSED STORAGE: A building, the whole or major parts of which may be rented out to persons wishing to store belongings for a period of time.

EXISTING MANUFACTURED HOME PARK OR SUBDIVISION: For the purpose of floodplain management, means a manufactured home park or subdivision for which the construction of facilities for servicing the lots on which the manufactured homes are to be affixed (including, at a minimum, the installation of utilities, the construction of streets, and either final site grading or the pouring of concrete pads) is completed before the effective date of the floodplain management regulations adopted by a community.

EXPANSION TO AN EXISTING MANUFACTURED HOME PARK OR

SUBDIVISION: The preparation of additional sites by the construction of facilities for servicing the lots on which the manufacturing homes are to be affixed (including the installation of utilities, the construction of streets, and either final site grading or the pouring of concrete pads).

FIA: Federal Insurance Administration

~~**FAMILY:** One or more persons living, sleeping, cooking and eating on the same premises as a single housekeeping unit.~~

FAMILY DAY CARE HOME OR FACILITY: A facility that provides for care on a regular basis in the caregiver's own residence for not more than ten children at any one time. Of this number, up to six children may be provided care on a full-time basis and the remainder on a part-time basis. For the purpose of this regulation, care of a child on a part-time basis shall mean care of a school-age child for not more than four hours a day. These limits shall not include children who reside in the residence of the caregiver; except:

- (a) these part-time school-age children may be cared for on a full-day basis during school closing days, snow days and vacation days which occur during the school year; and,
- (b) during the school summer vacation, up to 12 children may be cared for provided that at least six of these children are school age and a second staff person is present and on duty when the number of children in attendance exceeds six. These limits shall not include children who are required by law to attend school (age 7 and older) and who reside in the residence of the caregiver. 33 V.S.A. § 4902(3)

FLOOD HAZARD AREA: Land subject to one percent or greater chance of flooding in any given year. The area is designated as Zone A on the Flood Hazard Boundary Map. For purposes of these regulations, the term "flood hazard area" is synonymous in meaning with the phrase "area of special flood hazard" and "special flood hazard area".

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

ARTICLE VII: DEFINITIONS

FLOOD HAZARD BOUNDARY MAP (FHBM): An official map of a community, issued by the Federal Insurance Administrator, where the boundaries of the flood, mudslide (i.e., mudflow) and related erosion areas having special hazards have been designated as zones A, M and/or E.

FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP (FIRM): An official map of a community issued by the Federal Insurance Administrator on which both special hazard areas and risk premium zones applicable to the community have been delineated.

FLOOD INSURANCE STUDY: An examination, evaluation and determination of flood hazards and, if appropriate, corresponding water surface elevations or an examination, evaluation and determination of mudslide (i.e., mudflow) and /or flood related erosion hazards.

FLOODPROOFING: Any combination of structural and non-structural additions, changes, or adjustments to structures which reduce or eliminate flood damage to real estate or to improved real property, water and sanitary facilities, structures and their contents.

FLOODWAY: The channel of a river or other watercourse and the adjacent land areas that must be reserved in order to discharge the base flood without cumulatively increasing the water surface elevation more than one foot.

FORESTRY: The developing, caring for or cultivating of forests, or the management and harvesting of timber.

GASOLINE STATION: Any premise where gasoline, petroleum and other fuel products are sold and/or vehicular maintenance activities are conducted. Specific standards are set out in Section 3.6

HEALTH CLINIC: A facility or institution, whether private or public, principally engaged in providing services for health maintenance and for the diagnosis and treatment of human ailments.

HEAVY INDUSTRY: A use engaged in the basic processing and manufacturing of materials or products predominantly from extracted or raw materials, or a use engaged in storage of or manufacturing processes using flammable or explosive materials, or storage or manufacturing processes that potentially involve hazardous or commonly recognized offensive conditions.

HISTORIC STRUCTURE: For the purpose of floodplain management, means any structure that is: (a) Listed individually in the National Register of Historic Places (a listing maintained by the Department of the Interior) or preliminarily determined by the Secretary of the Interior as meeting the requirements for individual listing on the National Register; (b) Certified or preliminarily

ARTICLE VII: DEFINITIONS

determined by the Secretary of the Interior as contributing to the historical significance of a registered historic district or a district preliminarily determined by the Secretary to qualify as a registered historic district; (c) Individually listed on a state inventory of historic places in states with historic preservation programs which have been approved by the Secretary of the Interior; or (d) Individually listed on a local inventory of historic places in communities with historic preservation programs that have been certified either: (i) By an approved state program as determined by the Secretary of the Interior or (ii) Directly by the Secretary of the Interior in states without approved programs.

HOME OCCUPATION: An occupation, carried on within a principal or accessory residential structure, which is clearly incidental and secondary to the use of the premises for dwelling purposes, and which does not have an undue adverse effect upon the character of the residential area in which the premises is located and meets the specific standards set out in Section 3.7.

HOTEL/MOTEL: A building containing bedrooms and other facilities for occupancy and use by transients on a short term basis of less than one month average, and having a management entity operating the building(s) and providing such services as maid service, a central switchboard, or dining facilities to occupants of the lodging facility.

INTERESTED PERSON: In accordance with the Act [§4465(b)], the definition of an interested person shall include the following:

1. The applicant;
2. The municipality of Moretown or an adjoining municipality;
3. A person owning or occupying property in the immediate neighborhood of a property which is the subject of a decision or act taken under these regulations, who alleges that the decision or act, if confirmed, will not be in accord with the policies, purposes or terms of the plan or regulations of the Town;
4. Any 10 persons owning real property within the Town who, by signed petition to the Development Review Board, allege that any relief requested by a person under this section, if granted, will not be in compliance with the plan or bylaw of the Town;
5. Any department or administrative subdivision of the State owning property or any interest therein within the Town or adjoining municipality, and the Vermont Agency of Commerce and Community Development.

LAND DEVELOPMENT: The division of a parcel of land into two (2) or more parcels; construction, reconstruction, structural alteration, conversion, relocation or enlargement of any building or other structure, or of any mining, excavation or landfill, and any change in the use of any building or other structure, or land, or extension of use of land. Also includes all activities as defined under "DEVELOPMENT". Land Development shall not include customary property maintenance activities.

ARTICLE VII: DEFINITIONS

LIGHT INDUSTRY: A use providing for the manufacturing predominately from previously prepared materials of finished products or parts, including processing, fabrication, assembly, treatment, packaging, incidental storage, sales and distribution of such products or components, but excludes basic industrial processing; and meets the specific standards in Section 3.8. Light industry is capable of operation in such a manner as to control the external effects of the manufacturing process, such as smoke, noise, soot, dirt, vibration, odor, etc.

LOT: Land used or occupied or to be used or occupied by a building and its accessory buildings, having not less than a minimum area and dimensions required for a lot in the district in which such land is situated.

LOT COVERAGE: The percentage of lot area which is covered by buildings, structures, and other impervious surfaces, including driveways and parking areas.

LOWEST FLOOR: For the purpose of floodplain management, means the lowest floor of the lowest enclosed area, including basement. An unfinished or flood resistant enclosure, usable solely for parking of vehicles, building access or storage in an area other than a basement area is not considered a building's lowest floor; ~~Provided~~provided, that such enclosure is not built so as to render the structure in violation of the applicable non-elevation design requirements.

~~MANUFACTURED HOME:~~ See Mobile Home

MIXED-USE BUILDING: A single structure containing more than one type of land use (i.e., residential and commercial), planned as a unified complementary whole, and functionally integrated to use shared access, parking areas, etc.

MOBILE HOME: A structure or type of manufactured home that is built on a permanent chassis and is designed to be used as a dwelling with or without a permanent foundation, includes plumbing, heating, cooling, and electrical systems, and is:

- Transportable in one or more sections; and
- At least eight feet wide or 40 feet long or when erected has at least 320 square feet or if the structure was constructed prior to June 15, 1976, at least eight feet wide or 32 feet long; or
- Any structure that meets all the requirements of these regulations except for size and for which the manufacturer voluntarily files a certification required by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development and complies with the standards established under Title 42 of the U.S. Code 10 V.S.A. § 6201(1).

For floodplain management purposes, the term "mobile or manufactured home" also includes park trailers, travel trailers, and other similar vehicles placed on a site for greater than 180 consecutive

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Indent: First line: 0", Tab stops: 0", Left + 0.94", Left + Not at 0.38" + 1.38" + 1.38"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

ARTICLE VII: DEFINITIONS

days. For insurance purposes, the term "mobile or manufactured home" does not include park trailers, travel trailers, and other similar vehicles.

MOBILE HOME PARK: Any parcel of land under single or common ownership or control which contains, or is designed, laid out or adapted to accommodate, two or more mobile homes. Nothing herein shall be construed to apply to premises used solely for storage or display of mobile homes. Mobile home park does not mean any parcel of land under the ownership of agricultural employer who may provide up to four mobile homes used by full-time workers or employees of the agricultural employer as a benefit or condition of employment or any parcel of land used solely on a seasonal basis for vacation or recreational mobile homes. 10 V.S.A. § 6201(2).

MODULAR (or Prefabricated) HOUSING: A dwelling unit constructed on-site and composed of components substantially assembled in a manufacturing plant and transported to the building site for final assembly on a permanent foundation.

MOTOR VEHICLE: Includes all motor vehicles capable of being registered for legal operation of Vermont highways. Specifically excluded from this definition are all terrain vehicles (ATVs), boats and associated trailers, snow-machines and construction and excavation equipment.

MUNICIPAL LAND USE PERMIT: Includes any zoning, subdivision, site plan or building permit or approval, any of which relate to land development as defined in statute, which has received final approval from the applicable board, commission or officer of the municipality [24 V.S.A. §4303(11)].

MULTI-FAMILY DWELLING: ~~includes~~ See Dwelling, Multi-Unit

NONCONFORMING LOTS OR PARCELS: Lots or parcels that do not conform to the present bylaws covering dimensional requirements but were in conformance with all applicable laws, ordinances, and regulations prior to the enactment of the present bylaws, including a lot or parcel improperly authorized as a result of error by the ~~administrative officer~~ Zoning Administrator.

NEW CONSTRUCTION: Means, for the purposes of determining flood insurance rates, structures for which the "start of construction" commenced on or after the effective date of an initial FIRM or after December 31, 1974, whichever is later, and includes any subsequent improvements to such structures. For floodplain management purposes, new construction means structures for which the start of construction commenced on or after the effective date of the floodplain management regulation adopted by a community and includes any subsequent improvements to such structures.

NEW MANUFACTURED HOME PARK OR SUBDIVISION: For the purpose of floodplain management,

ARTICLE VII: DEFINITIONS

means a manufactured home park or subdivision for which the construction of facilities for servicing the lots on which the manufactured homes are to be affixed (including at a minimum, the installation of utilities, the construction of streets, and either final site grading or the pouring of concrete pads) is completed on or after the effective date of the floodplain management regulations adopted by a community.

NONCONFORMING STRUCTURE: A structure or part thereof not in conformance with the present zoning regulations covering building bulk, dimensions, height, area, yards, density of off-street parking or loading requirements, where such structure conformed to all applicable laws, ordinances and regulations prior to the enactment of such zoning regulations, including a structure improperly authorized as a result of error by the ~~administrative officer~~ Zoning Administrator. [See Section 4.8]

NONCONFORMING USE: A use of land or a structure which does not comply with present zoning regulations where such use conformed to all applicable laws, ordinances and regulations prior to the enactment of such regulations, including a use improperly authorized as a result of error by the ~~administrative officer~~ Zoning Administrator [See Section 4.8]

NURSING HOME/EXTENDED CARE FACILITY: An extended or intermediate care facility licensed or approved to provide a full-time convalescent or chronic care to individuals who, by reason of advanced age, chronic illness or infirmity, are unable to care for themselves.

PARKING SPACE: Off-street space used for the temporary location of one licensed motor vehicle, which is at least nine feet wide and twenty-feet long, not including access driveway, and having direct access to a street or alley. [See Section 4.10]

PLACE OF WORSHIP: A church, synagogue, temple, mosque or other facility used for conducting formal religious ceremonies or services on a regular basis.

PLANNED RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT (PRD): An area of land to be developed as a single entity for a number dwelling units; the plan for which does not correspond in lot size, bulk, or type of dwelling, density, lot coverage, and required open space under these regulations except as a planned unit development (see also **PLANNED UNIT DEVELOPMENT**).

PLANNED UNIT DEVELOPMENT (PUD): One or more lots, tracts, or parcels of land to be developed as a single entity, the plan for which may propose any authorized combination of density or intensity transfers or increases, as well as the mixing of land uses. This plan, as authorized, may deviate from bylaw requirements that are otherwise applicable to the area in which it is located with respect to lot size, bulk, or type of dwelling or building use, density, intensity, lot coverage,

ARTICLE VII: DEFINITIONS

parking, required common open space, or other standards.

PRIVATE CLUB: Buildings or facilities owned or operated by a corporation, association, or persons for a social, educational, or recreational purpose; but not primarily for profit or to render a service that is customarily carried on as a business.

PROFESSIONAL/BUSINESS OFFICE: A room or group of rooms wherein services are performed involving predominately administrative, clerical or professional operations.

PUBLIC ASSEMBLY FACILITY: A facility owned, operated, and/or maintained by a municipal, state, federal or community non-profit agency or service organization for use or access by the general public, including but not limited to office, meeting, assembly, cultural, and social facilities. A post office operated by the U.S. Postal Service is included in this definition. Educational and recreation facilities, defined elsewhere, are specifically excluded from this definition.

PUBLIC FACILITY/SERVICE: Services and associated facilities maintained by municipal, state or federal government, community non-profit agencies or regulated utilities which serve but are typically not open to the general public, including but not limited to ambulance and fire stations, garages and equipment sheds, water and wastewater facilities, solid waste management facilities, and other institutional facilities where public access is prohibited, limited or controlled. Community facilities, electric utilities and telecommunications facilities, defined elsewhere, are specifically excluded from this definition.

RECREATION FACILITY, INDOOR: Includes indoor bowling alley, theater, table tennis and pool hall, skating rink, gymnasium, swimming pool, hobby workshop, and similar places of indoor commercial recreation.

RECREATION FACILITY, OUTDOOR: Any facility for outdoor recreation, including but not limited to tennis courts, golf courses, athletic fields, shooting and archery ranges, swimming pools or beaches, and trails for hiking, horseback riding, bicycling, snowmobiling and cross-country skiing, with the exception of facilities that are accessory to a residential dwelling. Such facilities may be improved or unimproved.

RECREATIONAL VEHICLE: A vehicle which is: (a) Built on a single chassis; (b) 400 square feet or less when measured at the largest horizontal projection; (c) Designed to be self-propelled or permanently towable by a light duty truck; and (d) Designed primarily not for use as a permanent dwelling but as a temporary living quarters for recreational, camping, travel, or seasonal use.

ARTICLE VII: DEFINITIONS

RESTAURANT: A structure for public eating in which the primary business is the preparation and serving of food for consumption on the premises.

RETAIL STORE: Establishment where goods or merchandise are offered for retail sale or short term rental to the general public for personal, business or household consumption and services incidental to the sale of such goods are provided. Retail Store shall exclude any drive-up service, free-standing retail stand, gasoline service and motor vehicle repair service, new and used car sales and service, trailer and mobile home sales and service.

ROAD: Any road, highway, avenue, street, land or other way between right-of-way lines, commonly used for vehicular traffic and serving three or more lots.

ROAD FRONTAGE: Lot lines which abut a public road.

SENIOR CITIZEN HOUSING: Housing designed for, and occupied by, at least one person fifty-five years of age or older per unit, and which has significant facilities and services specifically designed to meet the physical or social needs of older persons.

SETBACK: a perpendicular line from a road, lot line, boundary or other designated feature, to the nearest part of a structure being examined. All distances are measured as a horizontal line. The setback shall be measured from the edge of the public right-of-way, private road, or driveway easement. Setbacks from lakes and ponds are measured from the mean high water mark for the water-body in question. The front yard setback is measured from the edge of the public right-of-way, private road, or driveway easement to the point on building or structure closest to the street. Side and rear yards are measured from the lot line to the point of the building or structure closest to the lot line.

SIGNIFICANT WILDLIFE HABITAT: Those natural features that contribute to the survival and/or reproduction of the native wildlife of Moretown. This shall include, but is not limited to, (1) deer wintering areas (i.e. deeryards); (2) habitat for rare, threatened and endangered species (state or federally listed); (3) concentrated black bear feeding habitat (mast stands); (4) riparian areas and surface waters; (5) wetlands and vernal pools; (6) wildlife travel corridors; (7) high elevation bird habitat (8) ledge, talus and cliff habitat; and (9) habitat identified by the Vermont Department of Fish and Wildlife as either significant wildlife habitat or necessary wildlife habitat in accordance with 10 V.S.A. § 6086(a)(8)(A).

SIGNS: A structure, or device used for visual communication, which is used for the purpose of bringing the subject thereof to the attention of the public or to display, identify and publicize the name, product, or service of any person.

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Justified, Indent: Left: 0.38", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

ARTICLE VII: DEFINITIONS

SINGLE- FAMILY DWELLING: See DWELLING UNIT, SINGLE DWELLING UNIT.

SLOPE: The topographical gradient of any area of land, whether or not located on a single lot, as determined by the ratio of the vertical distance (rise) to horizontal distance (run) which, for purposes of these regulations, is expressed as a percentage. A **steep slope** is a slope with a topographical gradient equal to or greater than fifteen percent (15%) but less than twenty-five percent (25%). A **very steep slope** is a slope with a topographical gradient equal to or greater than twenty-five percent (25%).

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREA: The land in the floodplain within a community subject to a 1 percent or greater chance of flooding in any given year. The area may be designated a Zone A on the Flood Hazard Boundary Map (FHBM). After detailed ratemaking has been completed in preparation for publication of the Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM), Zone A usually is refined into Zones A, AO, AH, A1-30, AE, A99, AR, AR/AI-30, AR/AE, AR/AO, AR/AH, AR/A, VO or V1-30, VE, or V. For purposes of these regulations, the term "special flood hazard area" is synonymous in meaning with the phrase "area of special flood hazard" and "flood hazard area"

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

STABLE: A structure in which livestock is kept for private use, remuneration, hire, or sale.

START OF CONSTRUCTION: For the purpose of floodplain management, includes substantial improvement, and means the date the building permit was issued, provided the actual start of construction, repair, reconstruction, rehabilitation, addition placement, or other improvement was within 180 days of the permit date. The actual start means either the first placement of permanent construction of a structure on a site, such as the pouring of slab or footings, the installation of piles, the construction of columns, or any work beyond the stage of excavation; or the placement of a manufactured home on a foundation. Permanent construction does not include land preparation, such as clearing, grading and filling; nor does it include the installation of streets and/or walkways; nor does it include excavation for a basement, footing, piers, or foundations or the erection of temporary forms; nor does it include the installation on the property of accessory buildings, such as garages or sheds not occupied as dwelling units or not part of the main structure. For a substantial improvement, the actual start of construction means the first alteration of any wall, ceiling, floor, or other structural part of a building, regardless whether that alteration affects the external dimensions of the building.

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

STREAM: All surface waters as depicted on 1:24,000 (7.5 minute) U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) maps covering the Town of Moretown. The following USGS 7.5 minute quadrangles cover Moretown: Middlesex, Waterbury, Waitsfield, and Northfield. These quadrangles are available at

ARTICLE VII: DEFINITIONS

the Town Clerk's Office.

STRUCTURE: An assembly of materials for occupancy or use including, but not limited to, a building, mobile home or trailer, or swimming pool. Walls and fences are exempt (See BUILDING). Structure means, for floodplain management purposes, a walled and roofed building, including a gas or liquid storage tank, that is principally above ground, as well as a manufactured home. Structure, for insurance purposes, means: (a) A building with two or more outside rigid walls and a fully secured roof, that is affixed to a permanent site; (b) A manufactured home ("a manufactured home," also known as a mobile home, is a structure: built on a permanent chassis, transported to its site in one or more sections, and affixed to a permanent foundation); or (c) A travel trailer without wheels, built on a chassis and affixed to a permanent foundation, that is regulated under the community's floodplain management and building ordinances or laws. For the latter purpose, "structure" does not mean a recreational vehicle or a park trailer or other similar vehicle, except as described in (c) of this definition, or a gas or liquid storage tank.

SUBDIVISION: Division of any parcel of land for the purposes of conveyance, transfer of ownership, lease, improvement, building, development or sale, whereby two (2) or more lots, blocks or parcels are created. The term "subdivision" includes ~~resubdivision~~ re-subdivision.

SUBSTANTIAL DAMAGE: Damage of any origin sustained by a structure whereby the cost of restoring the structure to ~~its~~ its before damaged conditions would equal or exceed 50 percent of the market value of the structure before the damage occurred.

SUBSTANTIAL IMPROVEMENT: Any repair, reconstruction or improvement of a structure the cost of which equals or exceeds 50 percent of the market value of the structure either: a) before the improvement or repair is started; or b) if the structure has been damaged, and is being restored, before the damage occurred. The term does not, however, include either (1) any project for improvement of a structure to comply with existing State or local health, sanitary or safety code specifications which are solely necessary to assure safe living conditions or (2) any alteration of a structure listed on the National Register of Historic Places or a State Inventory of Historic Sites.

TELECOMMUNICATIONS FACILITY: A facility which is primarily for commercial, industrial or public - communication or broadcasting purposes, to include towers or other supporting structures which extend vertically twenty (20) feet or more, equipment, buildings and parking areas, and other ancillary development (see Section 3.15).

TEMPORARY STRUCTURE: A structure designed for limited use with no foundation or footings, which is easily relocated and which is removed when the designated time period, activity, or use for which the temporary structure was erected has ceased.

ARTICLE VII: DEFINITIONS

TWO-UNIT DWELLING: See DWELLING, TWO-UNIT

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.38", Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

UNDUE ADVERSE EFFECT: A condition that creates, imposes, aggravates, or leads to inadequate, impractical, unsafe, or unhealthy conditions on a site proposed for development or on off-tract property or facilities. Adverse effects can relate to circulation, drainage, erosion, potable water, sewage collection and treatment, as well as lighting and glare, aesthetics, quality of life, and impact on the environment. (See Section 5.2 (F) for determining *undue adverse effect*).

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

VIOLATION OF FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT REGULATIONS: Means the failure of a structure or other development to be fully compliant with the community's floodplain management regulations. A structure or other development without the elevation certificate, other certifications, or other evidence of compliance required in 44 CFR 60.3 is presumed to be in violation until such time as that documentation is provided.

WETLANDS: Those areas of the state that are inundated by surface or groundwater with a frequency sufficient to support vegetation or aquatic life that depend on saturated or seasonally saturated soil conditions for growth and reproduction. Such areas include, but are not limited to, marshes, swamps, sloughs, potholes, fens, river and lake overflows, mud flats, bogs and ponds, but excluding such areas as grow food or crops in connection with farming activities. Class I and II wetlands are those wetlands that have been identified by the Vermont Agency of Natural Resources as significant. Information regarding whether a wetland has been identified as a Class I or II wetland is available from the Agency's Department of Environmental Conservation.

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left + Not at 0.38"

WILDLIFE REFUGE: An area set aside for the conservation of plants, animals and their habitat. These are noncommercial areas usually without any structures on them. A single parking area and walking trails are characteristic of a wildlife refuge.

YARD: Space on a lot not occupied with a building or structure. Porches, whether enclosed or unenclosed, shall be considered as part of the main building and shall not project into a required yard. ~~The front yard is measured from the street centerline to the point on building closest to the street. Side and rear yards are measured from the lot line to the point of the building closest to the lot line.~~

ZONING PERMIT: The permit issued by the Zoning Administrator, which authorizes development when such development has been determined to be in accord with these regulations and the applicable fee paid (see Section 6.2).

ARTICLE VII: DEFINITIONS

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left

APPENDICES

Formatted: Tab stops: 0", Left

~~Appendix A: Zoning District Descriptions~~
~~Appendix B: Zoning Map~~

Formatted: Font: Garamond

Formatted: Font: Garamond, Not Expanded by /
Condensed by

Formatted: Font: Garamond

Appendix A: Zoning District Descriptions

~~The location and boundaries of zoning districts are established as shown on the official "Town of Moretown Zoning Map", and the associated overlays, which is made part of these regulations. The official zoning map and overlays shall be located in the Town Clerk's office and shall be the final authority as to the current zoning status of land and waters in the town.~~

Where uncertainty exists as to the location of district boundaries shown on the official zoning map and overlay, the guidelines included in Section 2.2 of the regulations shall apply. To assist with the application of those guidelines, the following general district descriptions may be used.

~~VILLAGE DISTRICT~~ includes those areas:

- ~~(1) A strip of land running southerly from the cement bridge (#3) by the Fire Station, measured from Route 100B to the Mad River on the west and 200 feet to the east of Route 100B, to the intersection of Route 100B and the Austin/Pony Farm Road (Town Highway #3); and, a strip 250 feet wide, on both sides of Route 100B, southerly from the intersection of Town Road #3 and Route 100B to the Mad River.~~
- ~~(2) North of the cement bridge (#3) by the Fire Station, to the former Iron Bridge (#4) over the Mad River, extending 500 feet to the east of Route 100B, and to the Mad River on the west of Route 100B;~~
- ~~(3) A strip of land measured 250' west from the Mad River, including those parcels west of the Mad River fronting upon Town Road #39, northerly to the Trudy-Murphy Road.~~

~~COMMERCIAL DISTRICT~~ starts at the lower (northerly) end of Lovers' Lane where VELCO lines cross the Winooski River and road, extending northerly along Route 2 to the Moretown/Duxbury Town line, including all land between Route 2 and the Winooski River; and from Lovers' Lane to the Moretown/Duxbury Town line on the south side of Route 2, the line follows the VELCO transmission line to the Moretown/Duxbury Town line.

~~AGRICULTURAL RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT~~ is generally measured as a setback from Town Roads, as scaled from the Official Zoning Map, unless the boundary coincides with the Mad River or other physical feature.

Formatted: Heading 2, Indent: Left: 0", First line: 0", Right: 0", Line spacing: single, Tab stops: Not at 0.38"

Formatted: Font: Arial, 14 pt, (Intl) Garamond, Character scale: 100%

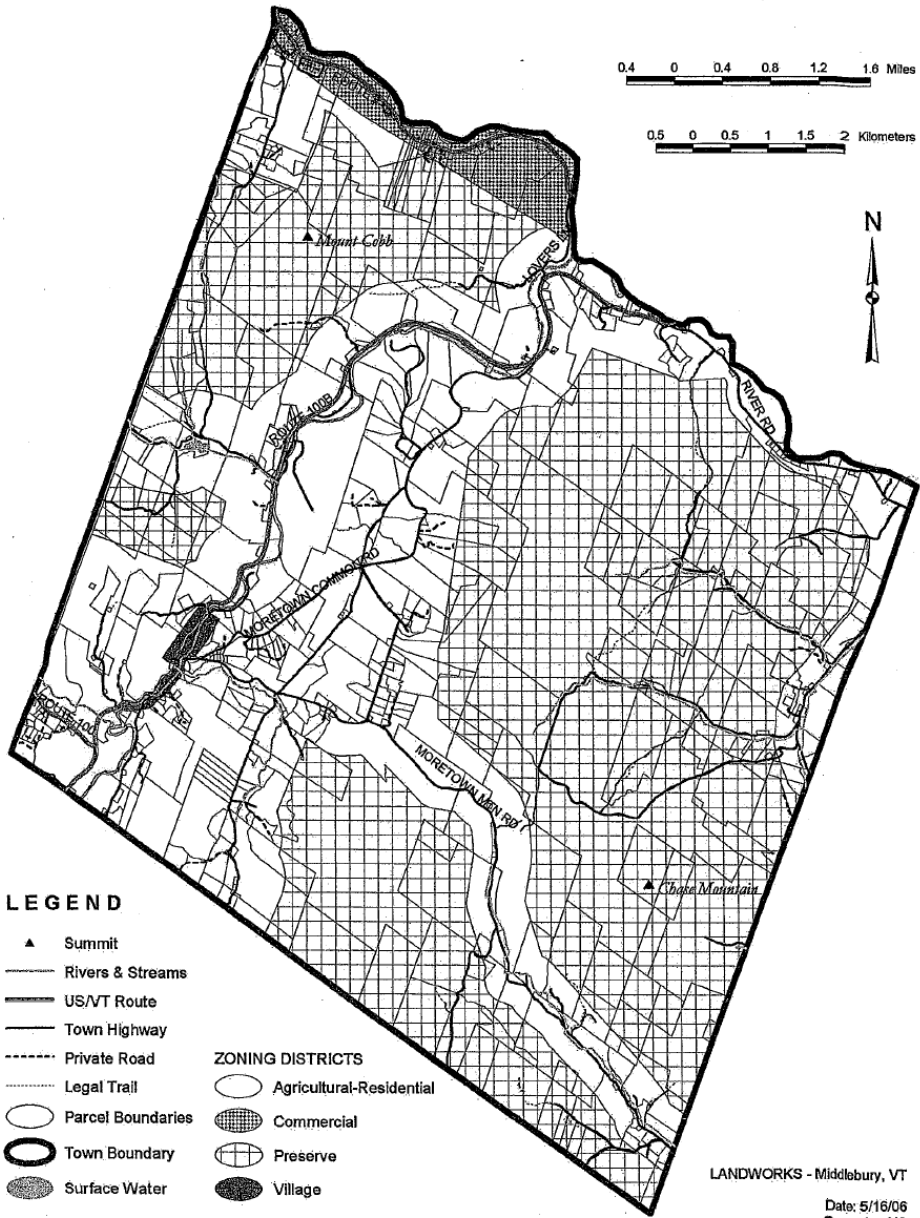
Formatted: Font: Arial, 14 pt, (Intl) Garamond

Formatted: Font: Garamond

Formatted: Normal, Right: 0", Line spacing: single, Tab stops: Not at 0.38"

~~PRESERVE DISTRICT~~ includes all lands not otherwise zoned as Village, Commercial, or Agricultural-Residential

Appendix B. Moretown Zoning Map [The on-line map can be viewed at](#)



Roads - 1:5,000 VGIS/E911 Roads 2006
Surface Waters - 1:5,000 VGIS
Town Boundary - 1:5,000 Parcel Data

Data is only as accurate as the original source. This map is for planning purposes only.
LandWorks does not guarantee the accuracy of this data.

<https://www.axisgis.com/moretownvt/>. Select the "zoning map" layer to see zones. The printed map appears on the next page.

Formatted: Body Text, Left